



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 10, 2016 – 07:17 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5DRZ  
Title : Crystal structure of anti-HIV-1 antibody F240 Fab in complex with gp41 peptide  
Authors : Gohain, N.; Tolbert, W.D.; Pazgier, M.  
Deposited on : 2015-09-16  
Resolution : 2.54 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20027939
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027939

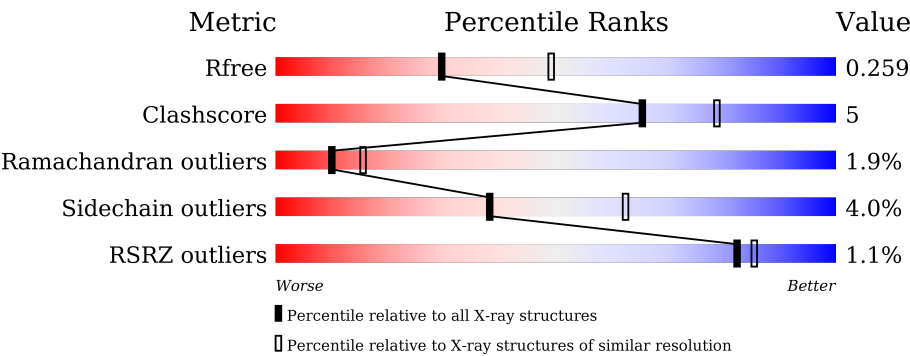
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.54 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	4549 (2.58-2.50)
Clashscore	102246	5292 (2.58-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5194 (2.58-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5196 (2.58-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4561 (2.58-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	220	<div><div></div><div>90%8% ..</div></div>
1	L	220	<div><div>%</div><div>90%7% .</div></div>
2	B	232	<div><div>%</div><div>88%7% ..</div></div>
2	H	232	<div><div>%</div><div>80%14% ..</div></div>
3	P	36	<div><div>3%</div><div>31%8%58%</div></div>
3	Q	36	<div><div>3%</div><div>28%8% ..58%</div></div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MG	L	301	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7208 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HIV Antibody F240 Light Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	L	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1693	1059	295	334	5			
1	A	218	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1707	1068	297	337	5			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called HIV Antibody F240 Heavy Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	H	227	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1724	1086	291	342	5			
2	B	227	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1718	1083	290	340	5			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Envelope glycoprotein gp160.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Q	15	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			106	69	17	18	2			
3	P	15	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			106	69	17	18	2			

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	L	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	L	34	Total	O	0	0
			34	34		

*Continued on next page...*

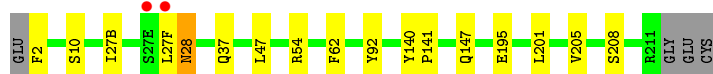
*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	H	47	Total 47	O 47	0	0
5	A	29	Total 29	O 29	0	0
5	B	41	Total 41	O 41	0	0
5	Q	2	Total 2	O 2	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

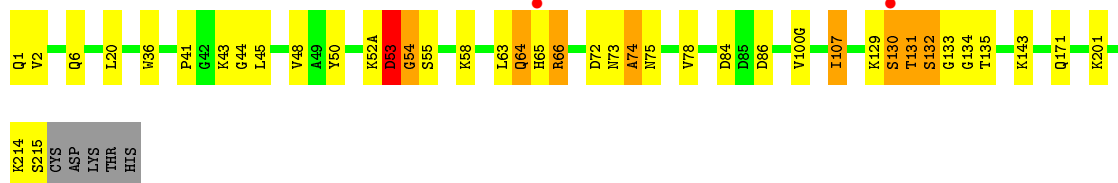
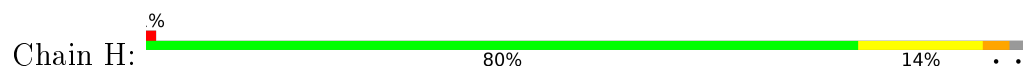
- Molecule 1: HIV Antibody F240 Light Chain



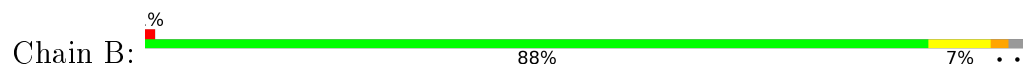
- Molecule 1: HIV Antibody F240 Light Chain



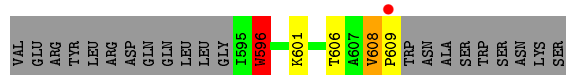
- Molecule 2: HIV Antibody F240 Heavy Chain



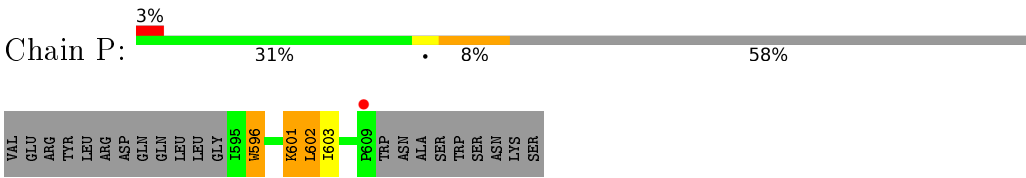
- Molecule 2: HIV Antibody F240 Heavy Chain



- Molecule 3: Envelope glycoprotein gp160



● Molecule 3: Envelope glycoprotein gp160



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	49.32Å 60.49Å 169.23Å 90.00° 94.13° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	168.79 – 2.54 41.20 – 2.54	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.0 (168.79-2.54) 98.1 (41.20-2.54)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.16	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.67 (at 2.54Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0131	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.204 , 0.259 0.206 , 0.259	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1649 reflections (5.34%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	40.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.187	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 26.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7208	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.45% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.50	0/1750	0.68	0/2378
1	L	0.52	0/1730	0.67	0/2352
2	B	0.51	0/1760	0.71	0/2396
2	H	0.54	0/1766	0.75	2/2404 (0.1%)
3	P	0.73	0/108	1.03	0/147
3	Q	0.68	0/108	0.85	0/147
All	All	0.52	0/7222	0.71	2/9824 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	H	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
2	H	66	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.53	123.07	120.30
2	H	54	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.30	99.85	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	H	53	ASP	Peptide
2	H	54	GLY	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1707	0	1662	20	0
1	L	1693	0	1643	8	0
2	B	1718	0	1662	19	3
2	H	1724	0	1664	24	0
3	P	106	0	109	2	0
3	Q	106	0	109	5	0
4	L	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	29	0	0	0	0
5	B	41	0	0	0	0
5	H	47	0	0	0	0
5	L	34	0	0	0	0
5	Q	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	7208	0	6849	69	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (69) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:121:SER:OG	1:A:124[B]:GLN:HG3	1.53	1.05
2:H:214:LYS:HB2	2:H:215:SER:HB2	1.37	1.02
2:H:131:THR:O	2:H:135:THR:O	1.77	1.00
2:B:40:ALA:HB3	2:B:43:LYS:O	1.64	0.97
2:B:53:ASP:O	2:B:55:SER:N	2.09	0.86
1:A:121:SER:OG	1:A:124[B]:GLN:CG	2.27	0.81
2:B:129:LYS:O	2:B:132:SER:OG	2.01	0.77
1:L:54:ARG:NH1	1:L:62:PHE:O	2.22	0.73
2:B:131:THR:H	2:B:132:SER:HA	1.58	0.68
2:H:214:LYS:HE3	2:H:215:SER:HB2	1.76	0.68
2:B:22:CYS:HG	2:B:92:CYS:HG	1.43	0.67
3:Q:608:VAL:HG13	3:Q:609:PRO:C	2.16	0.65
2:H:214:LYS:HE3	2:H:215:SER:CB	2.29	0.63
1:A:185:ASP:N	1:A:185:ASP:OD1	2.28	0.62
1:L:208:SER:O	2:H:129:LYS:HD2	1.99	0.62

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:131:THR:C	2:H:132:SER:O	2.34	0.61
2:H:66:ARG:NH2	2:H:86:ASP:OD2	2.34	0.60
1:A:124[B]:GLN:HG2	2:B:122:PHE:CG	2.37	0.60
1:A:182[B]:SER:HB2	1:A:185:ASP:OD1	2.03	0.59
1:A:187:GLU:OE2	1:A:211:ARG:HD2	2.02	0.59
2:B:131:THR:OG1	2:B:132:SER:O	2.09	0.58
1:A:124[B]:GLN:HE21	2:B:122:PHE:HB3	1.70	0.56
2:H:63:LEU:O	2:H:65:HIS:N	2.37	0.56
1:A:124[B]:GLN:HE21	2:B:122:PHE:CB	2.18	0.56
2:H:52(A):LYS:O	2:H:53:ASP:HB2	2.05	0.56
1:A:25:SER:O	1:A:69:THR:OG1	2.24	0.55
2:H:214:LYS:CB	2:H:215:SER:HB2	2.24	0.54
1:A:116:PHE:CE2	2:B:131:THR:HG22	2.43	0.53
3:Q:596:TRP:HB3	3:P:601:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.53
1:L:37:GLN:HB2	1:L:47:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.53
2:H:214:LYS:HB2	2:H:215:SER:CB	2.23	0.53
2:H:130[A]:SER:OG	2:H:131:THR:N	2.38	0.51
2:B:66:ARG:NH2	2:B:86:ASP:OD2	2.45	0.50
2:H:41:PRO:C	2:H:43:LYS:H	2.16	0.49
1:A:182[A]:SER:HB3	1:A:185:ASP:OD1	2.11	0.49
2:B:214:LYS:HD2	2:B:215:SER:N	2.28	0.48
2:B:40:ALA:CB	2:B:43:LYS:O	2.51	0.48
1:A:37:GLN:HB2	1:A:47:LEU:HD11	1.94	0.48
2:H:72:ASP:OD2	2:H:75:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.47
3:P:601:LYS:O	3:P:602:LEU:CB	2.63	0.46
2:H:64:GLN:O	2:H:65:HIS:HB3	2.15	0.46
2:B:131:THR:N	2:B:132:SER:HA	2.25	0.46
2:H:6:GLN:HB2	2:H:107:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46
2:H:50:TYR:CZ	2:H:58:LYS:HG3	2.51	0.46
1:A:182[A]:SER:HB3	1:A:185:ASP:CG	2.37	0.46
2:H:131:THR:HG22	2:H:132:SER:N	2.31	0.46
1:A:14:THR:HA	1:A:107:ARG:HB2	1.97	0.45
2:H:73:ASN:O	2:H:74:ALA:HB2	2.16	0.45
2:H:20:LEU:HD22	2:H:107:ILE:HG21	1.98	0.45
1:A:124[A]:GLN:HG3	2:B:122:PHE:CE2	2.51	0.45
1:L:147:GLN:OE1	1:L:195:GLU:OE2	2.35	0.44
2:H:1:GLN:HA	2:H:1:GLN:OE1	2.17	0.44
1:A:116:PHE:HE2	2:B:131:THR:HG22	1.82	0.44
1:A:181:LEU:N	1:A:181:LEU:HD23	2.32	0.44
1:A:182[B]:SER:HB2	1:A:185:ASP:CG	2.38	0.44
2:B:40:ALA:HB3	2:B:43:LYS:C	2.34	0.44

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:143:LYS:NZ	2:H:171:GLN:OE1	2.52	0.43
2:H:133:GLY:HA2	2:H:134:GLY:HA2	1.85	0.42
1:A:30:LYS:NZ	3:Q:606:THR:O	2.53	0.42
3:Q:608:VAL:HG13	3:Q:609:PRO:CA	2.49	0.41
2:B:43:LYS:HD3	2:B:43:LYS:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:151:ASP:HA	1:A:191:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41
2:B:36:TRP:CE2	2:B:80:LEU:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:L:201:LEU:HD13	1:L:205:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.41
3:Q:608:VAL:HG13	3:Q:609:PRO:HA	2.03	0.41
1:L:140:TYR:CG	1:L:141:PRO:HA	2.56	0.40
2:H:36:TRP:O	2:H:48:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40
1:L:27(B):ILE:HA	1:L:92:TYR:CD1	2.56	0.40
1:L:27(F):LEU:O	1:L:28:ASN:HB3	2.21	0.40

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:84:ASP:OD2	2:B:131:THR:O[2_655]	1.99	0.21
2:B:84:ASP:OD1	2:B:131:THR:O[2_655]	2.10	0.10
2:B:84:ASP:CG	2:B:131:THR:O[2_655]	2.14	0.06

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	218/220 (99%)	208 (95%)	8 (4%)	2 (1%)	21	36
1	L	215/220 (98%)	207 (96%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	34	54
2	B	225/232 (97%)	210 (93%)	11 (5%)	4 (2%)	11	17
2	H	226/232 (97%)	208 (92%)	11 (5%)	7 (3%)	5	6

Continued on next page...

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	P	13/36 (36%)	11 (85%)	0	2 (15%)	0	0
3	Q	13/36 (36%)	9 (69%)	3 (23%)	1 (8%)	1	1
All	All	910/976 (93%)	853 (94%)	40 (4%)	17 (2%)	10	15

All (17) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	28	ASN
2	H	53	ASP
2	H	74	ALA
2	B	54	GLY
2	B	129	LYS
3	P	602	LEU
2	H	44	GLY
2	H	55	SER
1	A	211	ARG
2	B	44	GLY
2	B	214	LYS
3	P	596	TRP
2	H	132	SER
2	H	64	GLN
2	H	131	THR
3	Q	596	TRP
1	A	68	GLY

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	192/192 (100%)	186 (97%)	6 (3%)	47	73
1	L	190/192 (99%)	188 (99%)	2 (1%)	80	93
2	B	190/195 (97%)	181 (95%)	9 (5%)	32	54
2	H	191/195 (98%)	182 (95%)	9 (5%)	32	54

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	P	12/31 (39%)	9 (75%)	3 (25%)	1	1
3	Q	12/31 (39%)	9 (75%)	3 (25%)	1	1
All	All	787/836 (94%)	755 (96%)	32 (4%)	38	61

All (32) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	2	PHE
1	L	10	SER
2	H	2	VAL
2	H	45	LEU
2	H	78	VAL
2	H	84	ASP
2	H	100(G)	VAL
2	H	107	ILE
2	H	130[A]	SER
2	H	130[B]	SER
2	H	201	LYS
1	A	2	PHE
1	A	3	LEU
1	A	27(E)	SER
1	A	181	LEU
1	A	185	ASP
1	A	187	GLU
2	B	7	SER
2	B	43	LYS
2	B	55	SER
2	B	57	LYS
2	B	78	VAL
2	B	130	SER
2	B	131	THR
2	B	132	SER
2	B	214	LYS
3	Q	596	TRP
3	Q	601	LYS
3	Q	608	VAL
3	P	596	TRP
3	P	601	LYS
3	P	603	ILE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	152	ASN
2	B	1	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	218/220 (99%)	-0.03	1 (0%) 91 93	32, 42, 72, 87	0
1	L	216/220 (98%)	-0.17	2 (0%) 85 88	27, 37, 58, 77	0
2	B	227/232 (97%)	-0.15	3 (1%) 79 83	30, 41, 64, 86	0
2	H	227/232 (97%)	-0.19	2 (0%) 85 88	25, 38, 63, 77	0
3	P	15/36 (41%)	0.53	1 (6%) 21 24	44, 48, 72, 78	0
3	Q	15/36 (41%)	0.27	1 (6%) 21 24	39, 45, 68, 80	0
All	All	918/976 (94%)	-0.12	10 (1%) 82 85	25, 41, 66, 87	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	Q	609	PRO	4.5
2	H	65	HIS	4.1
3	P	609	PRO	3.4
1	A	27(F)	LEU	3.0
1	L	27(F)	LEU	2.9
2	H	130[A]	SER	2.6
2	B	130	SER	2.3
1	L	27(E)	SER	2.3
2	B	129	LYS	2.1
2	B	134	GLY	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	MG	L	301	1/1	0.81	0.49	18.07	59,59,59,59	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.