wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 1, 2016 – 12:47 AM GMT

PDB ID	:	2BGC
Title	:	PRFA-G145S, A CONSTITUTIVE ACTIVE MUTANT OF THE TRAN-SCRIPTIONAL REGULATOR IN L.MONOCYTOGENES
Authors	:	Eiting, M.; Hagelueken, G.; Schubert, W.-D.; Heinz, D.W.
Deposited on	:	2004-12-20
Resolution	:	2.30 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20026688
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	trunk26865

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.
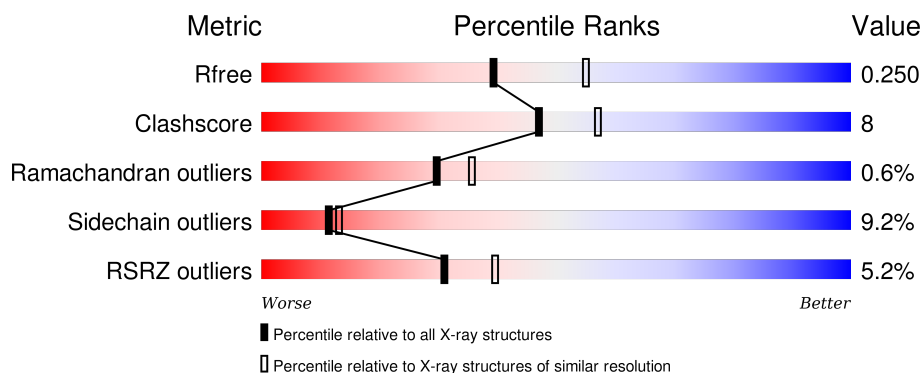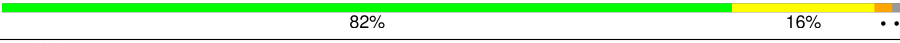

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3852 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3857 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	238	8% / 79% / 16% / 5% ·
1	B	238	82% / 16% ·
1	D	238	12% / 70% / 21% · 5%
1	E	238	2% / 84% / 13% ·
1	F	238	8% / 76% / 20% · ·

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	G	238	82% ... 16% ..
1	H	238	10% ... 63% ... 26% . 6%
1	I	238	% ... 82% ... 14% ..

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	DTU	A	1238	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15644 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PRFA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	235	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1916	1251	299	358	8			
1	B	237	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1932	1260	302	362	8			
1	D	227	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1859	1216	289	346	8			
1	E	237	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1930	1258	302	362	8			
1	F	236	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1924	1255	301	360	8			
1	G	235	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1916	1251	299	358	8			
1	H	224	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1838	1204	285	341	8			
1	I	236	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1924	1255	301	360	8			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
B	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
D	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
E	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
F	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
G	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
H	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262
I	145	SER	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P22262

- Molecule 2 is (2R,3S)-1,4-DIMERCAPTOBUTANE-2,3-DIOL (three-letter code: DTU) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2$).
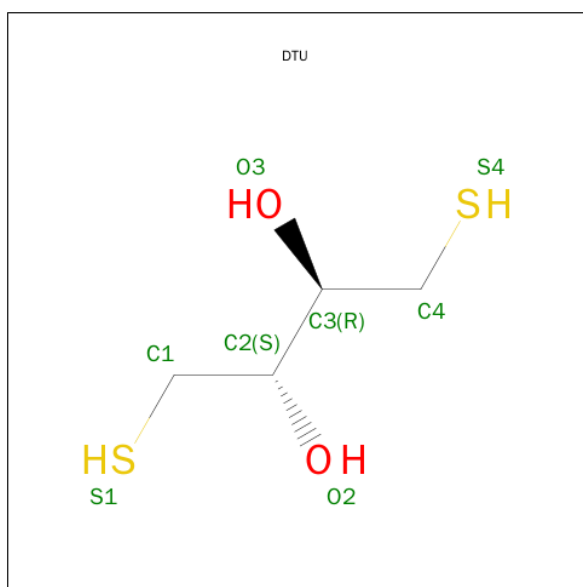
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O	S		
2	A	1	8	4	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 2,3-DIHYDROXY-1,4-DITHIOBUTANE (three-letter code: DTT) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2$).
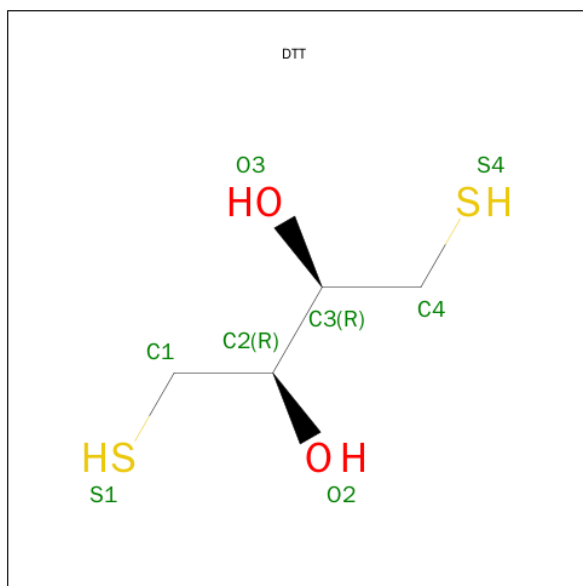
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O	S		
3	F	1	8	4	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	35	Total 35	O 35	0	0
4	B	69	Total 69	O 69	0	0
4	D	31	Total 31	O 31	0	0
4	E	64	Total 64	O 64	0	0
4	F	32	Total 32	O 32	0	0
4	G	77	Total 77	O 77	0	0
4	H	30	Total 30	O 30	0	0
4	I	51	Total 51	O 51	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: PRFA
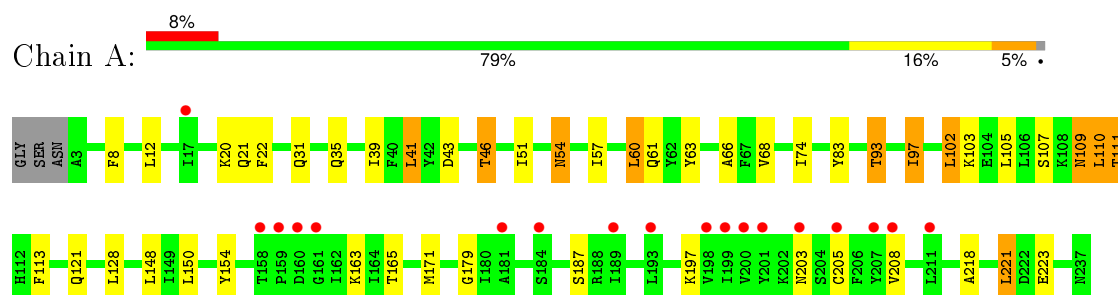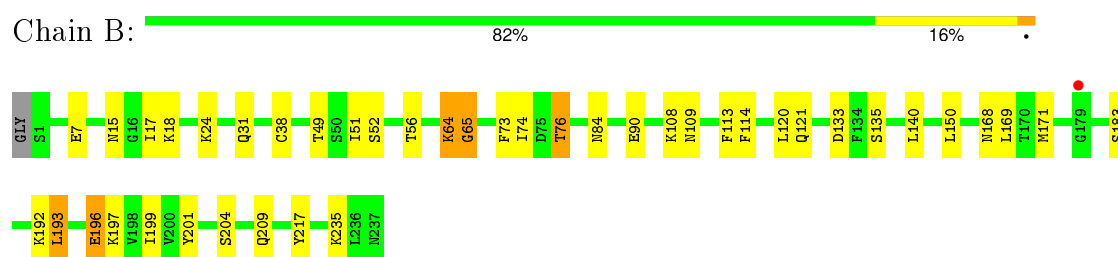
Chain A:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain B:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain D:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain E:

- Molecule 1: PRFA
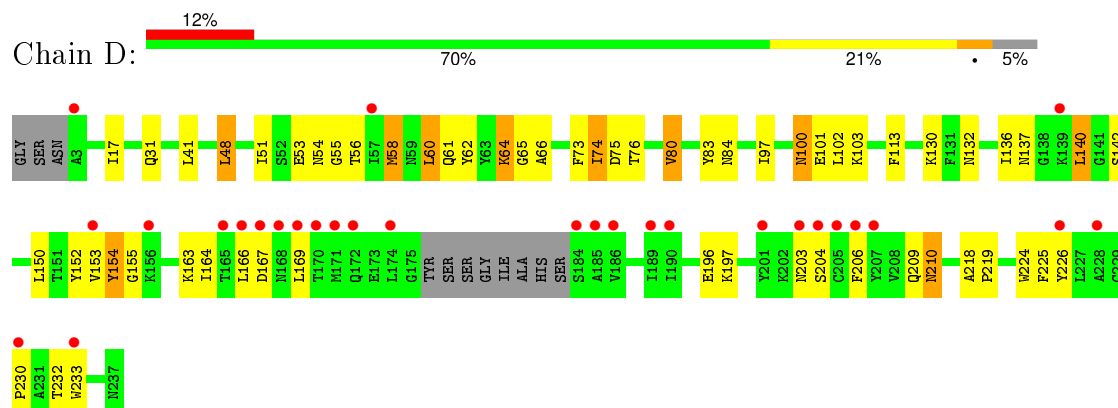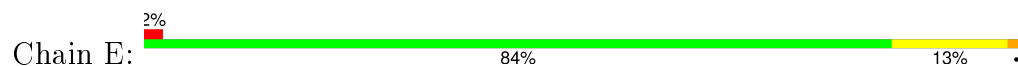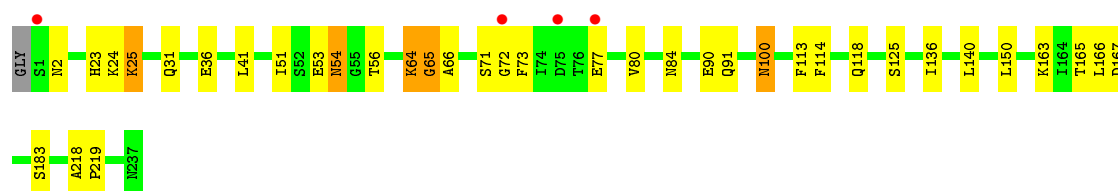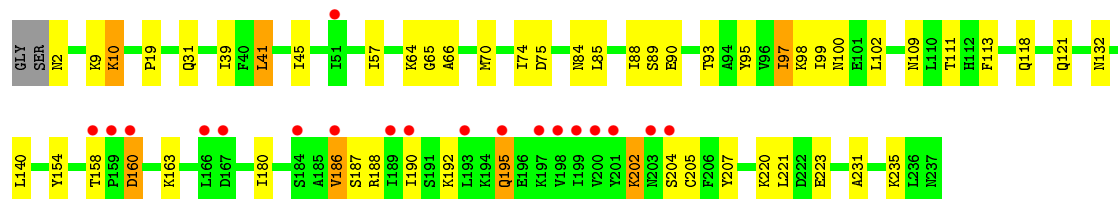
Chain F:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain G:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain H:

