



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 12:59 AM BST

PDB ID : 2LHA
Title : Solution structure of C2B with IP6
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Deposited on : 2011-08-08

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

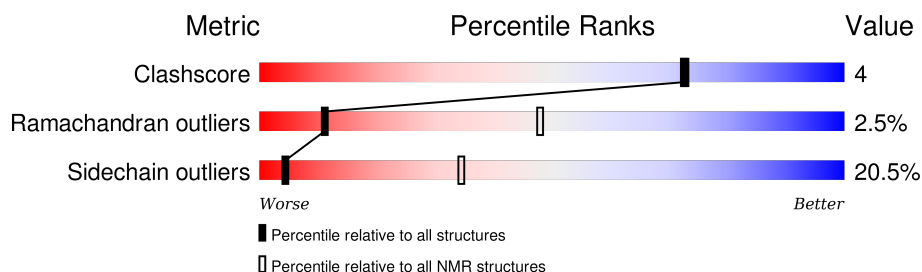
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR


The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	151	 70% 28% ..

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:273-A:421 (149)	0.24	5

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9
2	3, 6
Single-model clusters	8; 10

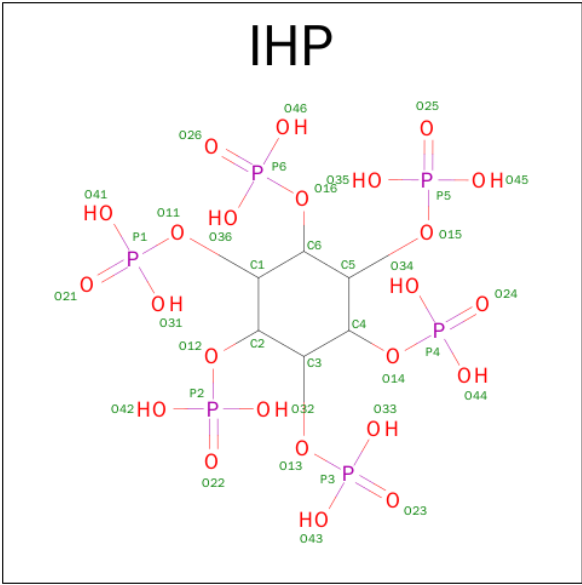
3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2514 atoms, of which 1267 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Synaptotagmin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	151	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2472	779	1261	207	220	5	

- Molecule 2 is INOSITOL HEXAKISPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: IHP) (formula: $C_6H_{18}O_{24}P_6$).



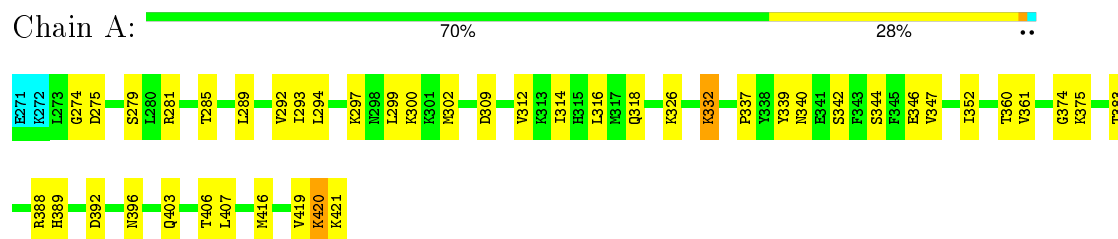
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				
2	A	1	Total	C	H	O	P
			42	6	6	24	6

