Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 2, 2016 – 06:27 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	5E6W
Title	:	Re-refinement of the Crystal Structure of the Plexin-Semaphorin-Integrin Domain/Hybrid Domain/I-EGF1 Segment from the Human Integrin b2 Subunit
Authors	:	Springer, T.A.; Sen, M.
Deposited on	:	2015-10-10
Resolution	:	2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

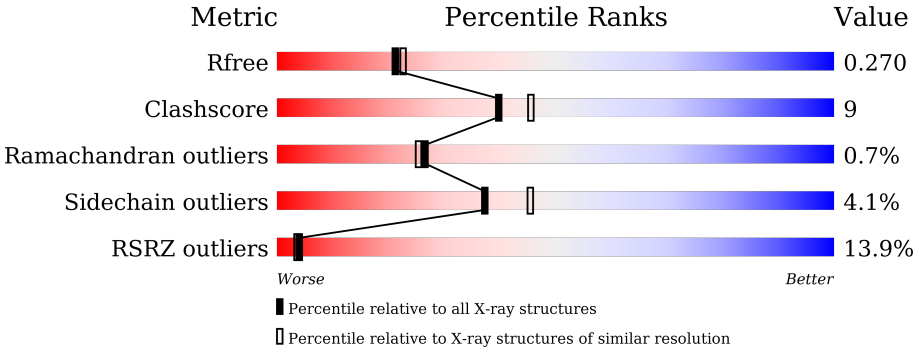
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20027457
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3774 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	102246	4477 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4404 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4405 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3781 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	317	14% 78% 17%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2582 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

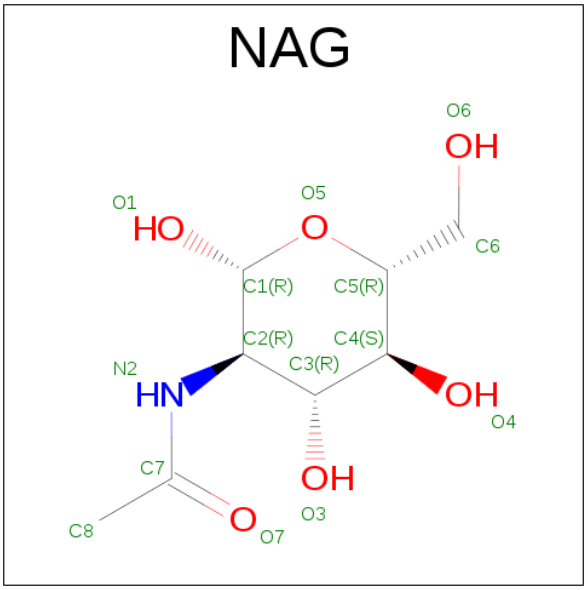
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Integrin beta-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	310	2369	1441	437	455	36	0	2	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	97	PHE	PHE	linker	UNP P05107
A	98	ARG	ARG	linker	UNP P05107
A	99	ARG	ARG	linker	UNP P05107
A	100	ALA	ALA	linker	UNP P05107
A	553	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P05107
A	554	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P05107
A	555	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P05107
A	556	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P05107

- Molecule 2 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

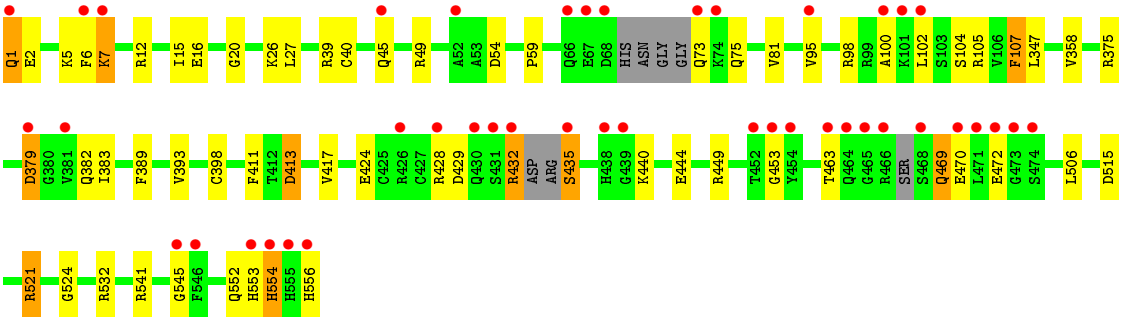
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	185	185	185	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Integrin beta-2

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	52.26Å 52.26Å 423.92Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	24.97 – 2.20 24.97 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.3 (24.97-2.20) 99.3 (24.97-2.20)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.66 (at 2.19Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10_2155: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.270 0.226 , 0.270	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	964 reflections (5.15%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	46.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.039	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.27 , 48.2	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.46$, $< L^2 > = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2582	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	70.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.30	0/2415	0.56	0/3254

