



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 3, 2016 – 05:28 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5TH2  
Title : Cetuximab Fab in complex with L5Q meditope variant  
Authors : Bzymek, K.P.; Williams, J.C.  
Deposited on : 2016-09-28  
Resolution : 1.84 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20028320  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20028320

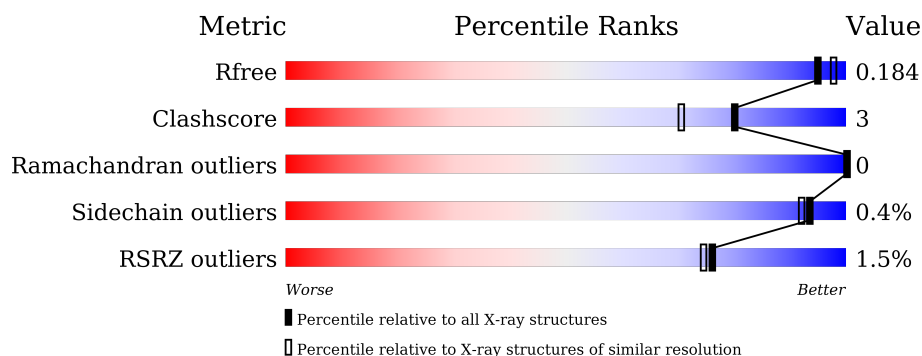
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.84 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	2634 (1.86-1.82)
Clashscore	102246	2862 (1.86-1.82)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	2831 (1.86-1.82)
Sidechain outliers	100360	2832 (1.86-1.82)
RSRZ outliers	91569	2639 (1.86-1.82)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	213	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>91% 9%</div> </div> </div>
1	C	213	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>92% 8%</div> </div> </div>
2	B	221	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>91% 7% •</div> </div> </div>
2	D	221	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>93% 6%</div> </div> </div>
3	E	12	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>100%</div> </div>
3	F	12	<div> <div style="width: 100%;"></div> <div>75% 25%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	PO4	C	301	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7800 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called cetuximab Fab, light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	213	Total	C	N	O	S	0	11	0
			1708	1057	291	355	5			
1	C	213	Total	C	N	O	S	0	8	0
			1676	1045	286	340	5			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called cetuximab Fab, heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			1659	1056	274	323	6			
2	D	220	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			1688	1074	278	330	6			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called L5Q meditope.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	12	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			102	60	21	19	2			
3	F	12	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			102	60	21	19	2			

- Molecule 4 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	C	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	218	Total	O	0	0
			218	218		
5	B	185	Total	O	0	0
			185	185		
5	C	233	Total	O	0	0
			233	233		
5	D	190	Total	O	0	0
			190	190		
5	E	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		
5	F	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: cetuximab Fab, light chain



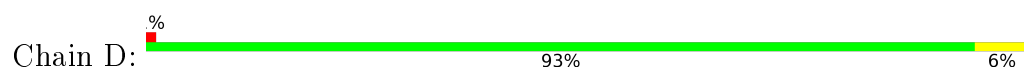
- Molecule 1: cetuximab Fab, light chain



- Molecule 2: cetuximab Fab, heavy chain



- Molecule 2: cetuximab Fab, heavy chain

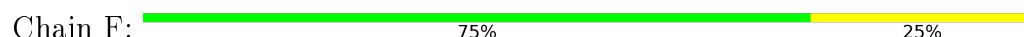


- Molecule 3: L5Q meditope



There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

- Molecule 3: L5Q meditope





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	64.19Å 83.12Å 212.56Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.77 – 1.84 44.77 – 1.84	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.3 (44.77-1.84) 92.3 (44.77-1.84)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.06 (at 1.84Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10_2155: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.161 , 0.184 0.160 , 0.184	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4593 reflections (5.00%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.295	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.40 , 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7800	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.35	0/1751	0.54	0/2377
1	C	0.36	0/1728	0.57	0/2345
2	B	0.36	0/1711	0.59	0/2337
2	D	0.36	0/1747	0.57	0/2385
3	E	0.36	0/102	0.62	0/132
3	F	0.39	0/102	0.69	0/132
All	All	0.36	0/7141	0.57	0/9708