- Molecule 1: PRFA

Chain I:
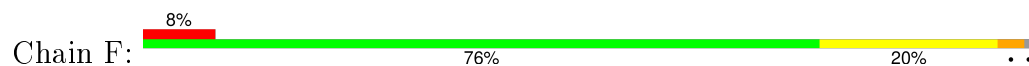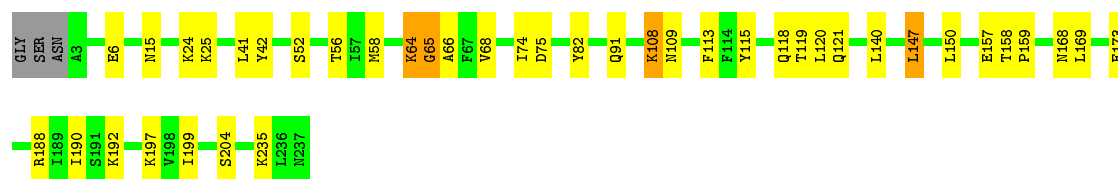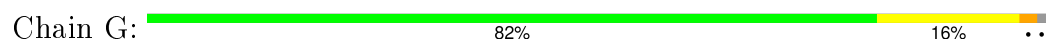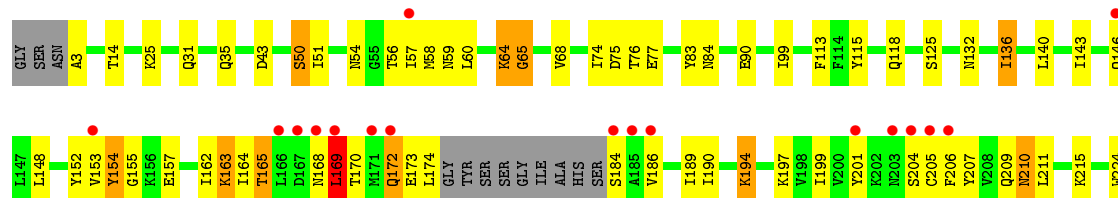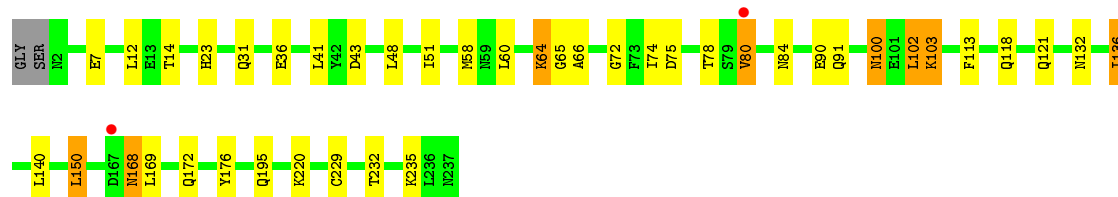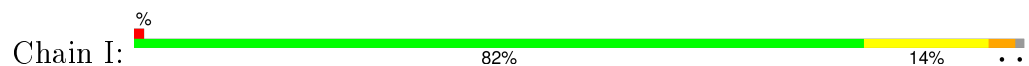
4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	117.25Å 100.24Å 189.56Å 90.00° 90.33° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	182.57 – 2.30 37.32 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.6 (182.57-2.30) 93.9 (37.32-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.19 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.268 0.211 , 0.250	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4648 reflections (5.26%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	40.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.587	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.467 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 93121 reflections	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	15644	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

---

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PR3, DTU, DTT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.82	0/1951	0.79	2/2632 (0.1%)
1	B	1.01	2/1965 (0.1%)	0.85	2/2651 (0.1%)
1	D	0.86	0/1891	0.81	1/2549 (0.0%)
1	E	1.02	2/1965 (0.1%)	0.85	1/2651 (0.0%)
1	F	0.82	1/1959 (0.1%)	0.74	0/2643
1	G	0.98	2/1951 (0.1%)	0.84	2/2632 (0.1%)
1	H	0.90	0/1870	0.80	1/2522 (0.0%)
1	I	1.01	1/1959 (0.1%)	0.87	4/2643 (0.2%)
All	All	0.93	8/15511 (0.1%)	0.82	13/20923 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1
1	D	0	1
1	E	0	1
1	F	0	1
1	G	0	1
1	H	0	2
1	I	0	1
All	All	0	8

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	F	223	GLU	CG-CD	6.41	1.61	1.51
1	E	65	GLY	N-CA	6.39	1.55	1.46
1	B	196	GLU	CB-CG	-6.03	1.40	1.52

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	38	CYS	CB-SG	-5.66	1.72	1.81
1	I	65	GLY	N-CA	5.52	1.54	1.46

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	E	65	GLY	N-CA-C	-8.99	90.62	113.10
1	I	65	GLY	N-CA-C	-8.16	92.69	113.10
1	G	65	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.78	96.14	113.10
1	B	65	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.65	96.47	113.10
1	H	65	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.58	96.66	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	64	LYS	Peptide
1	D	64	LYS	Peptide
1	E	64	LYS	Peptide
1	F	64	LYS	Peptide
1	G	64	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1916	0	1914	29	0
1	B	1932	0	1935	23	0
1	D	1859	0	1864	40	0
1	E	1930	0	1928	23	0
1	F	1924	0	1920	36	0
1	G	1916	0	1914	17	0
1	H	1838	0	1843	59	0
1	I	1924	0	1920	33	0
2	A	8	0	10	0	0
3	F	8	0	10	1	0
4	A	35	0	0	1	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	69	0	0	1	0
4	D	31	0	0	1	0
4	E	64	0	0	2	0
4	F	32	0	0	3	0
4	G	77	0	0	0	0
4	H	30	0	0	1	0
4	I	51	0	0	4	0
All	All	15644	0	15258	230	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 230 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:31:GLN:HE21	1:B:84:ASN:HD21	1.15	0.94
1:H:74:ILE:H	1:I:121:GLN:HE22	1.21	0.85
1:D:153:VAL:O	1:D:154:TYR:CD2	2.34	0.81
1:F:75:ASP:HB3	1:G:118:GLN:NE2	1.97	0.79
1:H:190:ILE:O	1:H:194:LYS:NZ	2.15	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	232/238 (98%)	220 (95%)	12 (5%)	0	100	100
1	B	234/238 (98%)	227 (97%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	39	48
1	D	222/238 (93%)	200 (90%)	16 (7%)	6 (3%)	6	4
1	E	234/238 (98%)	228 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	F	233/238 (98%)	226 (97%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	39	48
1	G	232/238 (98%)	226 (97%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	39	48
1	H	219/238 (92%)	204 (93%)	13 (6%)	2 (1%)	21	24
1	I	233/238 (98%)	225 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1839/1904 (97%)	1756 (96%)	72 (4%)	11 (1%)	30	36

5 of 11 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	154	TYR
1	D	167	ASP
1	H	169	LEU
1	B	169	LEU
1	G	169	LEU

5.3.2   Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	210/212 (99%)	187 (89%)	23 (11%)	8	8
1	B	212/212 (100%)	198 (93%)	14 (7%)	21	27
1	D	204/212 (96%)	186 (91%)	18 (9%)	12	14
1	E	212/212 (100%)	199 (94%)	13 (6%)	23	30
1	F	211/212 (100%)	189 (90%)	22 (10%)	9	10
1	G	210/212 (99%)	195 (93%)	15 (7%)	18	23
1	H	202/212 (95%)	172 (85%)	30 (15%)	4	3
1	I	211/212 (100%)	192 (91%)	19 (9%)	12	14
All	All	1672/1696 (99%)	1518 (91%)	154 (9%)	11	13

5 of 154 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	39	ILE
1	F	195	GLN
1	I	80	VAL
1	F	57	ILE
1	F	99	ILE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 81 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	123	GLN
1	F	118	GLN
1	I	118	GLN
1	E	132	ASN
1	F	31	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

8 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
1	PR3	A	229	1	6,7,9	1.08	0	3,7,9	3.04	2 (66%)
1	PR3	B	229	1	8,9,9	0.81	0	6,9,9	2.26	2 (33%)
1	PR3	D	229	1	6,7,9	1.09	1 (16%)	3,7,9	2.76	2 (66%)
1	PR3	E	229	1	6,7,9	1.23	1 (16%)	3,7,9	2.15	2 (66%)
1	PR3	F	229	1	6,7,9	1.09	1 (16%)	3,7,9	2.16	1 (33%)
1	PR3	G	229	1	6,7,9	0.82	0	3,7,9	1.33	0
1	PR3	H	229	1	6,7,9	1.45	2 (33%)	3,7,9	10.35	3 (100%)
1	PR3	I	229	1	6,7,9	1.00	0	3,7,9	1.86	1 (33%)

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PR3	A	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	B	229	1	-	0/5/8/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	D	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	E	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	F	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	G	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	H	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0
1	PR3	I	229	1	-	0/2/6/8	0/0/0/0

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	D	229	PR3	CE-SD	-2.25	1.77	1.80
1	H	229	PR3	CE-SD	-2.22	1.77	1.80
1	E	229	PR3	CE-SD	-2.10	1.77	1.80
1	F	229	PR3	CE-SD	-2.08	1.77	1.80
1	H	229	PR3	O-C	2.35	1.30	1.19

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	H	229	PR3	O-C-CA	-17.40	80.16	125.49
1	H	229	PR3	CA-CB-SG	-3.15	102.78	114.23
1	A	229	PR3	O-C-CA	-2.12	119.97	125.49
1	E	229	PR3	O-C-CA	-2.02	120.22	125.49
1	D	229	PR3	O-C-CA	-2.01	120.25	125.49

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	I	229	PR3	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
2	DTU	A	1238	-	7,7,7	0.69	0	4,8,8	1.58	1 (25%)
3	DTT	F	1238	-	7,7,7	0.82	0	4,8,8	1.03	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DTU	A	1238	-	-	0/8/8/8	0/0/0/0
3	DTT	F	1238	-	-	0/8/8/8	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	1238	DTU	C2-C1-S1	-2.67	109.49	113.91

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	1238	DTT	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å²)	Q<0.9
1	A	234/238 (98%)	0.34	18 (7%)	16	23	32, 55, 84, 101	0
1	B	236/238 (99%)	-0.30	1 (0%)	93	95	30, 41, 61, 92	0
1	D	226/238 (94%)	0.50	29 (12%)	5	7	35, 54, 112, 132	0
1	E	236/238 (99%)	-0.19	4 (1%)	73	79	30, 41, 64, 94	0
1	F	235/238 (98%)	0.33	19 (8%)	15	21	33, 54, 85, 102	0
1	G	234/238 (98%)	-0.30	0	100	100	30, 41, 59, 74	0
1	H	223/238 (93%)	0.51	24 (10%)	8	11	31, 54, 108, 119	0
1	I	235/238 (98%)	-0.20	2 (0%)	85	89	30, 41, 64, 90	0
All	All	1859/1904 (97%)	0.08	97 (5%)	31	39	30, 47, 86, 132	0

The worst 5 of 97 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	186	VAL	9.9
1	H	185	ALA	8.6
1	D	185	ALA	7.1
1	H	233	TRP	7.1
1	H	226	TYR	6.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	PR3	A	229	8/10	0.91	0.10	-	60,64,84,87	0
1	PR3	I	229	8/10	0.74	0.15	-	52,62,80,84	0
1	PR3	G	229	8/10	0.94	0.09	-	37,41,59,64	0
1	PR3	F	229	8/10	0.84	0.12	-	62,65,81,86	0
1	PR3	D	229	8/10	0.72	0.13	-	92,94,98,99	0
1	PR3	B	229	10/10	0.93	0.10	-	40,48,65,66	0
1	PR3	H	229	8/10	0.62	0.17	-	103,105,107,107	0
1	PR3	E	229	8/10	0.76	0.21	-	50,61,80,82	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	DTU	A	1238	8/8	0.87	0.29	6.29	51,52,53,54	8
3	DTT	F	1238	8/8	0.91	0.12	-0.58	80,81,85,88	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.