



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 05:43 PM GMT

PDB ID : 4JAF
Title : STRUCTURAL DETERMINATION OF THE A50T:S279G:S280K:V281
K:K282E:H283N VARIANT OF CITRATE SYNTHASE FROM E. COLI
COMPLEXED with NADH
Authors : Maurus, R.; Brayer, G.D.
Deposited on : 2013-02-18
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

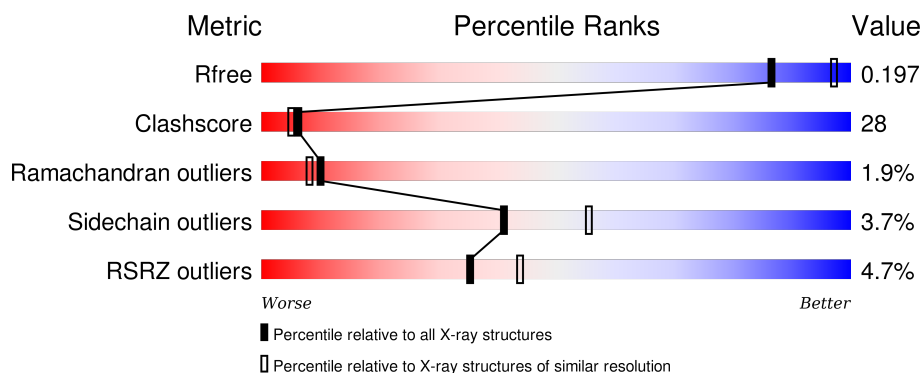
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3852 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3857 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	426	<div> <div>4%</div> <div>63%</div> <div>34%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
1	B	426	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>62%</div> <div>35%</div> <div>.</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	SO4	B	2002	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7273 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Citrate synthase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	426	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3365	2132	578	630	25			
1	B	426	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3365	2132	578	630	25			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

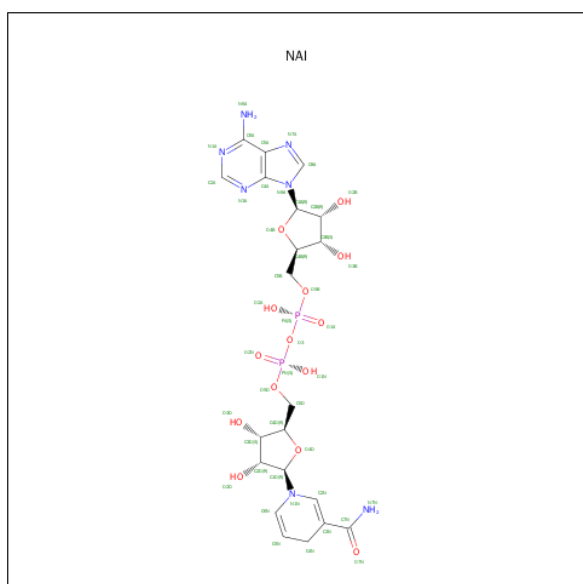
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	10	ASP	ASN	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P0ABH7
A	50	THR	ALA	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
A	279	GLY	SER	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
A	280	LYS	SER	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
A	281	LYS	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
A	282	GLU	LYS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
A	283	ASN	HIS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1010	ASP	ASN	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P0ABH7
B	1050	THR	ALA	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1279	GLY	SER	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1280	LYS	SER	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1281	LYS	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1282	GLU	LYS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7
B	1283	ASN	HIS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P0ABH7

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is 1,4-DIHYDRONICOTINAMIDE ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAI) (formula: C₂₁H₂₉N₇O₁₄P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 44	C 21	N 7	O 14	P 2	0	0
3	B	1	Total 44	C 21	N 7	O 14	P 2	0	0

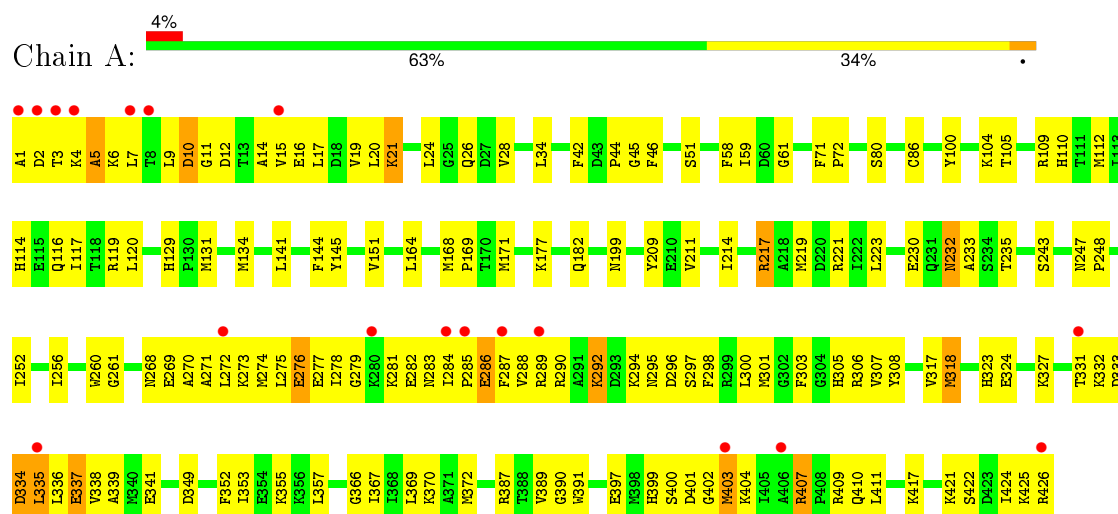
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	212	Total 212	O 212	0	0
4	B	223	Total 223	O 223	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Citrate synthase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	164.70Å 164.70Å 159.43Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.30 82.35 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (30.00-2.30) 99.9 (82.35-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	5.10 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.162 , 0.197 0.161 , 0.197	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3501 reflections (5.14%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.150	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 49.3	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.487 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 71583 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	7273	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.40% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAI, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.36	0/3441	0.63	3/4649 (0.1%)
1	B	0.35	0/3441	0.63	4/4649 (0.1%)
All	All	0.36	0/6882	0.63	7/9298 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	332	LYS	N-CA-C	-7.32	91.25	111.00
1	A	425	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.88	95.13	111.00
1	B	1285	PRO	C-N-CA	-5.54	107.85	121.70
1	B	1285	PRO	N-CA-C	5.36	126.02	112.10
1	A	10	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.21	122.99	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3365	0	3315	194	0
1	B	3365	0	3312	214	0
2	A	10	0	0	0	0
2	B	10	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	44	0	27	2	0
3	B	44	0	27	4	0
4	A	212	0	0	7	0
4	B	223	0	0	12	0
All	All	7273	0	6681	377	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 28.