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1708	0	1634	16	0
1	C	1676	0	1633	14	0
2	B	1659	0	1623	8	0
2	D	1688	0	1661	10	0
3	E	102	0	101	0	0
3	F	102	0	101	4	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	5	0	0	0	0
4	C	5	0	0	1	0
5	A	218	0	0	3	0
5	B	185	0	0	1	3
5	C	233	0	0	5	1
5	D	190	0	0	2	3
5	E	12	0	0	0	0
5	F	12	0	0	0	0
All	All	7800	0	6753	47	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (47) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:1:ASP:OD2	5:C:401:HOH:O	1.99	0.79
1:A:45[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:401:HOH:O	2.15	0.74
4:C:301:PO4:O2	5:C:402:HOH:O	2.06	0.72
1:C:161:GLU:HG3	5:C:406:HOH:O	1.93	0.67
1:C:165:GLU:OE1	5:C:403:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
2:D:154:GLU:OE1	3:F:6:SER:OG	2.17	0.63
1:C:123[B]:GLU:HG2	5:D:340:HOH:O	1.99	0.62
1:A:161:GLU:HG3	5:A:407:HOH:O	2.03	0.59
2:B:11:LEU:HD11	2:B:118:SER:HB3	1.85	0.58
2:B:67:LEU:HD11	2:B:80:PHE:CE2	2.40	0.56
1:A:145:LYS:HB3	1:A:197[B]:THR:HG22	1.86	0.56
1:C:10:ILE:HD11	3:F:12:CYS:HB2	1.91	0.52
2:D:129:PRO:HD3	2:D:215:LYS:HE2	1.90	0.52
1:A:145:LYS:HB3	1:A:197[B]:THR:CG2	2.40	0.52
2:D:11:LEU:HD11	2:D:118:SER:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:C:9:VAL:HG23	1:C:10:ILE:HG13	1.90	0.51
1:C:166:GLN:HG3	1:C:173:TYR:CZ	2.47	0.50
5:C:433:HOH:O	2:D:149:LYS:HE2	2.11	0.50
1:A:45[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:406:HOH:O	2.44	0.49
1:C:33[A]:ILE:HG21	1:C:71:PHE:CD1	2.48	0.49
1:A:197[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:204:PRO:HB3	1.94	0.48
2:D:92[A]:ILE:HD12	3:F:3:PHE:HZ	1.79	0.47
1:C:80:SER:HA	1:C:106:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
2:B:7:SER:HB3	5:B:555:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:83:ILE:HD13	1:A:166:GLN:HB3	1.97	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:13[A]:GLN:OE1	2:B:119:ALA:HA	2.14	0.47
1:A:80:SER:HA	1:A:106:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.46
2:B:146[B]:CYS:HB3	2:B:202:CYS:SG	2.56	0.44
1:C:145:LYS:HB2	1:C:197:THR:HB	2.00	0.44
2:D:72:ASP:OD2	2:D:75:LYS:HD3	2.16	0.44
1:A:11:LEU:CD1	1:C:8:PRO:HB3	2.48	0.43
1:A:37:GLN:HB2	1:A:47:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:A:166:GLN:HG3	1:A:173:TYR:CZ	2.53	0.43
2:B:132:PRO:HB3	2:B:143:ALA:O	2.18	0.43
1:C:120:PRO:HD3	1:C:132:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.43
2:D:146[B]:CYS:SG	2:D:202:CYS:SG	3.16	0.43
1:A:2:ILE:HD12	1:A:27:GLN:HG2	2.01	0.43
2:D:123:LYS:NZ	5:D:312:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
1:A:145:LYS:HB3	1:A:197[A]:THR:OG1	2.19	0.42
1:A:123[A]:GLU:O	1:A:126:LYS:HG2	2.18	0.42
1:C:106:LEU:HA	1:C:106:LEU:HD12	1.74	0.42
1:A:19:VAL:HG22	1:A:75:ILE:HB	2.02	0.42
2:B:100:THR:OG1	2:B:103:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:C:116:PHE:HD2	2:D:136:SER:HA	1.86	0.41
2:B:146[B]:CYS:SG	2:B:202:CYS:SG	3.19	0.41
2:D:92[A]:ILE:HD12	3:F:3:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.41
1:A:123[B]:GLU:O	1:A:126:LYS:HG2	2.20	0.41

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:B:548:HOH:O	5:D:431:HOH:O[4_555]	1.78	0.42
5:B:469:HOH:O	5:D:483:HOH:O[3_544]	2.03	0.17
5:C:445:HOH:O	5:C:571:HOH:O[3_444]	2.06	0.14
5:B:548:HOH:O	5:D:414:HOH:O[4_555]	2.18	0.02

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	222/213 (104%)	217 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	219/213 (103%)	213 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	217/221 (98%)	216 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
2	D	224/221 (101%)	223 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
3	E	10/12 (83%)	10 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	F	10/12 (83%)	10 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	902/892 (101%)	889 (99%)	13 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	198/188 (105%)	198 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	194/188 (103%)	194 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	190/191 (100%)	188 (99%)	2 (1%)	80	72
2	D	195/191 (102%)	194 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	89
3	E	12/12 (100%)	12 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	12/12 (100%)	12 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	801/782 (102%)	798 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	92

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	105	GLU
2	B	155	PRO
2	D	105	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	41	ASN
1	C	41	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	PO4	A	301	-	4,4,4	0.68	0	6,6,6	0.24	0
4	PO4	B	301	-	4,4,4	0.66	0	6,6,6	0.24	0
4	PO4	C	301	-	4,4,4	0.75	0	6,6,6	0.23	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	PO4	A	301	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
4	PO4	B	301	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
4	PO4	C	301	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	301	PO4	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	213/213 (100%)	-0.28	2 (0%) 85 85	19, 28, 45, 71	0
1	C	213/213 (100%)	-0.23	4 (1%) 70 67	19, 28, 48, 87	0
2	B	216/221 (97%)	-0.13	4 (1%) 70 67	17, 29, 49, 76	0
2	D	220/221 (99%)	-0.20	3 (1%) 78 76	17, 29, 48, 73	0
3	E	12/12 (100%)	-0.22	0 100 100	25, 33, 51, 65	0
3	F	12/12 (100%)	-0.17	0 100 100	24, 32, 53, 70	0
All	All	886/892 (99%)	-0.21	13 (1%) 76 74	17, 29, 49, 87	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	213	ALA	3.8
1	C	212	GLY	3.6
1	A	212	GLY	3.3
2	B	133	SER	2.8
2	B	104	TYR	2.6
2	B	139	GLY	2.6
1	A	76	ASN	2.5
2	D	74	SER	2.5
2	B	74	SER	2.3
1	C	187	GLU	2.2
1	C	76	ASN	2.0
2	D	220	LYS	2.0
2	D	137	THR	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	PO4	C	301	5/5	0.93	0.13	4.70	20,35,39,39	5
4	PO4	B	301	5/5	0.93	0.14	1.51	40,44,49,49	5
4	PO4	A	301	5/5	0.96	0.10	1.21	31,44,55,55	5

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.