wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2RV9
Title	:	Solution structure of chitosan-binding module 1 derived from chitosanase/glucanase from Paenibacillus sp. IK-5
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

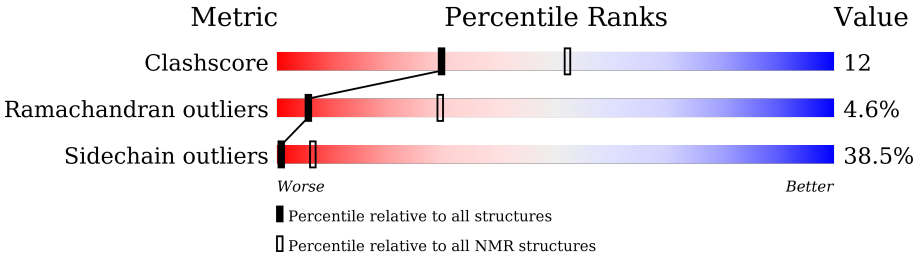
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20028320
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20028320

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 75%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	136	42% 50% . . .

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:2-A:130 (129)	0.47	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	5, 6, 9
2	8, 10
3	1, 7
Single-model clusters	2; 3; 4

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1928 atoms, of which 931 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glucanase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
1	A	130	1928	625	931	168	204	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-5	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7
A	-4	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7
A	-3	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7
A	-2	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7
A	-1	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7
A	0	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q93IE7

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Glucanase

Chain A: 42% 50% • • •

HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS N1 L2 A3 L4 N5 K6 T7 A8 T9 A10 S11 S12 I13 E19 A20 S21 S27 S28 T29 T30 R31 W32 A33 S34 A35 E36 D39 P40 I43 Y44 V45 N46 L47 G48 S49 S50 Q51 N54 R55 V56 K57 L58 N59 S66 T69 V72

S73 N74 D75 S76 G77 T78 P79 T80 N81 W82 T83 T84 V85 Y86 T87 T88 T89 D92 D96 D97 I98 T99 F100 T101 A102 R103 T104 A105 K106 Y107 V108 H111 G112 T113 V114 R115 G116 T117 G120 Y121 S122 L123 F126 E127 G130

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Glucanase

Chain A: 49% 40% 6% • •

HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS N1 L2 A3 L4 N5 K6 T7 A8 T9 A10 S11 S12 I13 A20 D25 T30 R31 S34 A35 E36 G37 V38 D39 P40 I43 Y44 V45 N46 S49 S50 Q51 R55 L58 N59 T69 V72 S73 N74 D75 S76 T80 N81 W82

T83 Y86 T87 T88 T89 T90 G91 D92 G93 G94 I95 D96 D97 I98 T99 F100 T101 A102 R103 T104 V108 T113 V114 R115 G116 T117 G120 Y121 S122 L123 F126 G130

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *na*.

Of the 3000 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2rv9_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1273
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1273
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	75%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	989	925	925	23±5
All	All	9890	9250	9250	232

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

5 of 115 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:10:ALA:HB2	1:A:43:ILE:HD12	0.92	1.35	3	5
1:A:20:ALA:HB2	1:A:43:ILE:HD11	0.90	1.42	1	5
1:A:8:ALA:HB2	1:A:45:VAL:HG12	0.83	1.51	7	7
1:A:8:ALA:HB3	1:A:20:ALA:HB3	0.79	1.53	1	6
1:A:72:VAL:HG12	1:A:108:VAL:HG13	0.76	1.57	4	10

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	128/136 (94%)	105±1 (82±1%)	17±2 (13±1%)	6±1 (5±1%)	5 29
All	All	1280/1360 (94%)	1049 (82%)	172 (13%)	59 (5%)	5 29

5 of 15 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	6	LYS	10
1	A	5	ASN	10
1	A	120	GLY	9
1	A	80	THR	8
1	A	19	GLU	5

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	103/110 (94%)	63±3 (61±3%)	40±3 (39±3%)	1 6
All	All	1030/1100 (94%)	633 (61%)	397 (39%)	1 6

5 of 74 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	49	SER	10
1	A	104	THR	10
1	A	97	ASP	10
1	A	100	PHE	10
1	A	30	THR	10

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 75% for the well-defined parts and 75% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2rv9_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1273
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1273
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	7

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	130	0.79 ± 0.13	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	116	-0.20 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	129	0.77 ± 0.10	Should be applied
^{15}N	126	-0.20 ± 0.56	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 75%, i.e. 1099 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1463. 4 out of 15 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	630/639 (99%)	248/255 (97%)	257/258 (100%)	125/126 (99%)
Sidechain	431/657 (66%)	257/379 (68%)	165/248 (67%)	9/30 (30%)

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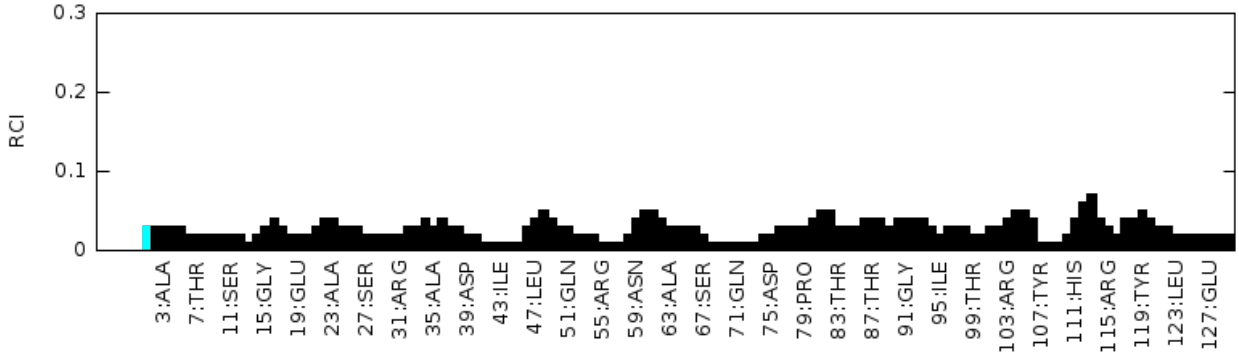
	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	38/167 (23%)	21/86 (24%)	12/75 (16%)	5/6 (83%)
Overall	1099/1463 (75%)	526/720 (73%)	434/581 (75%)	139/162 (86%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	11	SER	HB3	1.21	5.25 – 2.45	-9.4
1	A	79	PRO	HG2	-0.16	3.48 – 0.38	-6.7
1	A	79	PRO	HB2	0.05	3.82 – 0.32	-5.8
1	A	43	ILE	HB	0.19	3.24 – 0.34	-5.5
1	A	9	THR	HB	2.37	5.82 – 2.52	-5.4
1	A	73	SER	HB2	2.53	5.18 – 2.58	-5.2
1	A	73	SER	HB3	2.41	5.25 – 2.45	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: