wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 31, 2016 – 06:39 PM GMT

PDB ID	:	1BTH
Title	:	STRUCTURE OF THROMBIN COMPLEXED WITH BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR
Authors	:	Van De Locht, A.; Bode, W.; Stubbs, M.T.
Deposited on	:	1996-12-03
Resolution	:	2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

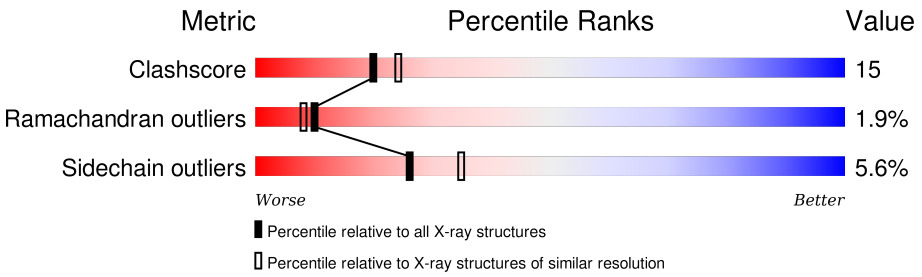
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	trunk26865

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	J	36	58% 25% • 14%
1	L	36	64% 22% 14%
2	H	259	69% 24% • •
2	K	259	68% 26% • •
3	P	58	67% 29% •
3	Q	58	60% 38% •

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5921 atoms, of which 300 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called THROMBIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	L	31	255	153	8	40	53	1	16	0	0
1	J	31	255	153	8	40	53	1	25	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called THROMBIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
2	H	254	2163	1310	110	365	364	14	217	0	0
2	K	254	2163	1310	110	365	364	14	219	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
H	149	THR	ALA	CONFLICT	UNP P00734
H	192	GLN	GLU	ENGINEERED	UNP P00734
K	149	THR	ALA	CONFLICT	UNP P00734
K	192	GLN	GLU	ENGINEERED	UNP P00734

- Molecule 3 is a protein called BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
3	P	58	486	284	32	84	79	7	32	0	0
3	Q	58	486	284	32	84	79	7	32	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	H	50	50	50	0	0
			Total	O		
4	J	5	5	5	0	0
			Total	O		
4	K	41	41	41	0	0
			Total	O		
4	L	3	3	3	0	0
			Total	O		
4	P	7	7	7	0	0
			Total	O		
4	Q	7	7	7	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

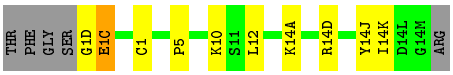
Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: THROMBIN

Chain L:

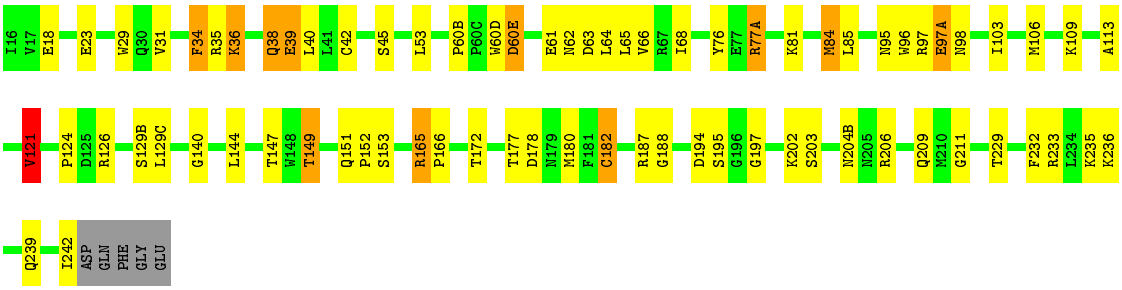
• Molecule 1: THROMBIN

Chain J:



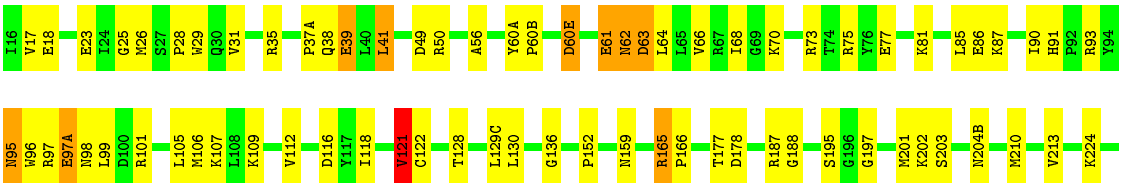
• Molecule 2: THROMBIN

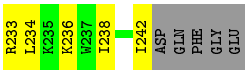
Chain H:



• Molecule 2: THROMBIN

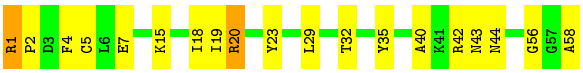
Chain K:





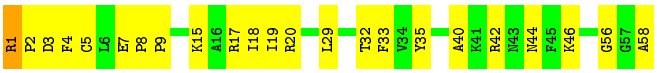
- Molecule 3: BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR

Chain P:



- Molecule 3: BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR

Chain Q:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section will therefore be incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	71.20Å 74.50Å 83.40Å 90.00° 92.50° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.30	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.00-2.30)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.196 , 0.271	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	5921	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	J	0.64	1/249 (0.4%)	0.73	0/331
1	L	0.55	0/249	0.73	0/331
2	H	0.52	0/2107	0.79	4/2850 (0.1%)
2	K	0.53	0/2107	0.80	3/2850 (0.1%)
3	P	0.52	0/465	0.80	0/622
3	Q	0.52	0/465	0.75	0/622
All	All	0.53	1/5642 (0.0%)	0.78	7/7606 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	K	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	J	1(C)	GLU	C-N	6.13	1.48	1.34

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	H	97	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.20	124.40	120.30
2	K	97	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.19	124.39	120.30
2	H	121	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.92	100.16	111.40
2	H	182	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.37	123.67	114.00
2	H	129(C)	LEU	N-CA-C	5.36	125.46	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	K	60(A)	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	J	247	8	241	10	0
1	L	247	8	241	5	0
2	H	2053	110	2038	55	0
2	K	2053	110	2038	62	0
3	P	454	32	438	18	0
3	Q	454	32	438	23	0
4	H	50	0	0	2	0
4	J	5	0	0	2	0
4	K	41	0	0	1	0
4	L	3	0	0	0	0
4	P	7	0	0	0	0
4	Q	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	5621	300	5434	154	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

The worst 5 of 154 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:J:1(D):GLY:HA2	4:J:56:HOH:O	1.42	1.17
2:K:35:ARG:HH21	2:K:39:GLU:HG3	1.37	0.87
2:K:18:GLU:HG3	2:K:187:ARG:HB2	1.53	0.86
2:K:37(A):PRO:HB2	2:K:39:GLU:HG2	1.59	0.83
2:H:39:GLU:O	3:P:18:ILE:HA	1.80	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	J	29/36 (81%)	25 (86%)	4 (14%)	0	100	100
1	L	29/36 (81%)	25 (86%)	4 (14%)	0	100	100
2	H	252/259 (97%)	237 (94%)	9 (4%)	6 (2%)	7	5
2	K	252/259 (97%)	233 (92%)	14 (6%)	5 (2%)	9	7
3	P	56/58 (97%)	55 (98%)	0	1 (2%)	11	9
3	Q	56/58 (97%)	52 (93%)	3 (5%)	1 (2%)	11	9
All	All	674/706 (96%)	627 (93%)	34 (5%)	13 (2%)	10	8

5 of 13 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	39	GLU
2	K	97(A)	GLU
2	H	38	GLN
2	H	77(A)	ARG
2	H	97(A)	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	J	27/31 (87%)	26 (96%)	1 (4%)	41	55
1	L	27/31 (87%)	26 (96%)	1 (4%)	41	55
2	H	222/226 (98%)	206 (93%)	16 (7%)	18	22

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	K	222/226 (98%)	215 (97%)	7 (3%)	46	62
3	P	46/46 (100%)	42 (91%)	4 (9%)	13	15
3	Q	46/46 (100%)	42 (91%)	4 (9%)	13	15
All	All	590/606 (97%)	557 (94%)	33 (6%)	26	35

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	180	MET
2	K	60(E)	ASP
3	Q	3	ASP
2	H	182	CYS
2	H	235	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	95	ASN
2	H	239	GLN
2	K	95	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.