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

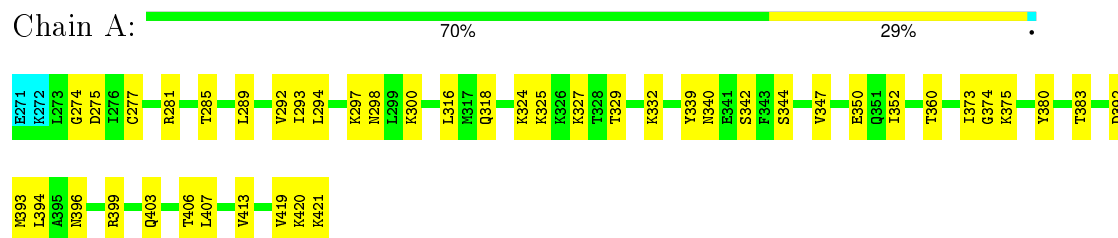


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

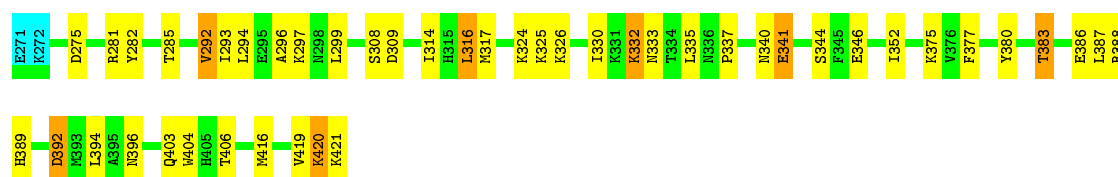
- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

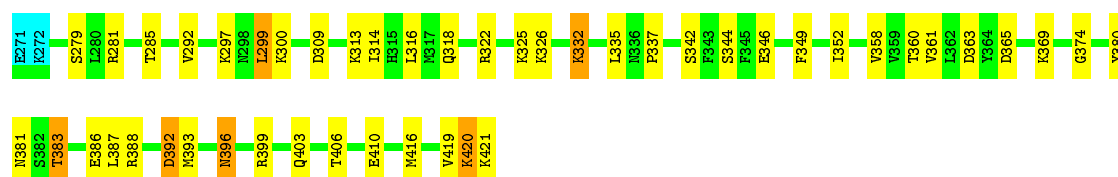




4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

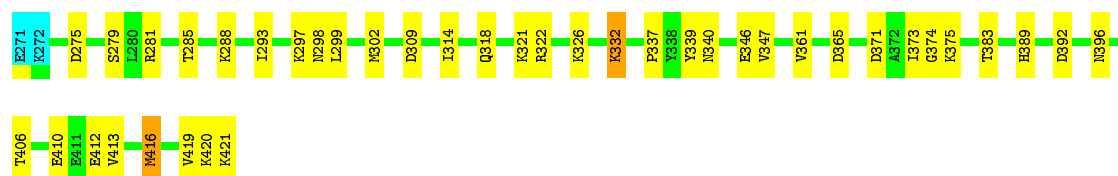
Chain A: 68% 27%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

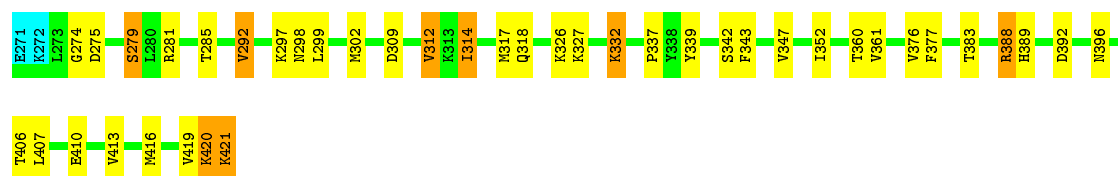
Chain A: 72% 25%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5 (medoid)

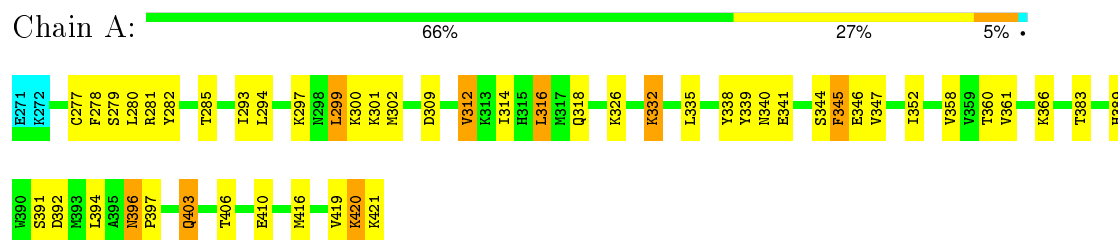
- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

Chain A: 72% 22% 5%



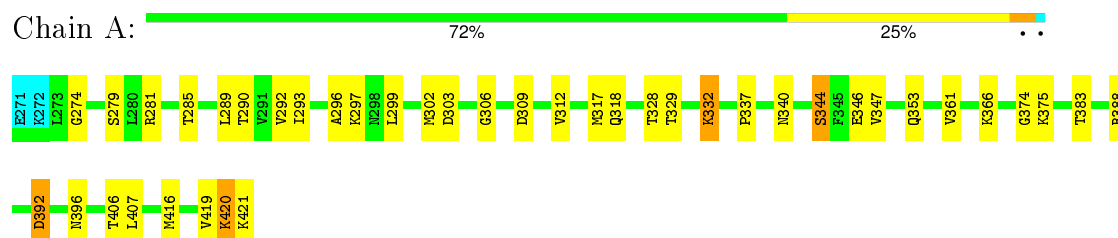
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1



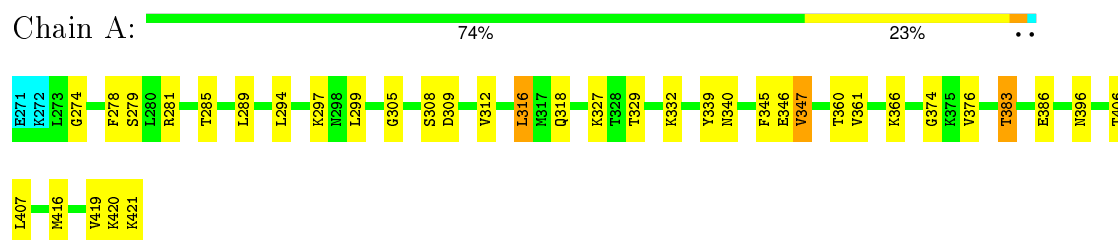
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1



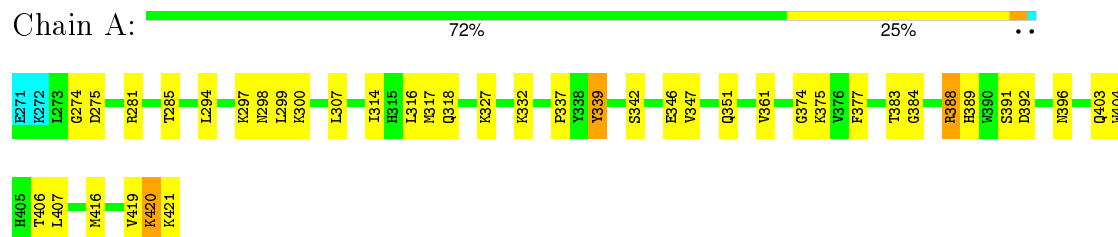
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

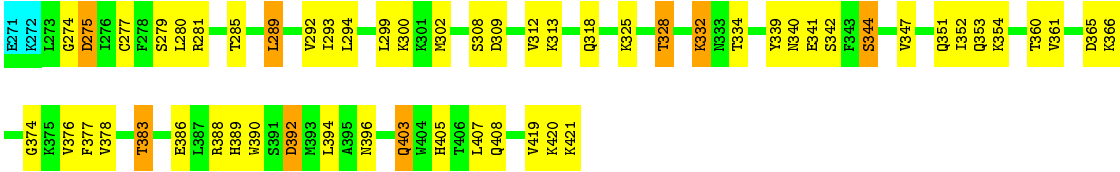
● Molecule 1: Synaptotagmin-1

Chain A:

62%

32%

5%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	structure solution	1.2
ARIA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2lha_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1840
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1829
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	11
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality ⓘ

6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IHP

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1193	1240	1237	10±4
All	All	12290	12460	12430	104

