Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 26, 2016 – 08:52 PM BST

PDB ID	:	2HNB
Title	:	Solution Structure of a bacterial holo-flavodoxin
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Deposited on	:	2006-07-12

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

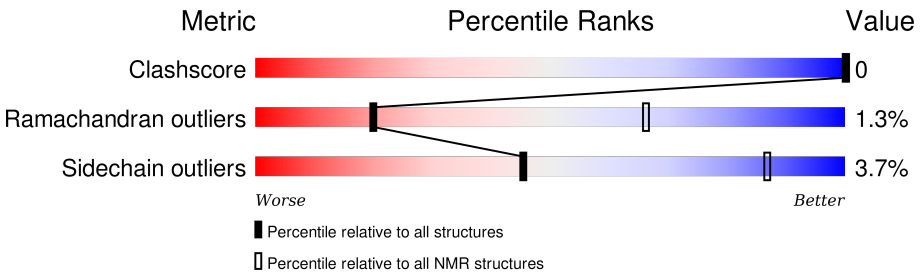
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	147	89% • 10%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 21 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:2-A:10, A:14-A:97, A:101-A:126, A:135-A:147 (132)	0.38	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 13, 16, 19, 21
2	7, 8, 15, 18
3	12, 20
Single-model clusters	5; 11; 14; 17

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2196 atoms, of which 1081 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein mioC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	147	2196	706	1081	178	229	2	0

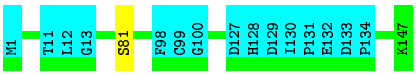
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:



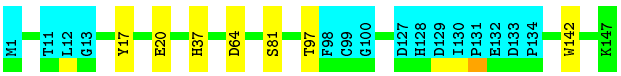
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

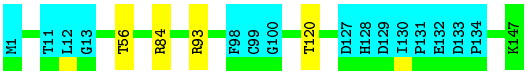
- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

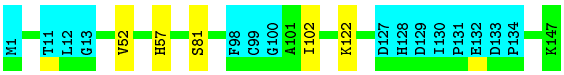
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

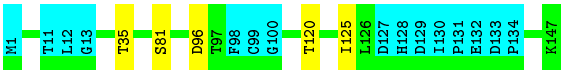
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 87% • 10%

M1 T11 L12 G13 S81 R93 D96 T97 F98 C99 G100 D127 H128 D129 I130 P131 E132 D133 P134 L146 K147

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 86% • 10%

M1 T11 L12 G13 L36 N65 S81 R93 F98 C99 G100 T120 D127 H128 D129 I130 P131 E132 D133 P134 N144 K147

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 84% 6% 10%

M1 T11 L12 G13 V52 I62 S81 E94 T97 F98 C99 G100 A101 I102 T120 L121 K122 D127 H128 D129 I130 P131 E132 D133 P134 L146 K147

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 88% • 10%

M1 T11 L12 G13 T35 S81 F98 C99 G100 T120 D127 H128 D129 I130 P131 E132 D133 P134 K147

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

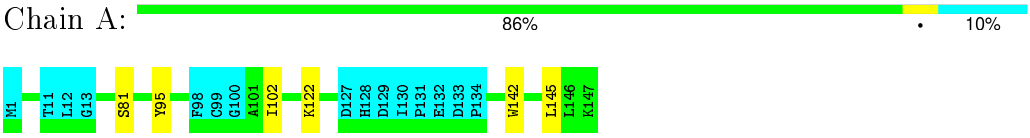
Chain A: 84% 6% 10%

M1 G9 S10 T11 L12 G13 T35 L41 G58 I62 S81 R84 T97 F98 C99 G100 T117 D127 H128 D129 I130 P131 E132 D133 P134 K147

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

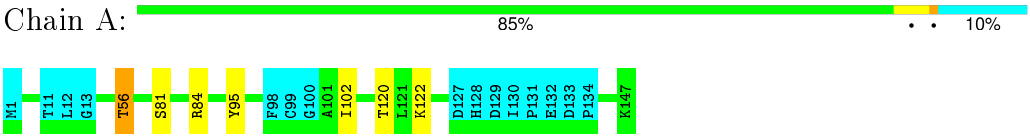
Chain A:



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

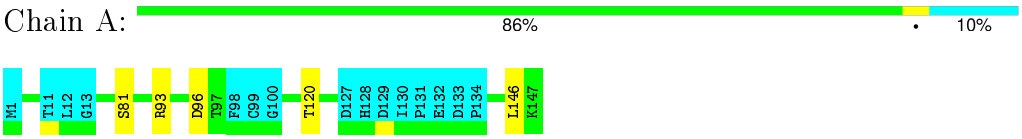
Chain A:



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

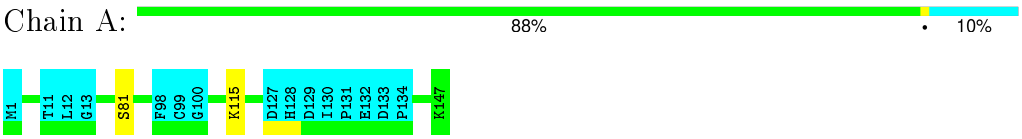
Chain A:



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

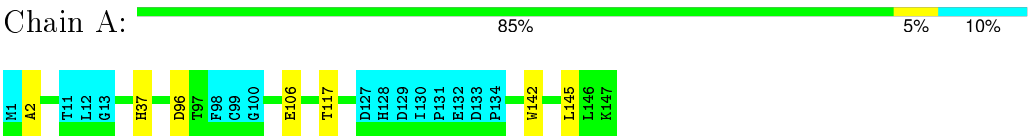
Chain A:



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A:



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

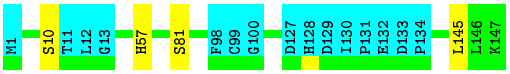
- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 84% 5% 10%

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 87% • 10%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

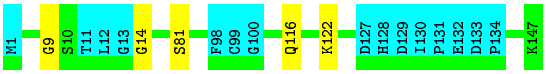
- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 84% 6% 10%

4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

- Molecule 1: Protein mioC

Chain A: 86% • 10%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics, simulated annealing.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 21 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.0
AMBER	refinement	7.0

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.60±0.00	0±0/1021 (0.0±0.0%)	0.96±0.31	0±1/1386 (0.0±0.1%)
All	All	0.60	0/21441 (0.0%)	1.01	9/29106 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.0±0.2
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	64	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	48.00	161.50	118.30	1	1
1	A	64	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-38.97	83.23	118.30	1	1
1	A	20	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-37.79	77.96	123.30	1	1
1	A	64	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-23.70	78.27	123.30	1	1
1	A	20	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	21.72	161.75	118.30	1	1
1	A	20	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-17.25	83.79	118.30	1	1
1	A	84	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.27	117.66	120.30	4	2
1	A	95	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.22	117.87	121.00	13	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	97	THR	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	21042	20622	20622	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	131/147 (89%)	120±2 (91±2%)	10±2 (7±2%)	2±1 (1±1%)	20 66
All	All	2751/3087 (89%)	2516 (91%)	200 (7%)	35 (1%)	20 66

All 11 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	81	SER	18
1	A	96	ASP	5
1	A	57	HIS	2
1	A	56	THR	2
1	A	9	GLY	2
1	A	95	TYR	1
1	A	14	GLY	1
1	A	92	SER	1
1	A	97	THR	1
1	A	2	ALA	1
1	A	58	GLY	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	105/118 (89%)	101±2 (96±2%)	4±2 (4±2%)	45 87
All	All	2205/2478 (89%)	2124 (96%)	81 (4%)	45 87

All 32 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	120	THR	10
1	A	102	ILE	7
1	A	142	TRP	5
1	A	122	LYS	5
1	A	35	THR	4
1	A	93	ARG	4
1	A	146	LEU	4
1	A	145	LEU	3
1	A	56	THR	3
1	A	106	GLU	2
1	A	41	LEU	2
1	A	97	THR	2
1	A	116	GLN	2
1	A	117	THR	2
1	A	37	HIS	2
1	A	125	ILE	2
1	A	52	VAL	2
1	A	115	LYS	2
1	A	10	SER	2
1	A	62	ILE	2
1	A	84	ARG	2
1	A	36	LEU	2
1	A	17	TYR	1
1	A	54	SER	1
1	A	44	LEU	1
1	A	65	ASN	1
1	A	57	HIS	1
1	A	147	LYS	1
1	A	25	LYS	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	144	ASN	1
1	A	94	GLU	1
1	A	8	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided