



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2017 – 01:06 AM EST

PDB ID : 3OEC  
Title : Crystal structure of carveol dehydrogenase from Mycobacterium thermoresistibile  
Authors : Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Disease (SSGCID)  
Deposited on : 2010-08-12  
Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20028442
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20028442

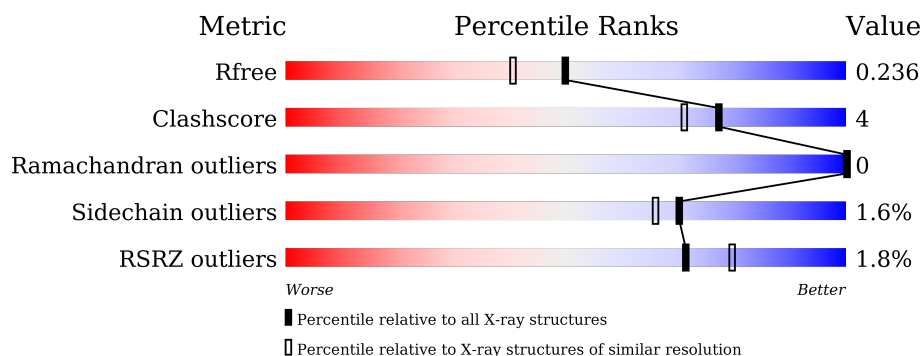
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	1833 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	102246	1953 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1936 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1936 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1835 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	317	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>77%</span> <span>10%</span> <span>•</span> <span>13%</span> </div> </div>
1	B	317	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>4%</span> <span>76%</span> <span>9%</span> <span>15%</span> </div> </div>
1	C	317	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>81%</span> <span>5%</span> <span>14%</span> </div> </div>
1	D	317	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>80%</span> <span>5%</span> <span>•</span> <span>13%</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9051 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Carveol dehydrogenase (MythA.01326.c, A0R518 homolog).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	276	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2070	1289	384	391	6			
1	B	271	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2002	1250	365	381	6			
1	C	274	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			2068	1287	380	395	6			
1	D	275	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			2086	1297	383	400	6			

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

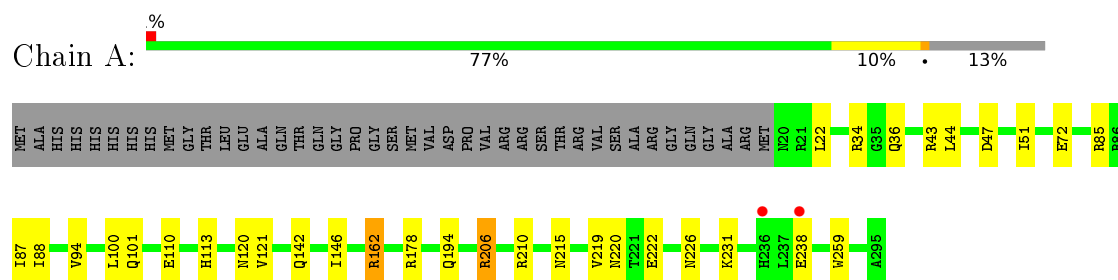
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	209	Total	O	0	0
			209	209		
3	B	166	Total	O	0	0
			166	166		
3	C	232	Total	O	0	0
			232	232		
3	D	214	Total	O	0	0
			214	214		

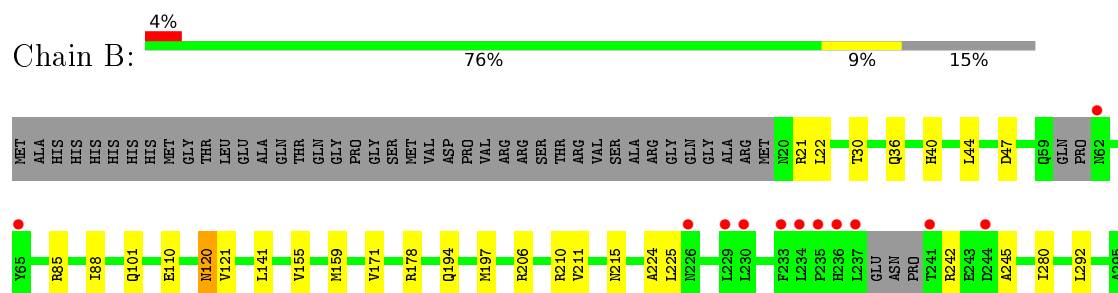
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

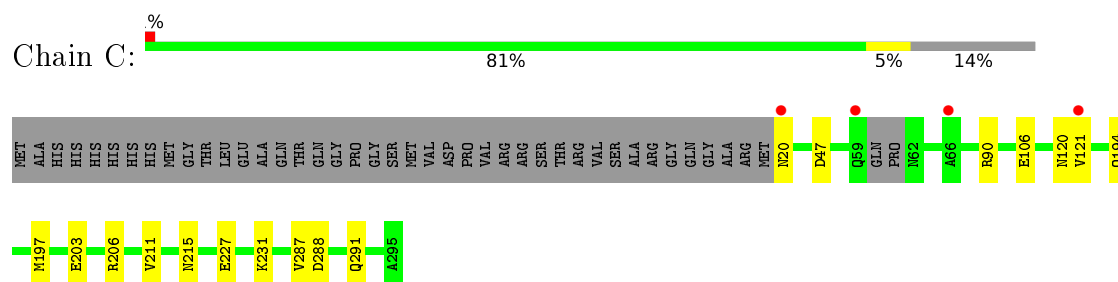
- Molecule 1: Carveol dehydrogenase (MythA.01326.c, A0R518 homolog)



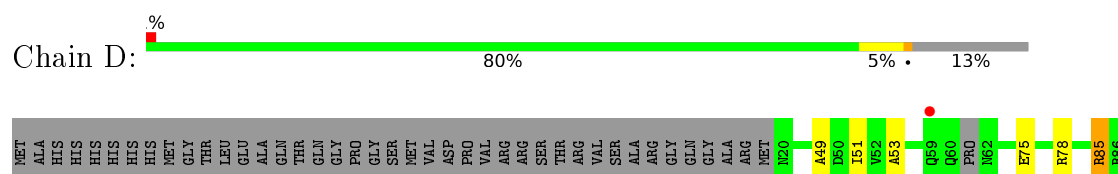
- Molecule 1: Carveol dehydrogenase (MythA.01326.c, A0R518 homolog)

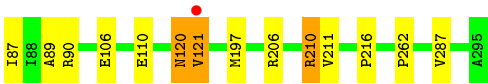


- Molecule 1: Carveol dehydrogenase (MythA.01326.c, A0R518 homolog)



- Molecule 1: Carveol dehydrogenase (MythA.01326.c, A0R518 homolog)





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	67.86Å 120.57Å 134.56Å 90.00° 94.05° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.74 – 1.95 45.74 – 1.95	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (45.74-1.95) 98.8 (45.74-1.95)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.72 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.176 , 0.233 0.180 , 0.236	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3898 reflections (5.29%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.150	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 49.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.44$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	9051	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.09% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.77	0/2110	0.75	1/2871 (0.0%)
1	B	0.74	0/2040	0.74	0/2776
1	C	0.80	0/2112	0.79	0/2871
1	D	0.85	0/2130	0.81	2/2895 (0.1%)
All	All	0.79	0/8392	0.77	3/11413 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1
1	C	0	1
1	D	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	162	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.90	123.25	120.30
1	D	121	VAL	N-CA-C	5.89	126.89	111.00
1	D	210	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.21	117.69	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	120	ASN	Peptide
1	C	120	ASN	Peptide
1	D	120[B]	ASN	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2070	0	2044	22	0
1	B	2002	0	1959	21	0
1	C	2068	0	2044	9	0
1	D	2086	0	2056	13	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	209	0	0	4	1
3	B	166	0	0	2	1
3	C	232	0	0	0	0
3	D	214	0	0	3	0
All	All	9051	0	8103	61	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:231:LYS:NZ	1:A:238:GLU:O	2.03	0.92
1:A:142[B]:GLN:OE1	3:A:840:HOH:O	1.95	0.84
1:C:90:ARG:NH2	1:C:106:GLU:OE2	2.25	0.68
1:A:94:VAL:HG23	1:A:100:LEU:HD11	1.79	0.65
1:B:120:ASN:CG	1:B:121:VAL:H	2.02	0.63
1:B:280:ILE:HD11	1:C:287:VAL:HG22	1.80	0.63
1:A:34:ARG:HD2	1:A:72:GLU:OE1	2.01	0.61
1:B:101:GLN:HG2	3:B:641:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
1:C:194:GLN:NE2	1:C:215:ASN:HD21	2.02	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:90:ARG:NH2	1:D:106:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.57
1:B:22:LEU:CD1	1:B:44:LEU:HD22	2.38	0.54
1:B:280:ILE:CD1	1:C:287:VAL:HG22	2.38	0.54
1:B:224:ALA:C	1:B:225:LEU:HD23	2.29	0.53
1:A:222:GLU:CB	3:A:528:HOH:O	2.56	0.53
1:A:222:GLU:O	1:A:226:ASN:HB3	2.08	0.53
1:A:146:ILE:HD11	1:B:141:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.52
1:D:121:VAL:HG22	3:D:646:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:C:203:GLU:O	1:C:206:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:D:75:GLU:OE1	1:D:78[B]:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.51
1:D:85:ARG:NE	1:D:85:ARG:HA	2.25	0.50
1:A:194:GLN:NE2	1:A:215:ASN:HD21	2.10	0.50
1:A:22:LEU:CD1	1:A:44:LEU:HD23	2.41	0.50
1:B:155:VAL:HG12	1:B:159:MET:HE3	1.94	0.49
1:B:120:ASN:CG	1:B:121:VAL:N	2.66	0.48
1:D:49:ALA:O	1:D:85:ARG:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:A:101:GLN:HG2	3:A:628:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:C:197:MET:HG2	1:C:211:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.47
1:D:216:PRO:HA	1:D:287:VAL:O	2.14	0.47
1:B:36[A]:GLN:HG3	1:B:40:HIS:NE2	2.30	0.46
1:C:288:ASP:O	1:C:291:GLN:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:D:121:VAL:HG23	3:D:365:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:B:36[A]:GLN:HG3	1:B:40:HIS:CE1	2.51	0.46
1:B:85:ARG:NE	1:B:85:ARG:HA	2.31	0.45
1:C:20:ASN:HB3	1:C:47:ASP:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:194:GLN:NE2	1:B:215:ASN:HD21	2.15	0.45
1:C:227:GLU:O	1:C:231:LYS:HG3	2.16	0.44
1:A:36[B]:GLN:HA	1:A:36[B]:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.44
1:A:113:HIS:HB3	1:A:162:ARG:HD3	2.00	0.44
1:B:178:ARG:NH2	1:B:292:LEU:O	2.51	0.43
1:B:120:ASN:HA	1:B:171:VAL:HB	2.01	0.43
1:A:206:ARG:HD2	3:A:682:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:178:ARG:HH11	1:A:178:ARG:HG2	1.84	0.43
1:B:197:MET:HG2	1:B:211:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.43
1:B:88:ILE:HD11	1:B:110:GLU:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:A:22:LEU:CD1	1:A:44:LEU:CD2	2.96	0.42
1:A:219:VAL:HG12	1:A:220:ASN:N	2.34	0.42
1:B:21:ARG:HD2	3:B:590:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:D:120[A]:ASN:CG	1:D:121:VAL:N	2.73	0.42
1:A:120:ASN:CG	1:A:121:VAL:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:85:ARG:NE	1:A:85:ARG:HA	2.35	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:43:ARG:NE	3:D:651:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:B:30:THR:O	1:B:120:ASN:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:D:197:MET:HG2	1:D:211:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:A:146:ILE:HD11	1:B:141:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.41
1:D:51:ILE:O	1:D:87:ILE:HA	2.20	0.41
1:B:242:ARG:O	1:B:245:ALA:HB3	2.22	0.40
1:D:53:ALA:O	1:D:89:ALA:HA	2.21	0.40
1:A:51:ILE:O	1:A:87:ILE:HA	2.22	0.40
1:A:88:ILE:HD11	1:A:110:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:401:HOH:O	3:B:667:HOH:O[2_555]	2.06	0.14

