wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	4GUL
Title	:	Study on structure and function relationships in human ferric Pirin
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Deposited on	:	2012-08-29
Resolution	:	1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

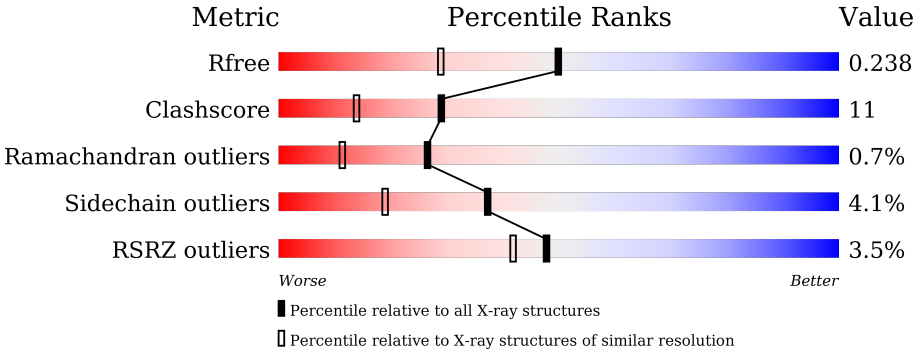
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20028320
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20028320

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	4533 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	102246	5383 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5320 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5319 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4547 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	288	3% 80% 17% • •

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2416 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pirin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	288	2250	1420	397	425	8	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Fe		
2	A	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

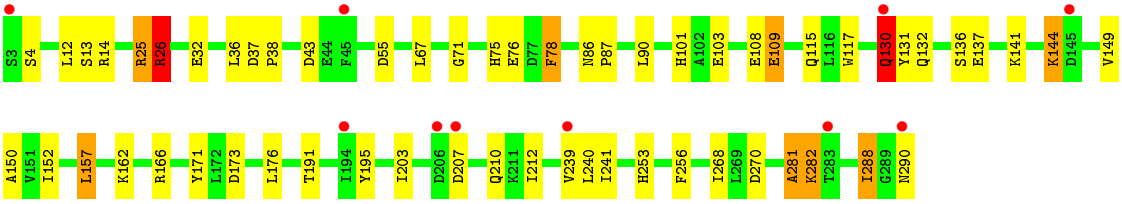
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	165	165	165	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Pirin

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	42.30Å 67.03Å 107.06Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	21.87 – 1.80 21.87 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.3 (21.87-1.80) 93.7 (21.87-1.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.10 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , 0.234 0.195 , 0.238	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1397 reflections (5.39%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	17.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.574	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.37 , 47.3	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2416	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.10% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	1.12	5/2307 (0.2%)	1.20	14/3116 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	130	GLN	CD-NE2	6.93	1.50	1.32
1	A	103	GLU	CG-CD	6.48	1.61	1.51
1	A	26	ARG	CD-NE	-6.12	1.36	1.46
1	A	290	ASN	C-OXT	5.93	1.34	1.23
1	A	137	GLU	CD-OE1	5.48	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	26	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.27	113.67	120.30
1	A	26	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.02	125.81	120.30
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.39	115.61	120.30
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.64	124.62	120.30
1	A	290	ASN	CB-CA-C	8.36	127.11	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	281	ALA	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2250	0	2213	51	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	165	0	0	10	0
All	All	2416	0	2213	51	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 51 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:26:ARG:HD3	1:A:43:ASP:OD1	1.40	1.19
1:A:241:ILE:HG12	3:A:1265:HOH:O	1.01	1.17
1:A:26:ARG:CD	1:A:43:ASP:OD1	1.98	1.11
1:A:130:GLN:OE1	1:A:166:ARG:NH1	2.05	0.89
1:A:241:ILE:CG1	3:A:1265:HOH:O	1.77	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	286/288 (99%)	276 (96%)	8 (3%)	2 (1%)	26 11

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	ASP
1	A	4	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	245/245 (100%)	235 (96%)	10 (4%)	37 19

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	130	GLN
1	A	157	LEU
1	A	176	LEU
1	A	101	HIS
1	A	171	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	75	HIS
1	A	115	GLN
1	A	182	HIS
1	A	253	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	288/288 (100%)	0.15	10 (3%) 48 42	10, 18, 34, 57	0

The worst 5 of 10 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	207	ASP	4.4
1	A	283	THR	3.4
1	A	3	SER	3.3
1	A	290	ASN	3.0
1	A	130	GLN	2.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	FE	A	1001	1/1	0.99	0.08	-2.02	13,13,13,13	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.