



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 6, 2016 – 02:41 AM EDT

PDB ID : 5C52
Title : Probing the Structural and Molecular Basis of Nucleotide Selectivity by Human Mitochondrial DNA Polymerase gamma
Authors : Sohl, C.D.; Szymanski, M.R.; Mislak, A.C.; Shumate, C.K.; Amiralaie, S.; Schinazi, R.F.; Anderson, K.S.; Yin, Y.W.
Deposited on : 2015-06-19
Resolution : 3.64 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20027457
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

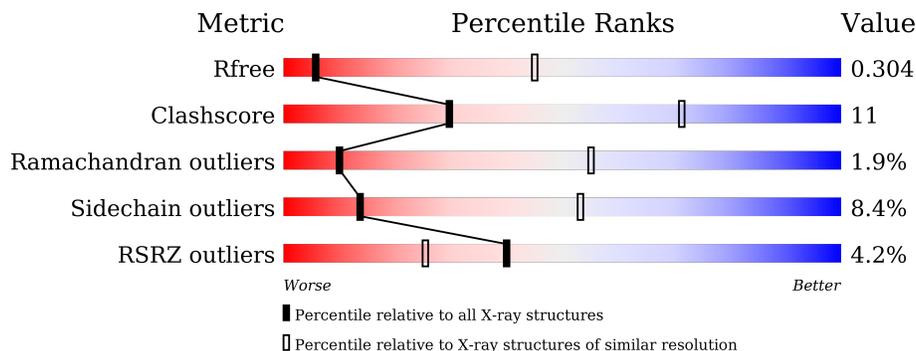
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.64 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1014 (3.80-3.48)
Clashscore	102246	1130 (3.80-3.48)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1084 (3.80-3.48)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1083 (3.80-3.48)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1021 (3.80-3.48)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1205	 4% (red), 55% (green), 23% (yellow), 18% (grey)
2	B	485	 % (red), 55% (green), 18% (yellow), 25% (grey)
2	C	485	 4% (red), 55% (green), 15% (yellow), 26% (grey)
3	T	26	 12% (red), 54% (green), 46% (yellow)
4	P	22	 68% (green), 32% (yellow)

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	1RY	A	1301	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14639 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA polymerase subunit gamma-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	983	7799	4966	1371	1413	49	0	0	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP P54098

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA polymerase subunit gamma-2, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	363	2943	1885	520	522	16	0	0	0
2	C	358	2887	1853	506	512	16	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	67	LEU	GLU	conflict	UNP Q9UHN1
C	67	LEU	GLU	conflict	UNP Q9UHN1

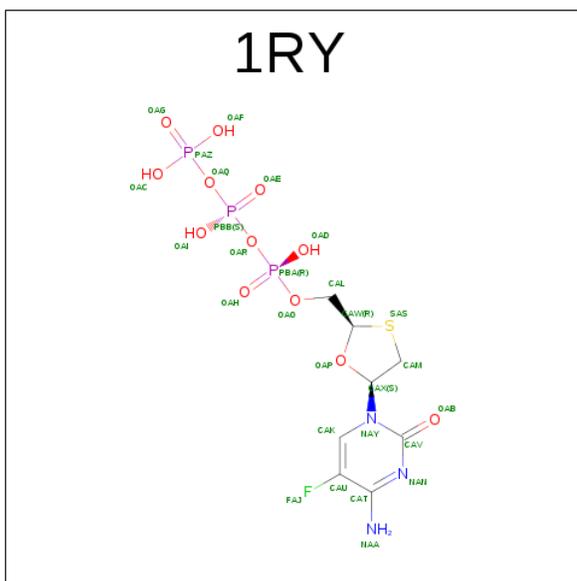
- Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (26-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
3	T	26	529	251	93	159	26	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*AP*AP*AP*AP*CP*GP*AP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*AP*GP*TP*GP*CP*CP*GP*TP*AP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
4	P	22	451	214	92	124	21	0	0	0

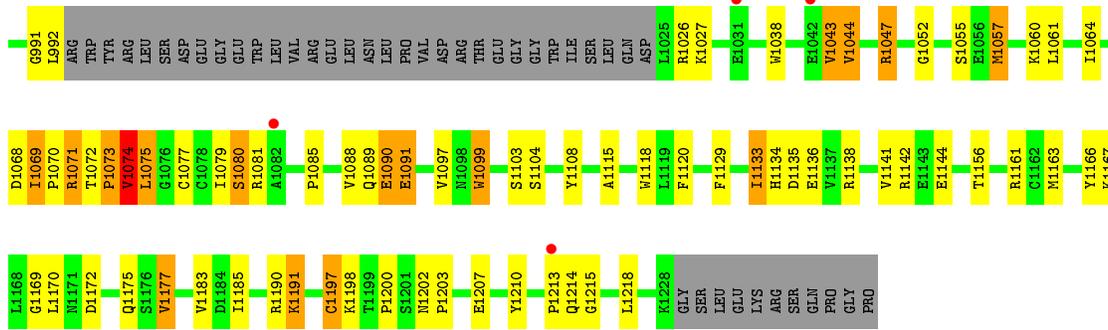
- Molecule 5 is [[(2R,5S)-5-(4-azanyl-5-fluoranyl-2-oxidanylidene-pyrimidin-1-yl)-1,3-oxathiolan-2-yl]methoxy-oxidanyl-phosphoryl] phosphono hydrogen phosphate (three-letter code: 1RY) (formula: C₈H₁₃FN₃O₁₂P₃S).



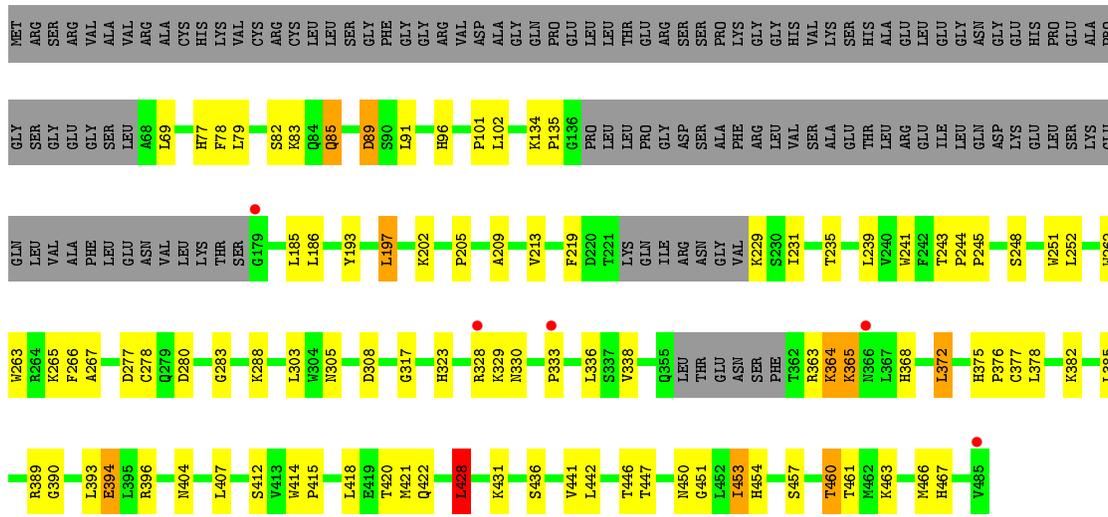
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	F	N	O	P			S
5	A	1	28	8	1	3	12	3	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

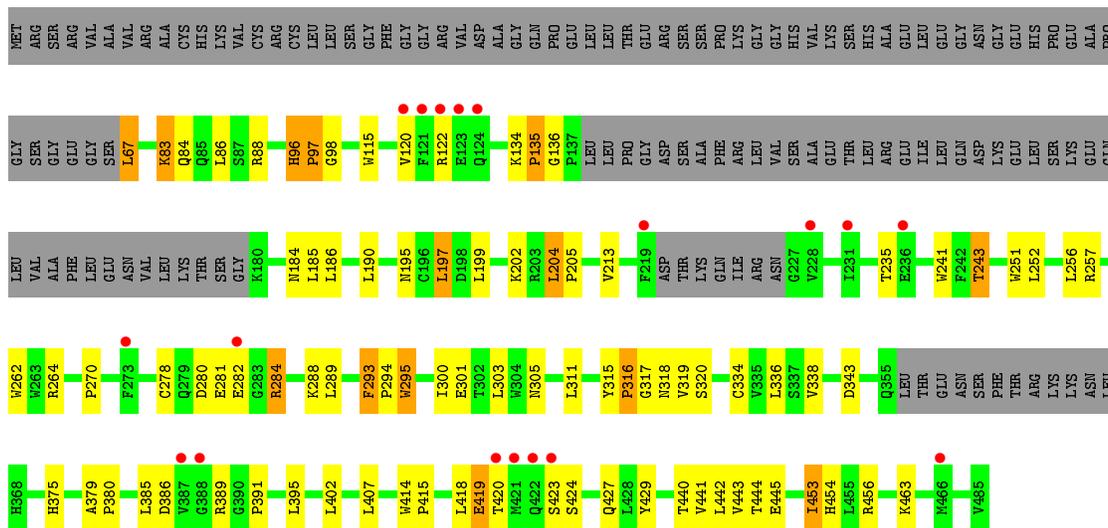
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		



• Molecule 2: DNA polymerase subunit gamma-2, mitochondrial



• Molecule 2: DNA polymerase subunit gamma-2, mitochondrial



- Molecule 3: DNA (26-MER)



- Molecule 4: DNA (5'-D(*AP*AP*AP*AP*CP*GP*AP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*AP*GP*TP*GP*CP*CP*GP*TP*AP*C)-3')



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	217.28Å 217.28Å 165.87Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	51.21 – 3.64 51.21 – 3.64	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.2 (51.21-3.64) 81.3 (51.21-3.64)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.64 (at 3.67Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.9_1692)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.311 , 0.314 0.289 , 0.304	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1656 reflections (4.52%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	142.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.308	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.25 , 29.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.52$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.36$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.86	EDS
Total number of atoms	14639	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	95.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 1RY, MG, DOC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.25	0/7999	0.45	3/10852 (0.0%)
2	B	0.23	0/3016	0.41	1/4074 (0.0%)
2	C	0.25	0/2960	0.45	3/4001 (0.1%)
3	T	0.51	0/591	0.89	0/909
4	P	0.50	0/488	0.77	0/752
All	All	0.27	0/15054	0.49	7/20588 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	135	PRO	CA-N-CD	-8.81	99.16	111.50
2	C	96	HIS	C-N-CD	-7.76	103.52	120.60
1	A	752	LEU	C-N-CD	-6.63	106.02	120.60
2	B	428	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.28	127.45	115.30
1	A	752	LEU	C-N-CA	5.05	143.22	122.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7799	0	7692	196	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	2943	0	2939	56	0
2	C	2887	0	2867	60	0
3	T	529	0	291	10	0
4	P	451	0	246	6	0
5	A	28	0	10	2	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	14639	0	14045	318	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 318 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:1301:1RY:OAP	5:A:1301:1RY:CAW	1.68	1.16
2:C:134:LYS:HD2	2:C:135:PRO:HD3	1.33	1.07
2:C:135:PRO:HD2	2:C:136:GLY:H	1.24	0.99
2:C:134:LYS:CD	2:C:135:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.93
2:C:419:GLU:H	2:C:420:THR:HA	1.35	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	969/1205 (80%)	827 (85%)	120 (12%)	22 (2%)	8	52
2	B	355/485 (73%)	325 (92%)	27 (8%)	3 (1%)	24	70
2	C	350/485 (72%)	324 (93%)	19 (5%)	7 (2%)	9	54
All	All	1674/2175 (77%)	1476 (88%)	166 (10%)	32 (2%)	10	55

5 of 32 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	749	PHE
1	A	752	LEU
1	A	1070	PRO
1	A	1177	VAL
2	C	97	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	823/1017 (81%)	745 (90%)	78 (10%)	11	47
2	B	325/426 (76%)	303 (93%)	22 (7%)	20	62
2	C	317/426 (74%)	294 (93%)	23 (7%)	17	59
All	All	1465/1869 (78%)	1342 (92%)	123 (8%)	14	53

5 of 123 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1038	TRP
1	A	1120	PHE
2	C	282	GLU
1	A	1044	VAL
1	A	1074	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1175	GLN
2	B	355	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	DOC	P	24	3,4	12,19,20	3.70	8 (66%)	14,26,29	1.73	2 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	DOC	P	24	3,4	-	0/3/18/19	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	P	24	DOC	C2'-C1'	-8.77	1.31	1.51
4	P	24	DOC	C3'-C4'	-4.07	1.29	1.51
4	P	24	DOC	C2-N3	-2.04	1.33	1.38
4	P	24	DOC	O4'-C1'	2.72	1.48	1.42
4	P	24	DOC	C5'-C4'	2.73	1.58	1.50

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	P	24	DOC	N4-C4-N3	2.36	120.62	116.50
4	P	24	DOC	C3'-C2'-C1'	4.95	108.36	102.75

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	P	24	DOC	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
5	1RY	A	1301	6	21,29,29	3.78	6 (28%)	24,45,45	3.03	8 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	1RY	A	1301	6	1/1/5/5	0/18/31/31	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	1301	1RY	CAW-SAS	-12.65	1.35	1.81
5	A	1301	1RY	CAM-SAS	-4.86	1.66	1.81
5	A	1301	1RY	CAV-NAN	-2.67	1.32	1.38
5	A	1301	1RY	CAT-NAA	3.00	1.42	1.34
5	A	1301	1RY	CAL-CAW	3.43	1.60	1.50

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	1301	1RY	CAW-OAP-CAX	-7.36	96.08	112.31
5	A	1301	1RY	OAP-CAX-CAM	-3.82	100.95	109.08
5	A	1301	1RY	CAX-CAM-SAS	-2.41	98.15	104.31
5	A	1301	1RY	OAP-CAX-NAY	3.88	114.49	107.71
5	A	1301	1RY	NAA-CAT-NAN	4.00	122.79	116.92

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	A	1301	1RY	CAX

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1301	1RY	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	983/1205 (81%)	0.22	47 (4%) 34 21	68, 92, 132, 164	0
2	B	363/485 (74%)	0.11	5 (1%) 78 63	69, 82, 122, 162	0
2	C	358/485 (73%)	0.24	18 (5%) 32 20	69, 87, 123, 162	0
3	T	26/26 (100%)	0.47	3 (11%) 6 5	110, 120, 129, 132	0
4	P	21/22 (95%)	0.32	0 100 100	111, 119, 130, 132	0
All	All	1751/2223 (78%)	0.21	73 (4%) 40 25	68, 88, 131, 164	0

The worst 5 of 73 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	630	ASN	10.4
1	A	746	GLY	9.7
1	A	747	CYS	8.6
1	A	745	PRO	7.9
1	A	632	ALA	6.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	DOC	P	24	18/19	0.83	0.32	-	107,111,116,116	0

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	1RY	A	1301	28/28	0.89	0.36	0.65	137,137,137,137	0
6	MG	A	1302	1/1	0.83	0.42	-	84,84,84,84	0
6	MG	A	1303	1/1	0.98	0.42	-	83,83,83,83	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.