wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2KQC
Title	:	Second PBZ domain of human APLF protein
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

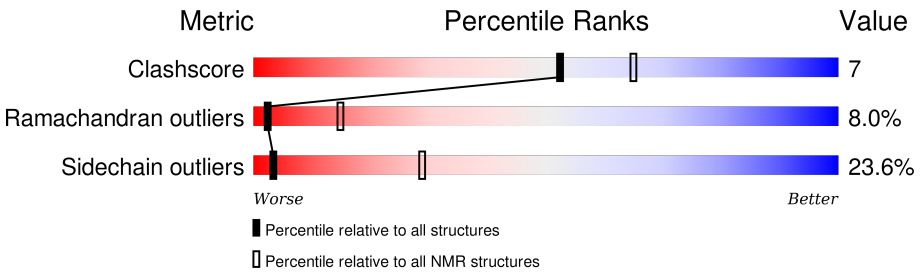
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	89	17% • • 28% 47%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 25 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:419-A:440 (22)	0.14	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 6 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 11, 15
2	13, 18, 19, 20, 21
3	3, 9, 10
4	22, 25
5	16, 23
6	5, 12
Single-model clusters	14; 17; 24

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 737 atoms, of which 355 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Aprataxin and PNK-like factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	47	736	232	355	71	76	2	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	363	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q8IW19
A	364	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q8IW19
A	365	LEU	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q8IW19
A	366	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q8IW19
A	367	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q8IW19

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	1	1	1

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Aprataxin and PNK-like factor

Chain A: 17% • • 28% 47%

GLY PRO LEU GLY SER GLY SER GLU GLY ASN LYS VAL LYS ARG THR SER CYS MET TYR GLY ALA ASN CYS TYR ARG LYS ASN PRO VAL HIS PHE GLN HIS PHE SER HIS PRO GLY ASP SER ASP TYR G405 G406 V407 Q408 I409 V410 G411 Q412 D413 E414 T415 D416 D417 R418 P419 E420 Q433

H434 K435 I436 E437 Y438 R439 H440 N441 T442 L443 P444 V445 R446 N447 V448 L449 D450 E451

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Aprataxin and PNK-like factor

Chain A: 17% 7% • 28% 47%

GLY PRO LEU GLY SER GLY SER GLU GLY ASN LYS VAL LYS ARG THR SER CYS MET TYR GLY ALA ASN CYS TYR ARG LYS ASN PRO VAL HIS PHE GLN HIS PHE SER HIS PRO GLY ASP SER ASP TYR G405 G406 V407 Q408 I409 V410 G411 Q412 D413 E414 T415 D416 D417 R418 P419 E420 S426

R429 Q433 H434 K435 I436 N441 T442 L443 P444 V445 R446 N447 V448 L449 D450 E451

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
XPLOR-NIH	structure solution	
XPLOR-NIH	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	189	174	174	3±1
All	All	4750	4350	4350	63

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

5 of 11 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:436:ILE:HD13	1:A:437:GLU:N	0.59	2.13	25	4
1:A:434:HIS:CE1	1:A:438:TYR:CD2	0.51	2.98	24	1
1:A:436:ILE:HD13	1:A:436:ILE:C	0.49	2.28	20	9
1:A:436:ILE:C	1:A:436:ILE:HD13	0.48	2.29	2	16
1:A:433:GLN:HA	1:A:436:ILE:CG2	0.47	2.39	19	19

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	22/89 (25%)	17±1 (77±6%)	3±1 (15±5%)	2±0 (8±2%)	2 15
All	All	550/2225 (25%)	425 (77%)	81 (15%)	44 (8%)	2 15

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	419	PRO	24
1	A	420	GLU	18
1	A	432	PRO	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	21/78 (27%)	16±1 (76±5%)	5±1 (24±5%)	3 29
All	All	525/1950 (27%)	401 (76%)	124 (24%)	3 29

5 of 10 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	436	ILE	25
1	A	433	GLN	24
1	A	435	LYS	20
1	A	420	GLU	16
1	A	437	GLU	11

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided