



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 12, 2016 – 11:45 PM EST

PDB ID : 5LUY  
Title : X-ray structure of the complex between human alpha-thrombin and modified 15-mer DNA aptamer containing 5-(3-(acetamide-N-yl)-1-propen-1-yl)-2'-deoxyuridine residue  
Authors : Dolot, R.D.; Nawrot, B.; Yang, X.  
Deposited on : 2016-09-12  
Resolution : 2.24 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

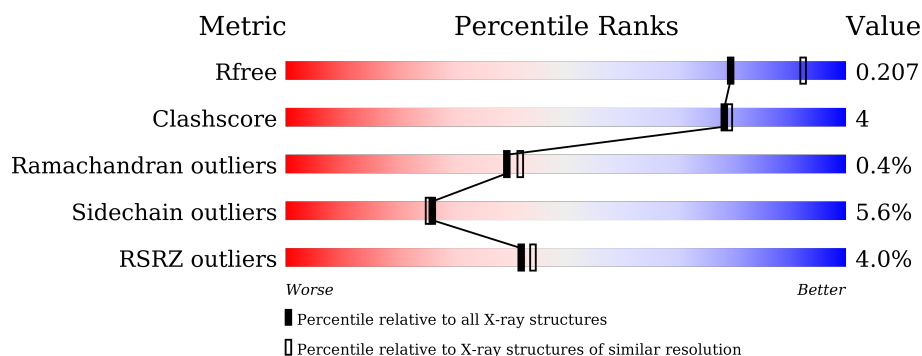
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20028442  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20028442



i

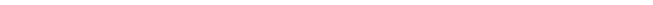

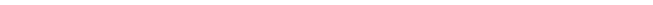
## X-RAY DIFFRACTION

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	1611 (2.26-2.22)
Clashscore	102246	1764 (2.26-2.22)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1724 (2.26-2.22)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1724 (2.26-2.22)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1616 (2.26-2.22)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	D	15	 <div> <div></div> <div>87%</div> <div>13%</div> </div>
2	L	36	 <div> <div></div> <div>6%</div> <div>72%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>17%</div> </div>
3	H	259	 <div> <div></div> <div>4%</div> <div>89%</div> <div>10%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	NAG	H	703	X	-	-	-



## 2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2992 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called GA68B2 - modified human thrombin binding aptamer.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	D	15	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			321	154	58	95	14			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Prothrombin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	30	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			243	151	39	52	1			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Prothrombin.

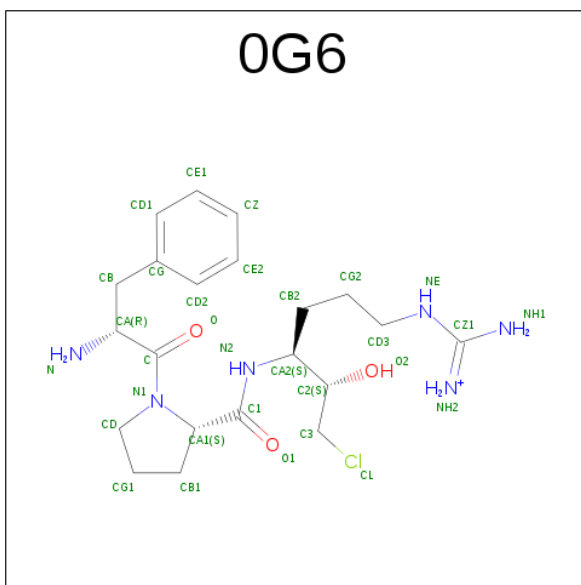
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	H	259	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			2150	1367	384	384	15			

- Molecule 4 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	1	Total	K	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is D-phenylalanyl-N-[(2S,3S)-6-{[amino(iminio)methyl]amino}-1-chloro-2-hydroxyhexan-3-yl]-L-prolinamide (three-letter code: 0G6) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>34</sub>ClN<sub>6</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



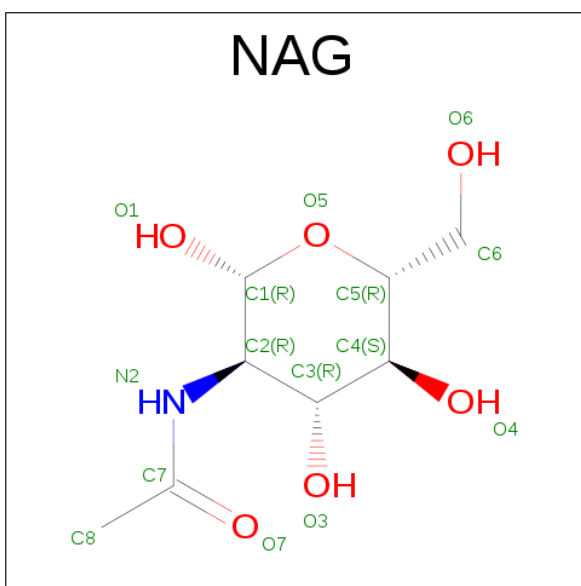


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			30	21	6	3		

- Molecule 6 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	H	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	D	30	Total	O	0	0
			30	30		
8	L	18	Total	O	0	0
			18	18		
8	H	184	Total	O	0	0
			184	184		



### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

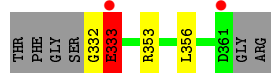
- Molecule 1: GA68B2 - modified human thrombin binding aptamer

Chain D: 




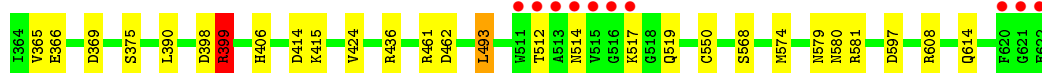
- Molecule 2: Prothrombin

Chain L: 



- Molecule 3: Prothrombin

Chain H: 





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	94.58Å 94.58Å 125.57Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.29 – 2.24 47.29 – 2.24	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.3 (47.29-2.24) 95.3 (47.29-2.24)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.97 (at 2.24Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0155	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.160 , 0.208 0.170 , 0.207	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1583 reflections (5.51%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.023	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 43.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2992	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 0G6, NA, K, 8DT, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	D	0.72	0/330	1.11	1/509 (0.2%)
2	L	1.05	1/245 (0.4%)	0.97	0/326
3	H	1.02	1/2205 (0.0%)	1.12	14/2977 (0.5%)
All	All	0.99	2/2780 (0.1%)	1.11	15/3812 (0.4%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	H	375	SER	CB-OG	-6.00	1.34	1.42
2	L	332	GLY	C-O	5.11	1.31	1.23

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	H	461	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.59	126.09	120.30
3	H	608	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.64	125.12	120.30
3	H	581	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.49	125.05	120.30
3	H	461	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.78	115.91	120.30
3	H	399[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.64	115.98	120.30
3	H	399[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.64	115.98	120.30
3	H	436	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.53	124.07	120.30
3	H	581	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.55	117.03	120.30
3	H	436	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.24	117.18	120.30
3	H	574	MET	CG-SD-CE	-6.08	90.47	100.20
1	D	410	DG	O5'-P-OP1	-6.01	100.29	105.70
3	H	597	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.80	123.52	118.30
3	H	390	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.56	101.54	111.00
3	H	398	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.21	122.98	118.30
3	H	369	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.08	122.87	118.30



There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	321	0	161	3	0
2	L	243	0	235	2	0
3	H	2150	0	2120	14	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	H	30	0	32	9	0
6	H	1	0	0	0	0
7	H	14	0	13	0	0
8	D	30	0	0	3	0
8	H	184	0	0	1	0
8	L	18	0	0	2	0
All	All	2992	0	2561	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:406:HIS:CE1	5:H:701:0G6:C3	1.83	1.56
3:H:406:HIS:HE1	5:H:701:0G6:C3	0.90	1.52
3:H:568:SER:OG	5:H:701:0G6:C2	1.73	1.35
3:H:568:SER:OG	5:H:701:0G6:H33	0.86	1.03
2:L:333:GLU:O	8:L:401:HOH:O	1.79	1.00
3:H:568:SER:HG	5:H:701:0G6:H33	1.34	0.88
3:H:568:SER:CB	5:H:701:0G6:H33	2.13	0.77
3:H:406:HIS:HD2	3:H:462:ASP:OD2	1.73	0.72
3:H:519:GLN:HG2	8:H:915:HOH:O	1.91	0.70
3:H:568:SER:CB	5:H:701:0G6:C2	2.76	0.60
1:D:403:DT:H6	8:D:601:HOH:O	1.86	0.58
3:H:568:SER:OG	5:H:701:0G6:C3	2.49	0.57
3:H:406:HIS:CE1	5:H:701:0G6:C2	2.82	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:L:353:ARG:HB2	8:L:404:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:D:403:DT:C7	8:D:601:HOH:O	2.64	0.46
3:H:399[A]:ARG:HE	3:H:399[A]:ARG:HB2	1.27	0.44
3:H:493:LEU:HA	3:H:493:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.44
3:H:365:VAL:HG12	3:H:366:GLU:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:D:403:DT:H73	8:D:601:HOH:O	2.19	0.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	L	28/36 (78%)	24 (86%)	3 (11%)	1 (4%)	4	1
3	H	263/259 (102%)	257 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	291/295 (99%)	281 (97%)	9 (3%)	1 (0%)	39	51

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	333	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	L	27/31 (87%)	25 (93%)	2 (7%)	17	14
3	H	231/225 (103%)	217 (94%)	14 (6%)	23	22
All	All	258/256 (101%)	242 (94%)	16 (6%)	26	21

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	333	GLU
2	L	356	LEU
3	H	399[A]	ARG
3	H	399[B]	ARG
3	H	414	ASP
3	H	415	LYS
3	H	424	VAL
3	H	493	LEU
3	H	512	THR
3	H	514	ASN
3	H	517	LYS
3	H	550	CYS
3	H	579	ASN
3	H	580	ASN
3	H	614[A]	GLN
3	H	614[B]	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	H	378	GLN
3	H	406	HIS
3	H	437	ASN
3	H	524	GLN
3	H	579	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	8DT	D	404	1	19,27,28	1.17	3 (15%)	23,37,40	1.61	4 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	8DT	D	404	1	-	0/10/28/29	0/2/2/2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	D	404	8DT	C4-C5	-2.75	1.38	1.44
1	D	404	8DT	C33-C32	2.04	1.54	1.50
1	D	404	8DT	C4-N3	2.40	1.37	1.33

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	404	8DT	C33-C32-N9	-3.44	111.32	116.28
1	D	404	8DT	C1-C3-N9	-3.09	101.03	112.40
1	D	404	8DT	O34-C32-C33	2.04	125.83	122.07
1	D	404	8DT	C4-N3-C2	4.09	118.57	115.16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	0G6	H	701	-	27,31,32	0.91	0	34,41,42	1.13	4 (11%)
7	NAG	H	703	3	14,14,15	1.73	1 (7%)	15,19,21	2.71	5 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	0G6	H	701	-	-	0/29/41/43	0/2/2/2
7	NAG	H	703	3	1/1/5/7	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	H	703	NAG	C1-C2	5.99	1.61	1.52

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	H	701	0G6	CA2-N2-C1	-2.60	118.27	123.15
7	H	703	NAG	O3-C3-C4	-2.25	105.29	110.36
5	H	701	0G6	O2-C2-C3	-2.16	103.13	109.56
5	H	701	0G6	CB1-CA1-C1	-2.13	107.39	111.29
7	H	703	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.09	108.10	111.34
5	H	701	0G6	O1-C1-N2	2.09	126.98	122.91

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	H	703	NAG	O5-C5-C4	2.53	114.33	110.13
7	H	703	NAG	O3-C3-C2	3.35	116.55	109.37
7	H	703	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.57	124.74	112.14

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
7	H	703	NAG	C1

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	H	701	0G6	9	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	D	14/15 (93%)	-0.67	0 100 100	35, 42, 64, 116	0
2	L	30/36 (83%)	-0.05	2 (6%) 21 22	28, 45, 85, 129	0
3	H	259/259 (100%)	-0.46	10 (3%) 43 45	22, 36, 77, 157	0
All	All	303/310 (97%)	-0.43	12 (3%) 42 44	22, 37, 81, 157	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	L	361	ASP	4.3
3	H	515	VAL	3.2
3	H	622	GLU	3.1
3	H	513	ALA	3.0
3	H	514	ASN	3.0
3	H	512	THR	3.0
3	H	620	PHE	2.7
3	H	517	LYS	2.6
2	L	333	GLU	2.6
3	H	516	GLY	2.3
3	H	511	TRP	2.2
3	H	621	GLY	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
1	8DT	D	404	26/27	0.97	0.11	-	27,37,68,78	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	0G6	H	701	30/31	0.98	0.12	0.12	23,28,31,32	0
6	NA	H	702	1/1	0.99	0.07	-2.41	32,32,32,32	0
4	K	D	501	1/1	1.00	0.07	-2.69	35,35,35,35	0
7	NAG	H	703	14/15	0.81	0.27	-	72,102,122,122	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.