wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2L51
Title	:	Solution structure of calcium bound S100A16
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Deposited on	:	2010-10-22

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

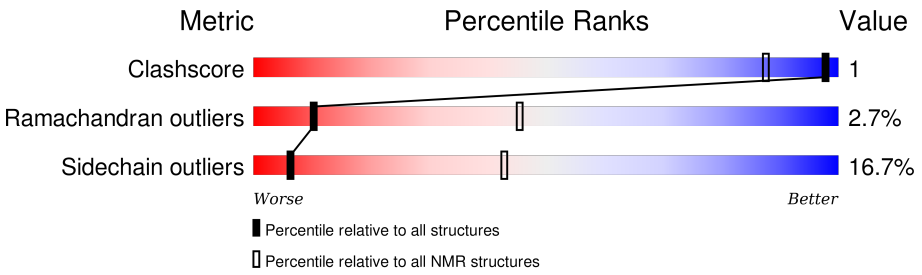
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 74%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	102	71% 17% 13%
1	B	102	71% 17% 13%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 30 models. Model 25 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:5-A:24, A:33-A:101, B:108-B:127, B:136-B:204 (178)	0.54	25

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 25, 28
2	2, 6, 9, 11, 12, 13, 16, 21, 22, 24, 26, 29, 30
Single-model clusters	15; 27

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3282 atoms, of which 1636 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein S100-A16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	102	1639	517	818	139	162	3	0
1	B	102	1639	517	818	139	162	3	0

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Ca
2	B	2	2	2
2	A	2	2	2

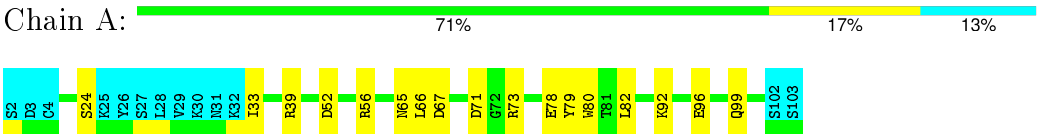
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

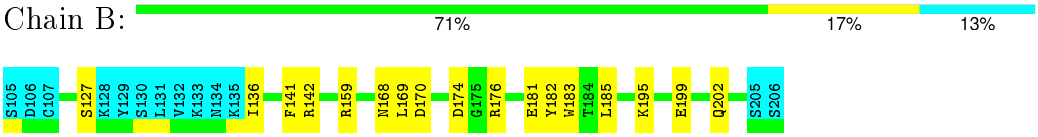
- Molecule 1: Protein S100-A16

Chain A:



- Molecule 1: Protein S100-A16

Chain B:

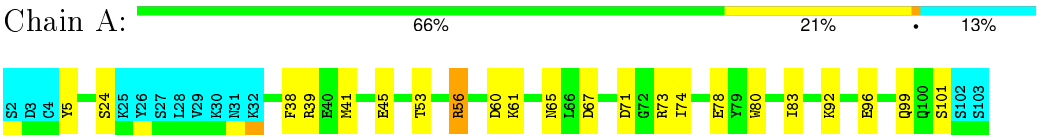


4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 25. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

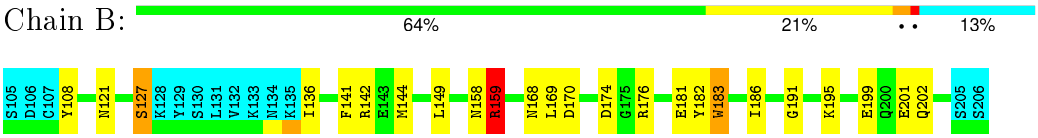
- Molecule 1: Protein S100-A16

Chain A:



- Molecule 1: Protein S100-A16

Chain B:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry*.

Of the 350 calculated structures, 30 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AMBER	structure solution	10.0
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
ProcheckNMR	structure solution	
TALOS	structure solution	
WhatIF	structure solution	
WhatIF	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 17262
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1932
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1932
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	74%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.66±0.01	0±0/733 (0.0±0.0%)	1.18±0.04	5±2/988 (0.5±0.2%)
1	B	0.67±0.01	0±0/733 (0.0±0.0%)	1.18±0.04	5±2/988 (0.5±0.2%)
All	All	0.66	0/43980 (0.0%)	1.18	305/59280 (0.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	2.2±1.5
1	B	0.0±0.0	2.1±1.5
All	All	0	131

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 31 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	B	181	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-12.47	108.33	123.30	8	23
1	A	78	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-12.29	108.55	123.30	9	22
1	B	159	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.32	125.46	120.30	4	17
1	A	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.00	115.30	120.30	21	5
1	A	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.57	125.08	120.30	21	15

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 30 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	67	ASP	Peptide	15
1	B	170	ASP	Peptide	14
1	B	159	ARG	Sidechain	10
1	A	22	TYR	Sidechain	10
1	B	125	TYR	Sidechain	8

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	720	713	713	2±1
1	B	720	713	713	2±1
All	All	43320	42780	42779	58

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 31 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:33:ILE:HG23	1:A:34:SER:H	0.65	1.49	10	1
1:A:11:ALA:HB1	1:B:114:ALA:HB1	0.53	1.79	19	1
1:A:83:ILE:HG23	1:B:183:TRP:CZ3	0.47	2.45	18	14
1:B:141:PHE:CE1	1:B:182:TYR:CE1	0.47	3.02	14	1
1:A:80:TRP:CZ3	1:B:186:ILE:HG23	0.46	2.45	18	13

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	89/102 (87%)	77±2 (87±2%)	9±2 (10±2%)	2±1 (3±1%)	10 44

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	89/102 (87%)	78±3 (88±3%)	8±2 (9±3%)	2±1 (3±1%)	10 45
All	All	5340/6120 (87%)	4673 (88%)	521 (10%)	146 (3%)	10 45

5 of 33 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	24	SER	20
1	B	127	SER	20
1	B	136	ILE	13
1	A	33	ILE	12
1	B	191	GLY	9

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	79/92 (86%)	66±3 (83±3%)	14±3 (17±3%)	6 42
1	B	79/92 (86%)	66±3 (84±3%)	13±3 (16±3%)	6 43
All	All	4740/5520 (86%)	3947 (83%)	793 (17%)	6 43

5 of 112 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	B	202	GLN	30
1	A	99	GLN	30
1	B	195	LYS	29
1	B	183	TRP	29
1	A	92	LYS	29

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 74% for the well-defined parts and 74% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 17262

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_ chem_ shift_ list_ 1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1932
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1932
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	10

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	202	2.05 ± 0.25	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	192	2.96 ± 0.13	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	188	2.32 ± 0.22	Should be applied
^{15}N	196	0.26 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 74%, i.e. 1662 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2246. 26 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	862/886 (97%)	348/354 (98%)	342/356 (96%)	172/176 (98%)
Sidechain	800/1176 (68%)	408/686 (59%)	366/438 (84%)	26/52 (50%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	0/184 (0%)	0/98 (0%)	0/78 (0%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	1662/2246 (74%)	756/1138 (66%)	708/872 (81%)	198/236 (84%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

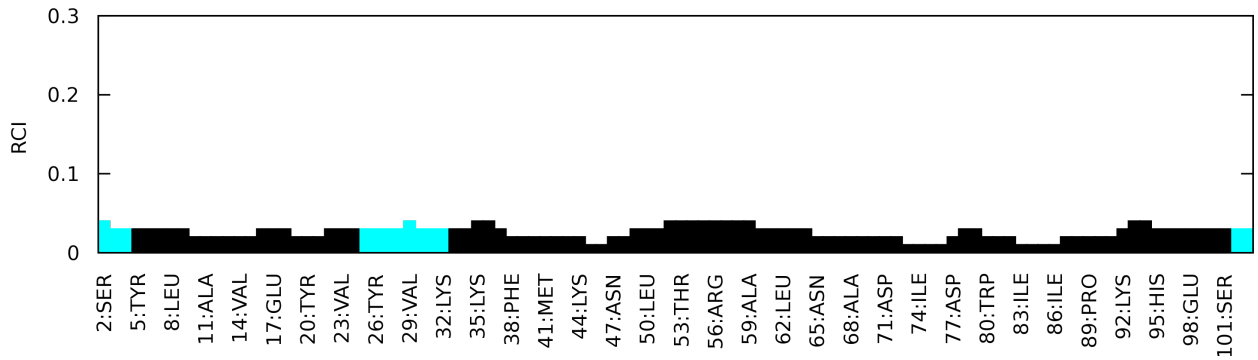
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	73	ARG	NE	125.00	92.63 – 76.73	25.4
1	B	176	ARG	NE	125.00	92.63 – 76.73	25.4
1	B	159	ARG	NE	124.90	92.63 – 76.73	25.3
1	A	56	ARG	NE	124.90	92.63 – 76.73	25.3
1	B	142	ARG	NE	124.80	92.63 – 76.73	25.2
1	A	39	ARG	NE	124.80	92.63 – 76.73	25.2
1	A	32	LYS	CD	39.20	34.86 – 23.06	8.7
1	B	135	LYS	CD	39.20	34.86 – 23.06	8.7
1	A	84	GLY	HA3	1.77	5.80 – 2.00	-5.6
1	B	187	GLY	HA3	1.77	5.80 – 2.00	-5.6

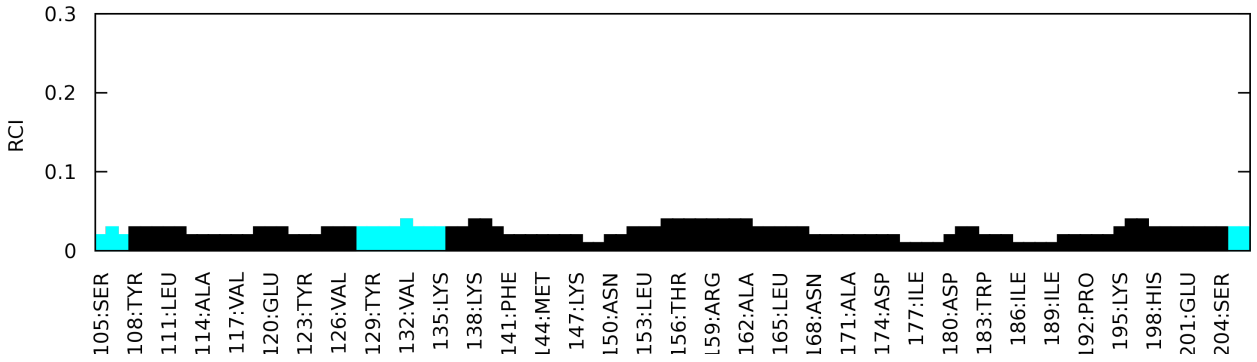
7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The images below report *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:


RCI
0.3
0.2
0.1
0
105:SER
108:TYR
111:LEU
114:ALA
117:VAL
120:GLU
123:TYR
126:VAL
129:TYR
132:VAL
135:LYS
138:LYS
141:PHE
144:MET
147:LYS
150:ASN
153:LEU
156:THR
159:ARG
162:ALA
165:LEU
168:ASN
171:ALA
174:ASP
177:ILE
180:ASP
183:TRP
186:ILE
189:ILE
192:PRO
195:LYS
198:HIS
201:GLU
204:SER