wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2GOV
Title	:	Solution structure of Murine p22HBP
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

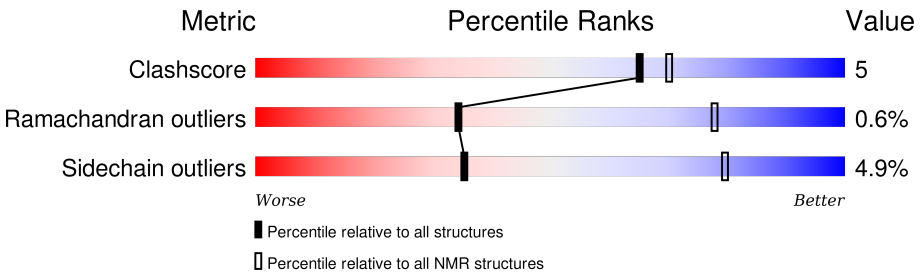
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 70%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	195	78% 6% 10% 6%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:18-A:171, A:181-A:190 (164)	0.62	7

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	9, 14
Single-model clusters	1; 6; 20

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2816 atoms, of which 1382 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Heme-binding protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	184	2816	911	1382	236	280	7	0

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-4	MET	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	-3	LYS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	-2	GLN	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	-1	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	0	THR	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	1	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	2	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	3	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	4	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	5	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257
A	6	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9R257

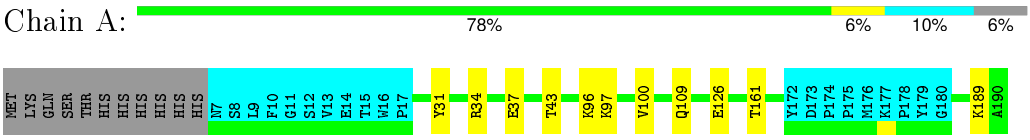
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Heme-binding protein 1

Chain A:

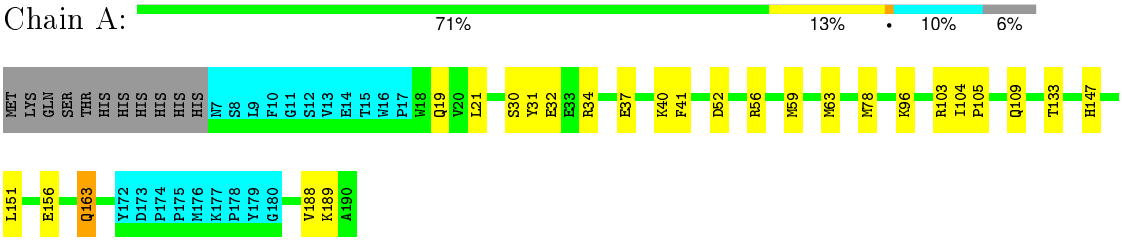


4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 7. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Heme-binding protein 1

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *AUTOMATED METHODS WERE USED FOR BACKBONE CHEMICAL SHIFT ASSIGNMENT AND ITERATIVE NOE REFINEMENT. FINAL STRUCTURES WERE OBTAINED BY MOLECULAR DYNAMICS IN EXPLICIT SOLVENT.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *TARGET FUNCTION.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Xplor-NIH	refinement	2.9.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6620
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1563
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1555
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	8
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	70%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
All	All	0	2

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	34	ARG	Sidechain	2

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1273	1236	1235	13±3
All	All	25460	24720	24700	256

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

5 of 139 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:144:TYR:HA	1:A:147:HIS:NE2	0.64	2.07	18	1
1:A:66:VAL:O	1:A:76:MET:HA	0.61	1.94	8	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:117:ASP:HB3	1:A:120:VAL:HG12	0.61	1.71	16	4
1:A:147:HIS:CD2	1:A:185:VAL:HG21	0.60	2.32	18	1
1:A:89:ASN:OD1	1:A:96:LYS:HE3	0.60	1.97	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	163/195 (84%)	154±2 (95±1%)	8±2 (5±1%)	1±1 (1±0%)	34	78
All	All	3260/3900 (84%)	3087 (95%)	152 (5%)	21 (1%)	34	78

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	96	LYS	13
1	A	28	ASP	4
1	A	76	MET	2
1	A	159	PRO	1
1	A	94	LEU	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	134/163 (82%)	128±2 (95±2%)	7±2 (5±2%)	35	79
All	All	2680/3260 (82%)	2550 (95%)	130 (5%)	35	79

5 of 37 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the

frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	37	GLU	13
1	A	126	GLU	10
1	A	109	GLN	10
1	A	31	TYR	10
1	A	141	GLU	7

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 70% for the well-defined parts and 66% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6620

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1563
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1555
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	8
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	7

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Residue not found in structure. First 5 (of 8) occurences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	10	ILE	HG23	0.837	0.02	1
A	10	ILE	HD11	0.663	0.02	1
A	10	ILE	HG22	0.837	0.02	1
A	10	ILE	HG21	0.837	0.02	1
A	10	ILE	HD13	0.663	0.02	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	161	-0.40 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	145	-0.29 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	8	0.64 ± 0.49	None needed (imprecise)

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Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
^{15}N	150	0.37 ± 0.37	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 70%, i.e. 1367 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1953. 18 out of 24 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	610/802 (76%)	301/319 (94%)	163/328 (50%)	146/155 (94%)
Sidechain	631/989 (64%)	396/580 (68%)	235/365 (64%)	0/44 (0%)
Aromatic	126/162 (78%)	65/84 (77%)	58/73 (79%)	3/5 (60%)
Overall	1367/1953 (70%)	762/983 (78%)	456/766 (60%)	149/204 (73%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

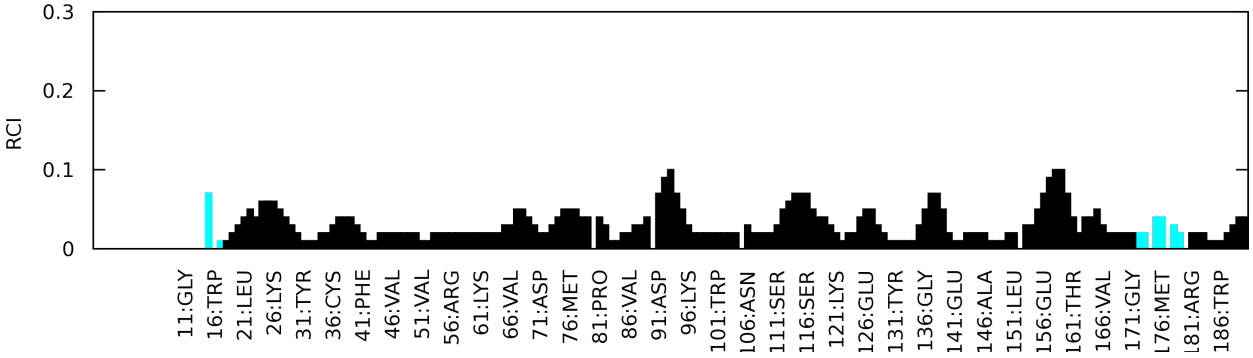
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	103	ARG	HD3	1.21	4.36 – 1.86	-7.6
1	A	103	ARG	HG2	-0.40	2.92 – 0.22	-7.3
1	A	103	ARG	HG3	-0.51	3.00 – 0.10	-7.1
1	A	183	ASN	HB3	0.60	4.41 – 1.11	-6.5
1	A	130	VAL	HG11	-0.52	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2
1	A	130	VAL	HG12	-0.52	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2
1	A	130	VAL	HG13	-0.52	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.3
0.2
0.1
0
11:GLY
16:TRP
21:LEU
26:LYS
31:TYR
36:CYS
41:PHE
46:VAL
51:VAL
56:ARG
61:LYS
66:VAL
71:ASP
76:MET
81:PRO
86:VAL
91:ASP
96:LYS
101:TRP
106:ASN
111:SER
116:SER
121:LYS
126:GLU
131:TYR
136:GLY
141:GLU
146:ALA
151:LEU
156:GLU
161:THR
166:VAL
171:GLY
176:MET
181:ARG
186:TRP