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	276/317 (87%)	268 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	268/317 (84%)	262 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	274/317 (86%)	264 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	276/317 (87%)	267 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1094/1268 (86%)	1061 (97%)	33 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	212/251 (84%)	208 (98%)	4 (2%)	65	58
1	B	202/251 (80%)	199 (98%)	3 (2%)	72	68
1	C	214/251 (85%)	213 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	91
1	D	216/251 (86%)	211 (98%)	5 (2%)	58	50
All	All	844/1004 (84%)	831 (98%)	13 (2%)	70	68

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	47	ASP
1	A	206	ARG
1	A	210	ARG
1	A	259	TRP
1	B	47	ASP
1	B	206	ARG
1	B	210	ARG
1	C	121	VAL
1	D	85	ARG
1	D	110	GLU
1	D	206	ARG
1	D	210	ARG
1	D	262	PRO

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	194	GLN
1	B	135	GLN
1	B	194	GLN
1	C	62	ASN
1	C	135	GLN
1	C	194	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	194	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	276/317 (87%)	-0.16	2 (0%) 89 93	6, 14, 27, 40	0
1	B	271/317 (85%)	0.04	12 (4%) 38 49	5, 15, 37, 49	0
1	C	274/317 (86%)	-0.20	4 (1%) 76 84	5, 11, 24, 32	0
1	D	275/317 (86%)	-0.23	2 (0%) 89 93	4, 10, 23, 36	0
All	All	1096/1268 (86%)	-0.14	20 (1%) 71 80	4, 12, 29, 49	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	235	PRO	5.8
1	B	241	THR	4.1
1	B	233	PHE	3.5
1	B	237	LEU	3.4
1	B	230	LEU	3.4
1	B	65	TYR	3.2
1	C	121	VAL	3.1
1	B	244	ASP	2.9
1	A	236	HIS	2.9
1	B	234	LEU	2.9
1	C	20	ASN	2.7
1	A	238	GLU	2.6
1	B	236	HIS	2.5
1	D	59	GLN	2.5
1	C	66	ALA	2.3
1	C	59	GLN	2.2
1	B	229	LEU	2.1
1	B	62	ASN	2.1
1	D	121	VAL	2.0
1	B	226	ASN	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	NA	A	300	1/1	0.97	0.10	-0.22	18,18,18,18	0
2	NA	B	300	1/1	0.98	0.04	-1.44	20,20,20,20	0
2	NA	D	300	1/1	0.98	0.05	-1.46	17,17,17,17	0
2	NA	C	300	1/1	0.98	0.05	-1.54	22,22,22,22	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.