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:289:LEU:HG	1:A:352:ILE:HD11	0.69	1.63	10	1
1:A:388:ARG:O	1:A:392:ASP:HB3	0.61	1.95	7	4
1:A:317:MET:SD	1:A:420:LYS:HE2	0.61	2.35	2	4
1:A:293:ILE:O	1:A:340:ASN:HA	0.58	1.96	2	6
1:A:299:LEU:HD12	1:A:308:SER:HB2	0.56	1.78	8	1
1:A:280:LEU:HB3	1:A:394:LEU:HD23	0.54	1.80	10	1
1:A:289:LEU:HD13	1:A:347:VAL:HG23	0.53	1.79	8	1
1:A:289:LEU:HD21	1:A:394:LEU:HD22	0.51	1.81	10	1
1:A:361:VAL:HB	1:A:374:GLY:O	0.51	2.06	8	5
1:A:299:LEU:O	1:A:335:LEU:HA	0.49	2.07	6	2
1:A:275:ASP:N	1:A:298:ASN:HB3	0.49	2.23	1	4
1:A:275:ASP:H	1:A:298:ASN:HB3	0.49	1.67	9	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:296:ALA:O	1:A:337:PRO:HD2	0.49	2.08	7	2
1:A:289:LEU:HG	1:A:352:ILE:CD1	0.48	2.36	10	1
1:A:393:MET:SD	1:A:399:ARG:HB2	0.48	2.48	1	2
1:A:289:LEU:O	1:A:344:SER:HA	0.48	2.09	7	3
1:A:274:GLY:CA	1:A:407:LEU:HB2	0.48	2.38	5	6
1:A:282:TYR:HB2	1:A:394:LEU:O	0.48	2.08	2	2
1:A:309:ASP:OD1	1:A:332:LYS:HB2	0.48	2.09	8	8
1:A:383:THR:HB	1:A:386:GLU:OE1	0.48	2.08	3	4
1:A:410:GLU:O	1:A:413:VAL:HG12	0.48	2.09	5	1
1:A:412:GLU:O	1:A:416:MET:HB2	0.48	2.07	4	1
1:A:312:VAL:HG12	1:A:361:VAL:HG13	0.47	1.86	6	4
1:A:374:GLY:HA2	1:A:408:GLN:O	0.47	2.09	10	1
1:A:274:GLY:HA3	1:A:407:LEU:HB2	0.47	1.85	1	2
1:A:396:ASN:H	1:A:397:PRO:CD	0.47	2.23	6	1
1:A:292:VAL:HA	1:A:341:GLU:O	0.46	2.10	10	2
1:A:275:ASP:HA	1:A:405:HIS:O	0.46	2.10	10	1
1:A:375:LYS:HB3	1:A:413:VAL:HG21	0.46	1.88	4	1
1:A:373:ILE:HG22	1:A:374:GLY:H	0.44	1.72	1	1
1:A:328:THR:OG1	1:A:341:GLU:HG3	0.44	2.13	10	1
1:A:316:LEU:HD11	1:A:324:LYS:HB2	0.44	1.89	2	1
1:A:349:PHE:HA	1:A:352:ILE:CD1	0.43	2.43	3	1
1:A:384:GLY:O	1:A:388:ARG:HB2	0.43	2.13	9	1
1:A:420:LYS:HG2	1:A:421:LYS:N	0.43	2.28	5	1
1:A:351:GLN:O	1:A:354:LYS:HG2	0.43	2.12	10	1
1:A:416:MET:O	1:A:420:LYS:HD2	0.43	2.14	6	1
1:A:277:CYS:HA	1:A:403:GLN:O	0.43	2.14	6	3
1:A:381:ASN:ND2	1:A:420:LYS:HE3	0.43	2.29	3	1
1:A:374:GLY:O	1:A:375:LYS:HD2	0.43	2.13	7	1
1:A:314:ILE:HB	1:A:343:PHE:CE2	0.42	2.49	5	1
1:A:303:ASP:OD2	1:A:306:GLY:HA3	0.42	2.13	7	1
1:A:376:VAL:HB	1:A:407:LEU:HG	0.42	1.92	8	3
1:A:279:SER:HB2	1:A:292:VAL:HG23	0.42	1.91	5	1
1:A:389:HIS:HA	1:A:392:ASP:OD1	0.42	2.15	10	1
1:A:352:ILE:HD13	1:A:394:LEU:O	0.42	2.14	1	1
1:A:316:LEU:HD13	1:A:345:PHE:CZ	0.41	2.50	8	2
1:A:380:TYR:O	1:A:387:LEU:HD13	0.41	2.15	2	2
1:A:390:TRP:O	1:A:394:LEU:HG	0.41	2.16	10	1
1:A:316:LEU:HD21	1:A:324:LYS:HB2	0.41	1.92	1	1
1:A:388:ARG:HD3	1:A:388:ARG:O	0.41	2.15	5	1
1:A:335:LEU:O	1:A:337:PRO:HD3	0.40	2.16	2	1
1:A:288:LYS:CB	1:A:346:GLU:HA	0.40	2.47	4	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:299:LEU:HA	1:A:299:LEU:HD13	0.40	1.80	3	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	148/151 (98%)	121±4 (82±2%)	23±4 (16±3%)	4±1 (2±1%)	11	48
All	All	1480/1510 (98%)	1211 (82%)	232 (16%)	37 (2%)	11	48

All 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	419	VAL	10
1	A	396	ASN	10
1	A	339	TYR	6
1	A	337	PRO	4
1	A	365	ASP	3
1	A	305	GLY	1
1	A	307	LEU	1
1	A	275	ASP	1
1	A	380	TYR	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	132/134 (99%)	105±5 (80±3%)	27±5 (20±3%)	4	34
All	All	1320/1340 (99%)	1050 (80%)	270 (20%)	4	34

All 69 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	281	ARG	10
1	A	383	THR	10
1	A	421	LYS	10
1	A	285	THR	10
1	A	420	LYS	10
1	A	332	LYS	9
1	A	318	GLN	9
1	A	297	LYS	9
1	A	392	ASP	9
1	A	406	THR	9
1	A	347	VAL	8
1	A	299	LEU	8
1	A	279	SER	7
1	A	416	MET	7
1	A	314	ILE	6
1	A	294	LEU	6
1	A	360	THR	6
1	A	346	GLU	6
1	A	300	LYS	5
1	A	292	VAL	5
1	A	316	LEU	5
1	A	389	HIS	5
1	A	342	SER	5
1	A	302	MET	5
1	A	344	SER	5
1	A	326	LYS	5
1	A	403	GLN	5
1	A	327	LYS	4
1	A	325	LYS	4
1	A	377	PHE	4
1	A	366	LYS	4
1	A	329	THR	3
1	A	352	ILE	3
1	A	410	GLU	3
1	A	375	LYS	3
1	A	312	VAL	3
1	A	308	SER	2
1	A	278	PHE	2
1	A	328	THR	2
1	A	353	GLN	2
1	A	322	ARG	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	313	LYS	2
1	A	388	ARG	2
1	A	339	TYR	2
1	A	391	SER	2
1	A	358	VAL	2
1	A	341	GLU	2
1	A	404	TRP	2
1	A	351	GLN	1
1	A	396	ASN	1
1	A	413	VAL	1
1	A	333	ASN	1
1	A	301	LYS	1
1	A	280	LEU	1
1	A	321	LYS	1
1	A	290	THR	1
1	A	371	ASP	1
1	A	338	TYR	1
1	A	373	ILE	1
1	A	345	PHE	1
1	A	334	THR	1
1	A	330	ILE	1
1	A	350	GLU	1
1	A	378	VAL	1
1	A	289	LEU	1
1	A	363	ASP	1
1	A	369	LYS	1
1	A	340	ASN	1
1	A	275	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	IHP	A	1	-	30,36,36	1.27±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	IHP	A	1	-	60,60,60	0.70±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	IHP	A	1	-	-	0±0,30,54,54	0±0,1,1,1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2lha_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1840
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1829
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	11
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Residue not found in structure. All 11 occurrences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	270	GLN	HB2	1.97	0.0	2
A	270	GLN	H	8.59	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	CG	33.87	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	C	175.63	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	N	122.41	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	HG2	2.27	0.0	2
A	270	GLN	HG3	2.27	0.0	2
A	270	GLN	HB3	1.97	0.0	2
A	270	GLN	CB	29.29	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	CA	55.9	0.0	1
A	270	GLN	HA	4.27	0.0	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing ⓘ

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	152	0.20 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	143	-0.34 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	134	0.56 ± 0.11	Should be applied
^{15}N	142	-0.08 ± 0.47	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments ⓘ

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1607 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1899. 0 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	707/733 (96%)	288/292 (99%)	280/298 (94%)	139/143 (97%)
Sidechain	857/1025 (84%)	558/599 (93%)	299/379 (79%)	0/47 (0%)
Aromatic	43/141 (30%)	43/73 (59%)	0/60 (0%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	1607/1899 (85%)	889/964 (92%)	579/737 (79%)	139/198 (70%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1635 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1929. 0 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	717/743 (97%)	292/296 (99%)	284/302 (94%)	141/145 (97%)
Sidechain	875/1045 (84%)	570/611 (93%)	305/386 (79%)	0/48 (0%)
Aromatic	43/141 (30%)	43/73 (59%)	0/60 (0%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	1635/1929 (85%)	905/980 (92%)	589/748 (79%)	141/201 (70%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	400	PRO	CB	43.56	37.79 – 25.89	9.8
1	A	277	CYS	HB3	-0.36	5.25 – 0.55	-6.9
1	A	297	LYS	HE2	1.79	3.87 – 1.97	-5.9
1	A	403	GLN	HB2	0.69	3.30 – 0.80	-5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