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	435	SER	Peptide
1	A	469	GLN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2369	0	2236	40	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	28	0	26	1	0
3	A	185	0	0	5	1
All	All	2582	0	2262	41	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (41) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:432:ARG:HH22	1:A:435:SER:N	1.81	0.79
1:A:470:GLU:N	1:A:470:GLU:OE2	2.29	0.66
1:A:107:PHE:HB3	1:A:375[B]:ARG:HH21	1.63	0.63
1:A:1:GLN:NE2	1:A:2:GLU:H	1.97	0.61
1:A:105:ARG:NH2	1:A:379:ASP:OD1	2.33	0.61
1:A:1:GLN:HE21	1:A:20:GLY:HA3	1.66	0.60
1:A:453:GLY:O	1:A:463:THR:HG22	2.03	0.59
1:A:45:GLN:O	1:A:49:ARG:HG3	2.03	0.58
1:A:12:ARG:NH1	1:A:424:GLU:OE2	2.36	0.57
1:A:16:GLU:HG2	1:A:398:CYS:SG	2.45	0.57
1:A:5:LYS:HD3	1:A:40:CYS:O	2.05	0.57
2:A:901:NAG:O7	3:A:1001:HOH:O	2.18	0.56
1:A:521:ARG:NH2	1:A:524:GLY:O	2.41	0.54
1:A:95:VAL:HG22	1:A:389:PHE:HB2	1.89	0.54
1:A:553:HIS:HB3	1:A:556:HIS:H	1.72	0.54
1:A:100:ALA:O	1:A:383:ILE:HG23	2.08	0.54
1:A:102:LEU:HD12	1:A:382:GLN:HA	1.89	0.54
1:A:75:GLN:OE1	1:A:411:PHE:HB3	2.10	0.51
1:A:432:ARG:HE	1:A:432:ARG:C	2.15	0.49
1:A:1:GLN:NE2	1:A:20:GLY:HA3	2.26	0.49
1:A:429:ASP:OD1	1:A:444:GLU:HA	2.12	0.49
1:A:541:ARG:NH2	3:A:1013:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:73:GLN:N	1:A:413:ASP:OD2	2.47	0.48
1:A:532:ARG:NH1	1:A:552:GLN:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:428:ARG:NH2	3:A:1003:HOH:O	2.24	0.46
1:A:545:GLY:O	1:A:554:HIS:ND1	2.44	0.46
1:A:449:ARG:NH2	3:A:1004:HOH:O	2.26	0.45
1:A:27:LEU:HA	1:A:39:ARG:HH22	1.80	0.45
1:A:81:VAL:HG12	1:A:417:VAL:HA	2.00	0.43
1:A:469:GLN:O	1:A:472:GLU:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:358:VAL:HG22	1:A:393:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:95:VAL:HG21	1:A:347:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:A:432:ARG:NH2	1:A:435:SER:N	2.59	0.42
1:A:432:ARG:HH12	1:A:435:SER:N	2.17	0.42
1:A:1:GLN:CD	1:A:2:GLU:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:15:ILE:HD12	1:A:59:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.42
1:A:26:LYS:HD2	1:A:26:LYS:HA	1.69	0.42
1:A:506:LEU:O	1:A:515:ASP:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:383:ILE:HD12	1:A:383:ILE:H	1.85	0.41
1:A:440:LYS:HD3	1:A:440:LYS:HA	1.87	0.41
1:A:413:ASP:O	3:A:1002:HOH:O	2.22	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:1133:HOH:O	3:A:1162:HOH:O[8_665]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	304/317 (96%)	290 (95%)	12 (4%)	2 (1%)	26 25

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	PHE
1	A	7	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	268/274 (98%)	257 (96%)	11 (4%)	37 45

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	GLN
1	A	7	LYS
1	A	54	ASP
1	A	98	ARG
1	A	104	SER
1	A	107	PHE
1	A	379	ASP
1	A	413	ASP
1	A	432	ARG
1	A	521	ARG
1	A	554	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	NAG	A	901	1	14,14,15	0.45	0	15,19,21	0.31	0
2	NAG	A	902	1	14,14,15	0.41	0	15,19,21	0.32	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	901	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	902	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	901	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	310/317 (97%)	0.63	43 (13%) 4 3	27, 60, 139, 198	1 (0%)

All (43) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	68	ASP	11.9
1	A	472	GLU	7.2
1	A	66	GLN	7.2
1	A	73	GLN	6.4
1	A	465	GLY	6.3
1	A	100	ALA	5.7
1	A	464	GLN	5.6
1	A	432	ARG	5.6
1	A	466	ARG	4.8
1	A	555[A]	HIS	4.8
1	A	428	ARG	4.7
1	A	1	GLN	4.6
1	A	454	TYR	4.5
1	A	452	THR	4.3
1	A	546	PHE	4.2
1	A	6	PHE	4.1
1	A	67	GLU	3.9
1	A	453	GLY	3.7
1	A	435	SER	3.5
1	A	556	HIS	3.5
1	A	468	SER	3.5
1	A	381	VAL	3.4
1	A	102	LEU	3.4
1	A	431	SER	3.1
1	A	471	LEU	3.1
1	A	74	LYS	3.1
1	A	545	GLY	3.0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	470	GLU	2.9
1	A	439	GLY	2.9
1	A	430	GLN	2.8
1	A	438	HIS	2.6
1	A	52	ALA	2.6
1	A	553	HIS	2.6
1	A	45	GLN	2.6
1	A	426	ARG	2.5
1	A	379	ASP	2.5
1	A	101	LYS	2.4
1	A	473	GLY	2.4
1	A	95	VAL	2.4
1	A	7	LYS	2.2
1	A	554	HIS	2.1
1	A	474	SER	2.1
1	A	463	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	A	901	14/15	0.86	0.17	0.56	46,70,79,91	0
2	NAG	A	902	14/15	0.68	0.42	-	101,114,117,119	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.