



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 20, 2016 – 10:22 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2N8Z
Title : Apo form of Calmodulin-Like Domain of Human Non-Muscle alpha-actinin 1
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Deposited on : 2015-10-28

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027790
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027790

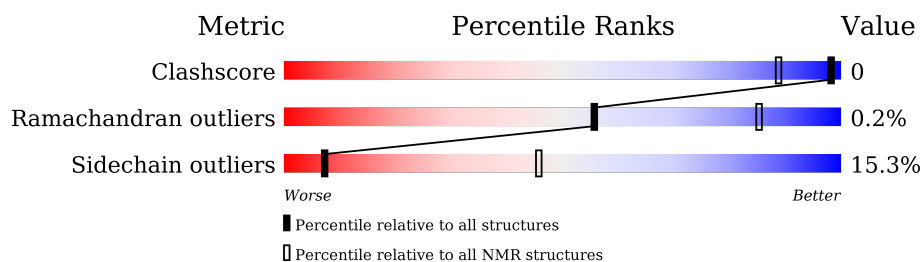
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	153	<div>69% 10% • 20%</div>

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:746-A:782, A:788-A:815 (65)	0.12	6
2	A:830-A:886 (57)	0.20	7

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15, 20
2	5, 12, 16, 19
3	2, 9, 18
4	11, 13, 17
Single-model clusters	14

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2304 atoms, of which 1114 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-actinin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	153	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2304	742	1114	195	244	9	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

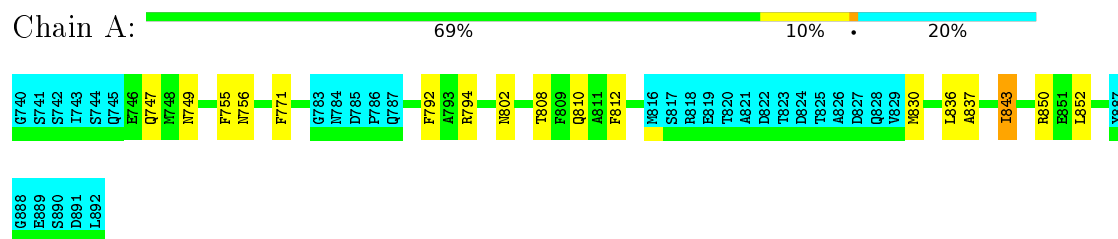
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	740	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P12814
A	741	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P12814
A	742	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P12814

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1

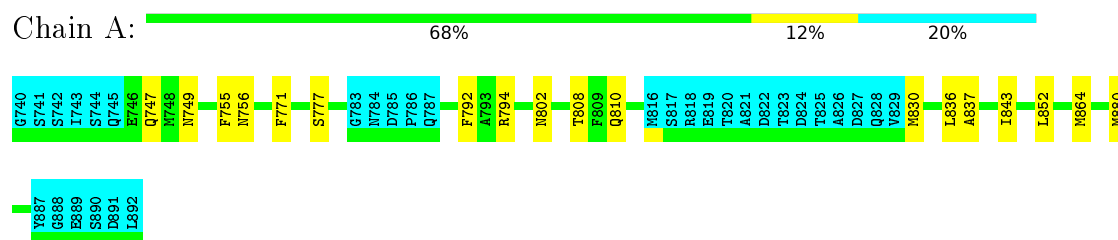


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

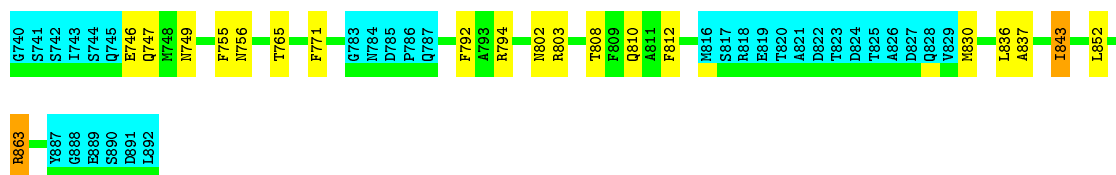
- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1

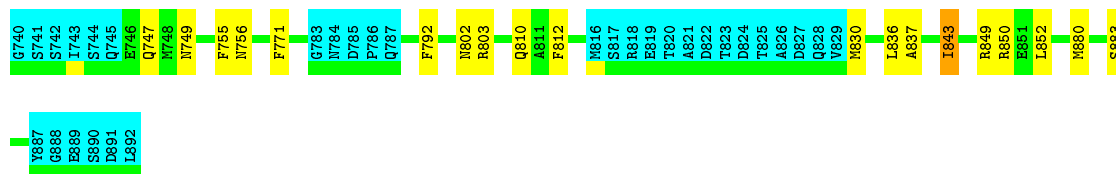
Chain A: 71% 9% 20%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1

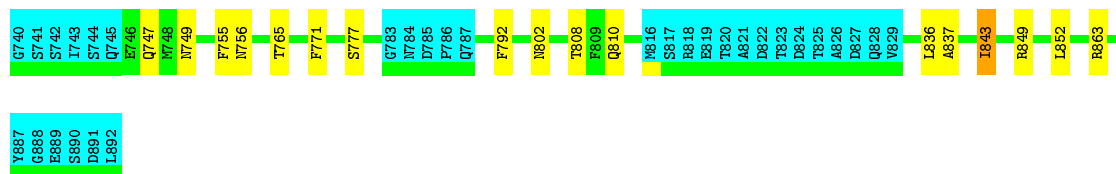
Chain A: 67% 12% 20%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1

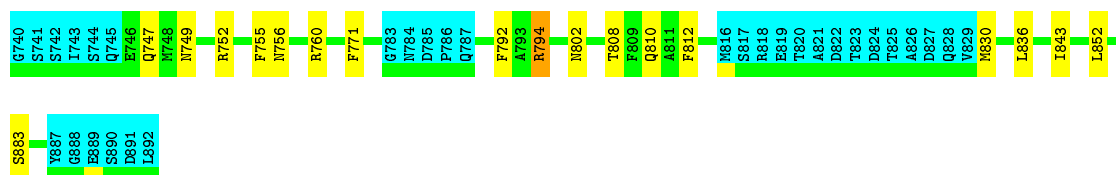
Chain A: 69% 10% 20%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

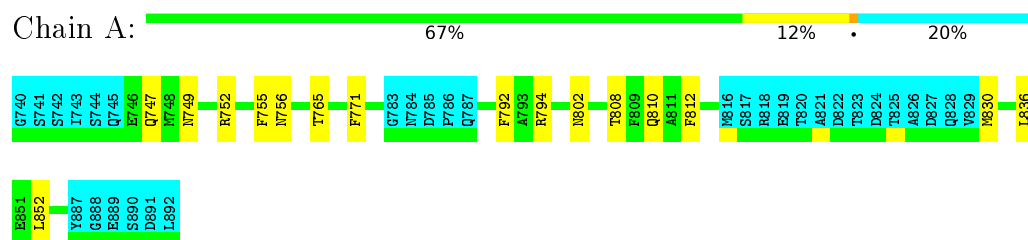
- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1

Chain A: 68% 11% 20%



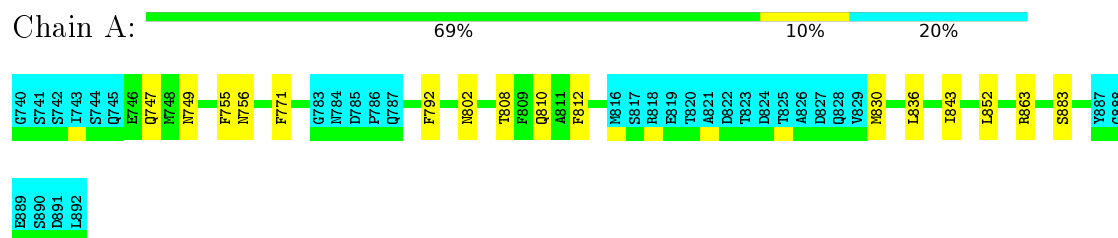
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



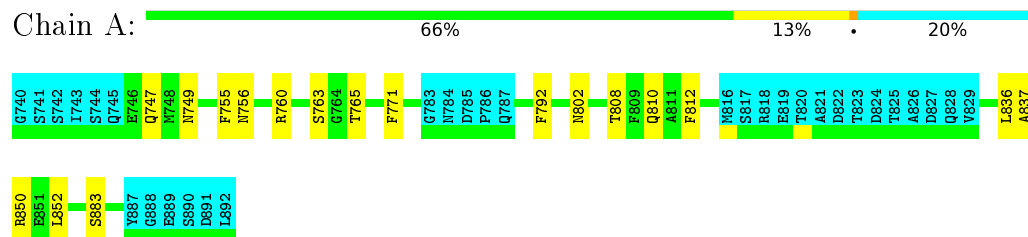
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



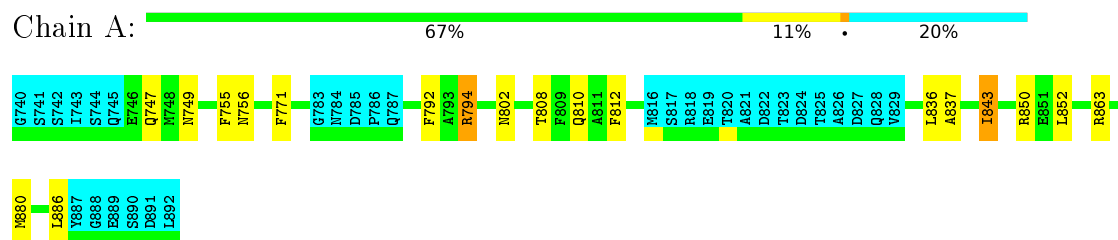
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



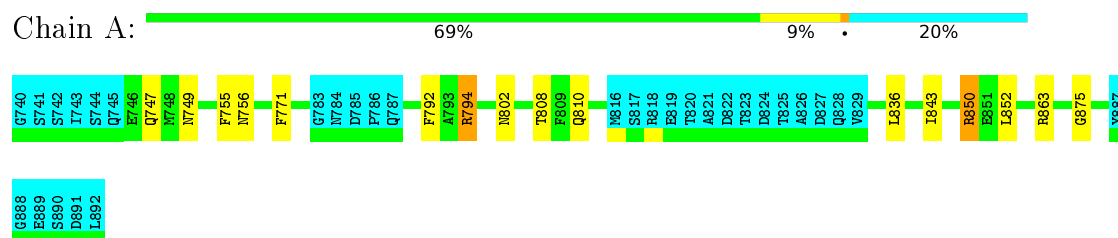
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



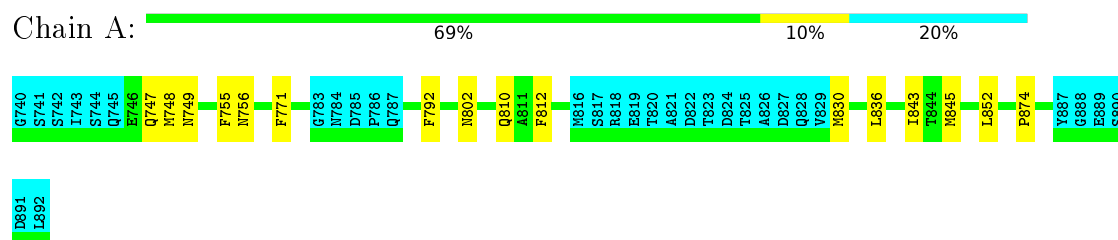
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



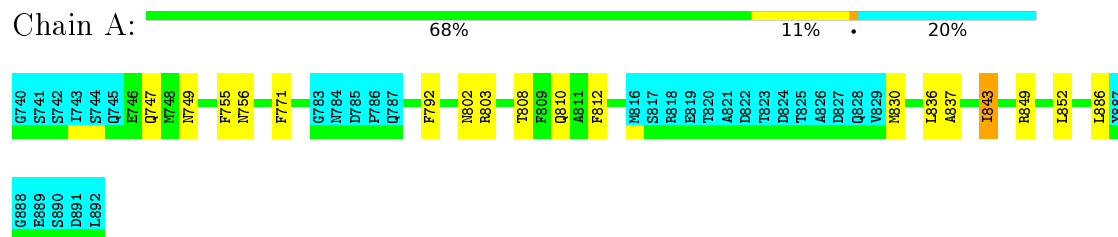
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



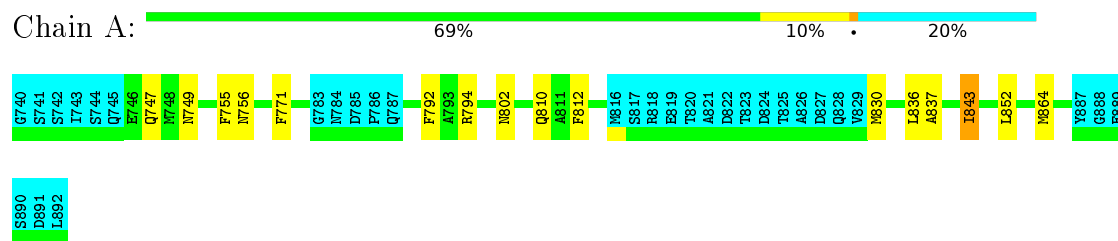
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



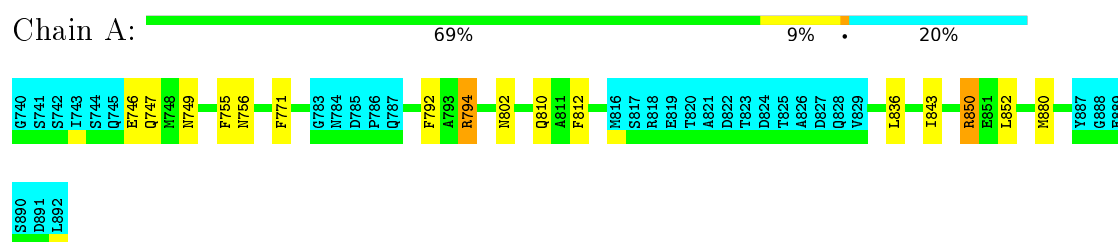
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



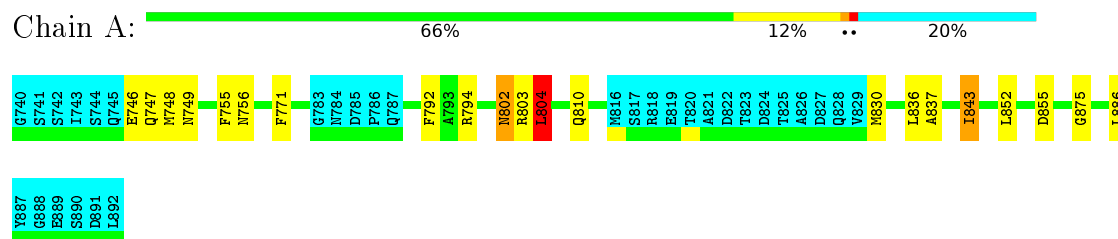
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



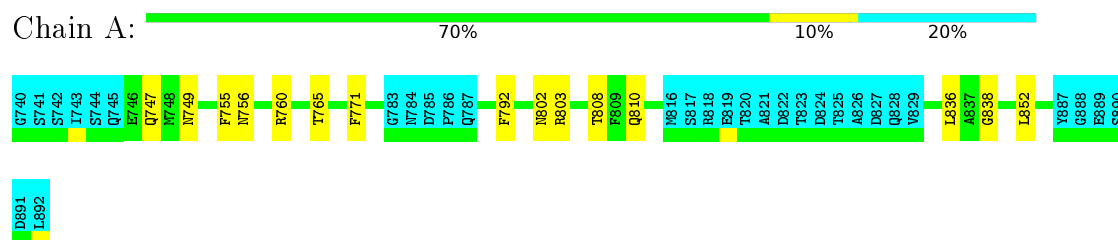
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



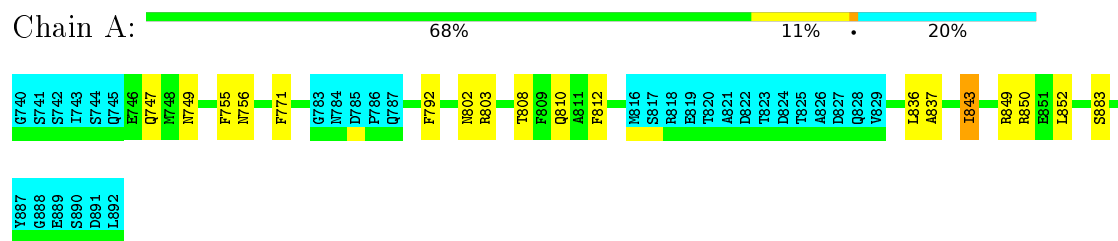
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



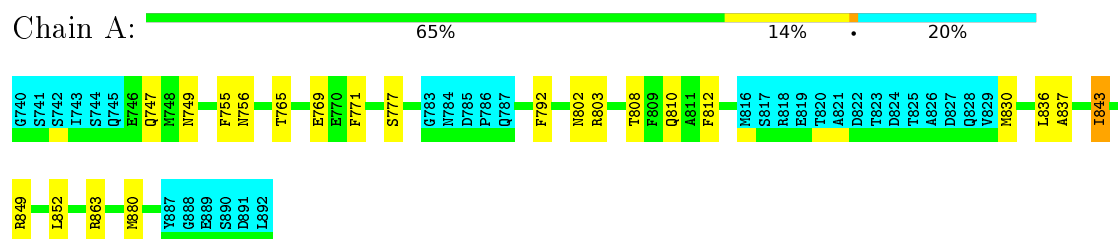
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



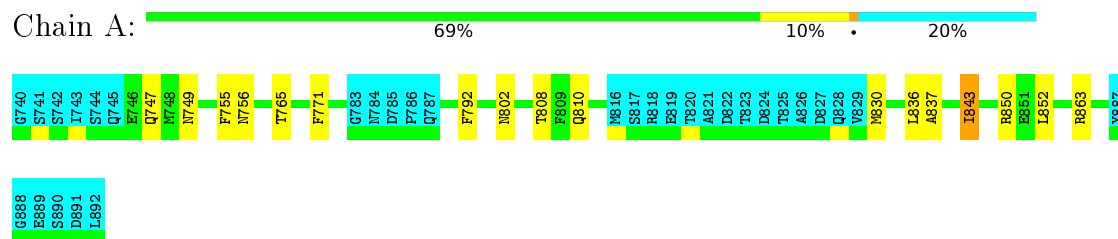
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Alpha-actinin-1



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, water refinement*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
YASARA	refinement	
CYANA	refinement	3.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2n8z_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1660
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1660
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.73±0.03	0±0/986 (0.0±0.0%)	0.74±0.03	2±1/1334 (0.1±0.1%)
All	All	0.73	0/19720 (0.0%)	0.74	32/26680 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	794	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.70	123.65	120.30	6	5
1	A	794	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.34	123.47	120.30	10	2
1	A	760	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.26	123.43	120.30	9	3
1	A	804	LEU	CD1-CG-CD2	6.06	128.68	110.50	16	1
1	A	849	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.00	123.30	120.30	5	5
1	A	850	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.85	123.22	120.30	15	7
1	A	863	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.64	123.12	120.30	11	3
1	A	850	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.51	120.30	7	1
1	A	752	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.57	123.08	120.30	6	2
1	A	803	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.40	123.00	120.30	4	2
1	A	794	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.10	124.62	113.40	11	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	962	916	916	1±1
All	All	19240	18320	18320	18

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:802:ASN:HB2	1:A:804:LEU:HD11	0.71	1.61	16	1
1:A:837:ALA:HB2	1:A:843:ILE:HD12	0.68	1.63	9	13
1:A:804:LEU:HD22	1:A:804:LEU:H	0.65	1.50	16	1
1:A:746:GLU:H	1:A:746:GLU:CD	0.46	2.13	16	1
1:A:802:ASN:HB2	1:A:804:LEU:CD1	0.44	2.39	16	1
1:A:837:ALA:CB	1:A:843:ILE:HD12	0.43	2.43	2	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	122/153 (80%)	116±1 (95±1%)	5±1 (4±1%)	0±1 (0±0%)	56	85
All	All	2440/3060 (80%)	2325 (95%)	109 (4%)	6 (0%)	56	85

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	875	GLY	2
1	A	838	GLY	2
1	A	874	PRO	1
1	A	803	ARG	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	102/128 (80%)	86±1 (85±1%)	16±1 (15±1%)	7 46
All	All	2040/2560 (80%)	1728 (85%)	312 (15%)	7 46

All 32 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	756	ASN	20
1	A	747	GLN	20
1	A	836	LEU	20
1	A	749	ASN	20
1	A	755	PHE	20
1	A	792	PHE	20
1	A	810	GLN	20
1	A	852	LEU	20
1	A	802	ASN	20
1	A	771	PHE	20
1	A	843	ILE	18
1	A	808	THR	15
1	A	812	PHE	14
1	A	830	MET	12
1	A	765	THR	7
1	A	794	ARG	5
1	A	883	SER	5
1	A	803	ARG	5
1	A	863	ARG	5
1	A	880	MET	5
1	A	886	LEU	3
1	A	850	ARG	3
1	A	777	SER	3
1	A	864	MET	2
1	A	748	MET	2
1	A	746	GLU	2
1	A	855	ASP	1
1	A	769	GLU	1
1	A	804	LEU	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	845	MET	1
1	A	849	ARG	1
1	A	763	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 82% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2n8z_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1660
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1660
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	148	-0.15 ± 0.06	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	138	0.15 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	141	0.22 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1226 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1479. 13 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	468/596 (79%)	234/237 (99%)	120/244 (49%)	114/115 (99%)
Sidechain	626/739 (85%)	389/436 (89%)	230/272 (85%)	7/31 (23%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	132/144 (92%)	70/78 (90%)	62/64 (97%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	1226/1479 (83%)	693/751 (92%)	412/580 (71%)	121/148 (82%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 82%, i.e. 1476 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1804. 15 out of 15 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	578/749 (77%)	289/298 (97%)	148/306 (48%)	141/145 (97%)
Sidechain	758/903 (84%)	472/531 (89%)	275/334 (82%)	11/38 (29%)
Aromatic	140/152 (92%)	74/82 (90%)	66/68 (97%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	1476/1804 (82%)	835/911 (92%)	489/708 (69%)	152/185 (82%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