The worst 5 of 377 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:7:LEU:HG	1:B:1011:GLY:HA2	1.36	1.02
1:A:294:LYS:HD2	1:A:294:LYS:H	1.19	1.01
1:B:1289:ARG:HH21	1:B:1289:ARG:HB2	1.19	1.00
1:A:21:LYS:HE2	1:A:21:LYS:H	1.25	1.00
1:B:1289:ARG:HA	1:B:1292:LYS:HB3	1.44	0.96

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	424/426 (100%)	378 (89%)	37 (9%)	9 (2%)	9	7
1	B	424/426 (100%)	381 (90%)	36 (8%)	7 (2%)	11	10
All	All	848/852 (100%)	759 (90%)	73 (9%)	16 (2%)	10	8

5 of 16 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	ASP
1	B	1295	ASN
1	B	1404	LYS
1	A	5	ALA
1	A	276	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	361/361 (100%)	346 (96%)	15 (4%)	36	49
1	B	361/361 (100%)	349 (97%)	12 (3%)	45	61
All	All	722/722 (100%)	695 (96%)	27 (4%)	41	55

5 of 27 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	403	MET
1	B	1006	LYS
1	B	1334	ASP
1	A	407	ARG
1	A	217	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 15 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	305	HIS
1	A	348	ASN
1	B	1231	GLN
1	A	295	ASN
1	B	1182	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SO4	A	501	-	4,4,4	1.08	0	6,6,6	0.27	0
2	SO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	1.01	0	6,6,6	0.27	0
3	NAI	A	503	-	38,48,48	1.20	3 (7%)	48,73,73	1.99	10 (20%)
2	SO4	B	2001	-	4,4,4	1.12	0	6,6,6	0.30	0
2	SO4	B	2002	-	4,4,4	1.07	0	6,6,6	0.37	0
3	NAI	B	2003	-	38,48,48	1.20	3 (7%)	48,73,73	1.78	7 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SO4	A	501	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	SO4	A	502	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	NAI	A	503	-	-	0/25/72/72	0/5/5/5
2	SO4	B	2001	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	SO4	B	2002	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	NAI	B	2003	-	-	0/25/72/72	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	503	NAI	C4N-C5N	-4.42	1.39	1.49
3	B	2003	NAI	C4N-C5N	-4.39	1.39	1.49
3	A	503	NAI	O4B-C1B	2.42	1.44	1.41
3	B	2003	NAI	O4B-C1B	2.46	1.44	1.41
3	A	503	NAI	C6N-C5N	3.17	1.39	1.33

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	2003	NAI	N3A-C2A-N1A	-9.27	121.80	128.89
3	A	503	NAI	N3A-C2A-N1A	-9.12	121.91	128.89
3	A	503	NAI	O3-PA-O5B	-4.45	91.12	102.94
3	A	503	NAI	PN-O3-PA	-3.49	122.92	132.73
3	A	503	NAI	O5B-PA-O1A	-3.26	96.95	109.62

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	503	NAI	2	0
3	B	2003	NAI	4	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	426/426 (100%)	-0.15	18 (4%)	40 49	10, 26, 83, 106	0
1	B	426/426 (100%)	-0.09	22 (5%)	31 39	10, 25, 87, 95	0
All	All	852/852 (100%)	-0.12	40 (4%)	35 44	10, 26, 86, 106	0

The worst 5 of 40 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	284	ILE	7.3
1	B	1001	ALA	6.4
1	B	1284	ILE	6.2
1	B	1007	LEU	4.6
1	A	3	THR	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	B	2002	5/5	0.82	0.14	3.03	78,78,79,79	0
2	SO4	A	501	5/5	0.84	0.21	0.78	86,86,86,86	0
3	NAI	B	2003	44/44	0.98	0.11	0.10	15,19,24,26	0
3	NAI	A	503	44/44	0.98	0.10	-0.70	26,29,31,32	0
2	SO4	A	502	5/5	0.97	0.12	-	62,63,63,63	0
2	SO4	B	2001	5/5	0.98	0.10	-	47,48,48,49	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.