



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 01:19 PM GMT

PDB ID : 3TNI  
Title : structure of CDK9/cyclin T F241L  
Authors : Baumli, S.; Hole, A.J.; Endicott, J.A.  
Deposited on : 2011-09-01  
Resolution : 3.23 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

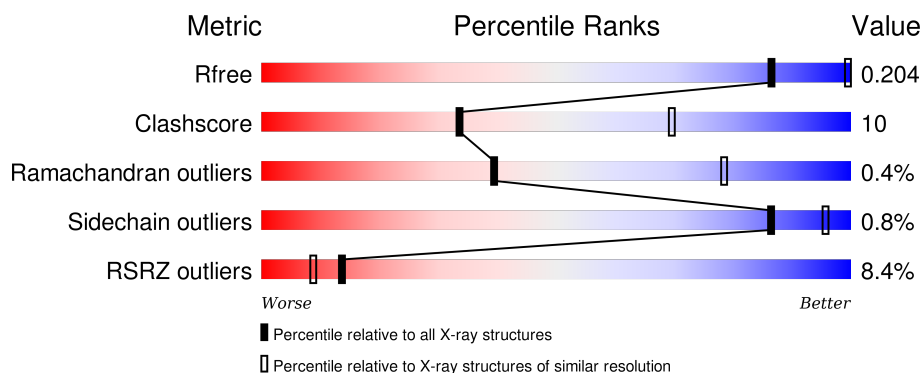
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.23 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	1092 (3.28-3.20)
Clashscore	102246	1227 (3.28-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1204 (3.28-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1203 (3.28-3.20)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1097 (3.28-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	331	
2	B	259	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4489 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinase 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	298	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2425	1556	417	437	1	14			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P50750
A	1	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P50750

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cyclin-T1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	252	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2064	1320	358	377	9			

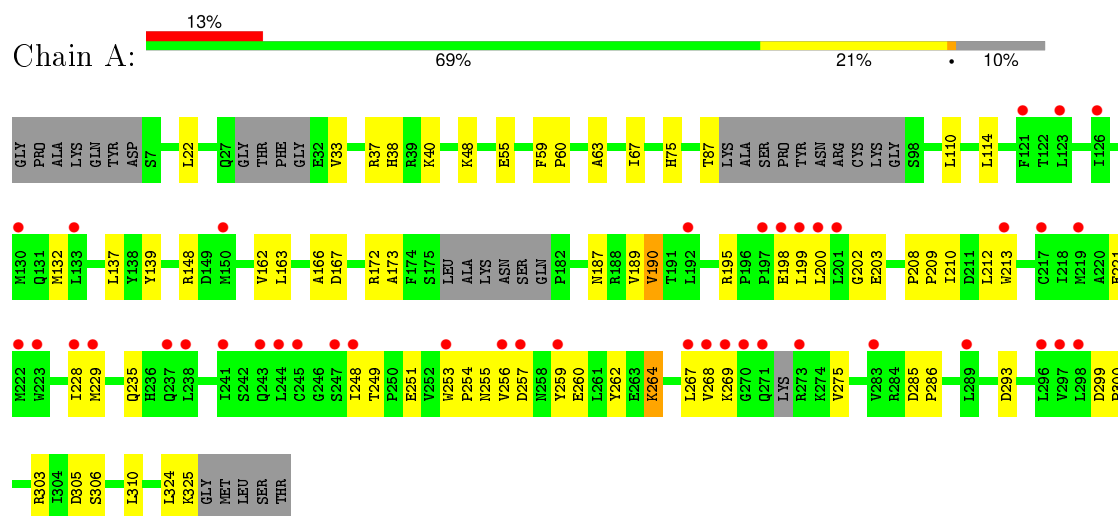
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	241	LEU	PHE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP O60563

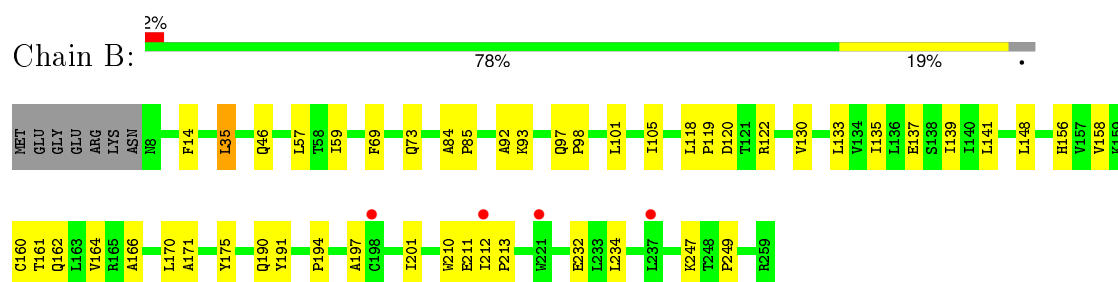
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Cyclin-dependent kinase 9



#### • Molecule 2: Cyclin-T1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	173.61Å 173.61Å 97.47Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.09 – 3.23 49.09 – 3.23	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (49.09-3.23) 98.8 (49.09-3.23)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.25 (at 3.25Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.1_743)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.163 , 0.210 0.164 , 0.204	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	867 reflections (5.28%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	108.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.282	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 77.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 17295 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4489	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	123.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.53% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.43	0/2460	0.65	0/3317
2	B	0.46	0/2117	0.68	0/2884
All	All	0.44	0/4577	0.67	0/6201

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2425	0	2469	53	0
2	B	2064	0	2047	39	0
All	All	4489	0	4516	92	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (92) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:268:VAL:HG22	1:A:269:LYS:N	1.95	0.82
1:A:195:ARG:HD2	1:A:200:LEU:HG	1.65	0.77
1:A:187:ASN:HD21	1:A:202:GLY:HA2	1.50	0.77
1:A:260:GLU:O	1:A:264:LYS:HG3	1.88	0.73
2:B:118:LEU:HD12	2:B:119:PRO:HD2	1.69	0.73
1:A:268:VAL:HG22	1:A:269:LYS:H	1.53	0.73
1:A:268:VAL:CG2	1:A:269:LYS:H	2.01	0.72
2:B:160:CYS:O	2:B:164:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.72
1:A:198:GLU:OE2	1:A:303:ARG:NH2	2.21	0.72
2:B:171:ALA:O	2:B:175:TYR:CD2	2.45	0.70
1:A:268:VAL:CG2	1:A:269:LYS:N	2.55	0.69
1:A:249:THR:HG22	1:A:251:GLU:H	1.56	0.69
1:A:248:ILE:CG2	1:A:256:VAL:HG21	2.24	0.68
1:A:33:VAL:HG13	1:A:48:LYS:HG2	1.80	0.63
2:B:84:ALA:HB3	2:B:85:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.62
2:B:211:GLU:N	2:B:211:GLU:OE1	2.36	0.59
1:A:38:HIS:CE1	1:A:40:LYS:HB2	2.38	0.57
1:A:187:ASN:ND2	1:A:202:GLY:HA2	2.20	0.56
2:B:160:CYS:SG	2:B:201:ILE:HD13	2.45	0.56
1:A:324:LEU:C	1:A:325:LYS:HG3	2.26	0.56
1:A:262:TYR:CE1	1:A:267:LEU:HD22	2.41	0.56
2:B:105:ILE:HD11	2:B:130:VAL:HA	1.88	0.55
2:B:197:ALA:O	2:B:201:ILE:HD12	2.06	0.55
2:B:156:HIS:CE1	2:B:194:PRO:HG3	2.41	0.55
2:B:161:THR:HG22	2:B:201:ILE:HG12	1.88	0.54
2:B:166:ALA:HB1	2:B:170:LEU:HB3	1.89	0.54
1:A:189:VAL:HG23	1:A:199:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.54
1:A:254:PRO:O	1:A:255:ASN:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:A:257:ASP:HA	1:A:262:TYR:CD2	2.44	0.53
1:A:172:ARG:HG2	1:A:173:ALA:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:132:MET:HE2	1:A:163:LEU:H	1.74	0.52
1:A:228:ILE:HD12	1:A:229:MET:HG3	1.92	0.52
1:A:187:ASN:HD21	1:A:202:GLY:CA	2.22	0.51
1:A:55:GLU:OE1	1:A:55:GLU:HA	2.11	0.51
1:A:324:LEU:O	1:A:325:LYS:HG3	2.11	0.50
2:B:93:LYS:NZ	2:B:137:GLU:OE2	2.40	0.50
1:A:256:VAL:O	1:A:259:TYR:HD2	1.94	0.50
1:A:189:VAL:O	1:A:195:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.49
2:B:158:VAL:O	2:B:162:GLN:HB3	2.13	0.49
1:A:275:VAL:HG11	1:A:293:ASP:HA	1.94	0.48
1:A:212:LEU:HD13	1:A:305:ASP:HA	1.95	0.48
2:B:210:TRP:HD1	2:B:211:GLU:N	2.12	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:57:LEU:HD12	2:B:57:LEU:O	2.14	0.48
2:B:190:GLN:HB2	2:B:191:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.48
2:B:120:ASP:C	2:B:122:ARG:H	2.16	0.47
1:A:63:ALA:O	1:A:67:ILE:HG13	2.14	0.47
2:B:14:PHE:N	2:B:14:PHE:CD2	2.82	0.47
2:B:158:VAL:HG23	2:B:175:TYR:HE1	1.80	0.47
1:A:22:LEU:HD11	1:A:37:ARG:HB2	1.96	0.47
2:B:101:LEU:HD11	2:B:133:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46
2:B:105:ILE:HD12	2:B:130:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
2:B:211:GLU:O	2:B:211:GLU:HG2	2.15	0.46
1:A:213:TRP:HB2	1:A:303:ARG:NH1	2.31	0.46
2:B:118:LEU:HD12	2:B:119:PRO:CD	2.43	0.45
1:A:114:LEU:HD13	1:A:221:GLU:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:A:110:LEU:HD12	1:A:110:LEU:HA	1.73	0.45
2:B:69:PHE:CZ	2:B:73:GLN:HG3	2.52	0.45
2:B:46:GLN:HA	2:B:59:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.45
1:A:75:HIS:CD2	1:A:139:TYR:CG	3.05	0.44
1:A:59:PHE:HA	1:A:60:PRO:HD3	1.76	0.44
1:A:189:VAL:O	1:A:190:VAL:HB	2.18	0.44
1:A:208:PRO:N	1:A:209:PRO:CD	2.81	0.44
1:A:195:ARG:HH11	1:A:195:ARG:HG3	1.83	0.44
1:A:148:ARG:HG2	1:A:210:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.44
2:B:158:VAL:HG23	2:B:175:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.44
2:B:190:GLN:HB2	2:B:191:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.44
2:B:92:ALA:HB1	2:B:97:GLN:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:38:HIS:HE1	1:A:40:LYS:HB2	1.82	0.43
2:B:118:LEU:CD1	2:B:119:PRO:HD2	2.44	0.43
2:B:97:GLN:N	2:B:98:PRO:HD3	2.33	0.43
1:A:203:GLU:HB2	1:A:259:TYR:HE1	1.84	0.43
2:B:234:LEU:HD23	2:B:234:LEU:HA	1.76	0.43
1:A:212:LEU:CD1	1:A:305:ASP:HA	2.49	0.42
1:A:195:ARG:HD2	1:A:200:LEU:CG	2.45	0.42
1:A:253:TRP:CD1	1:A:253:TRP:C	2.92	0.42
2:B:35:LEU:HD12	2:B:35:LEU:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:212:ILE:HA	2:B:213:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.42
1:A:285:ASP:HA	1:A:286:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.42
1:A:299:ASP:HA	1:A:300:PRO:HD2	1.80	0.41
1:A:310:LEU:HA	1:A:310:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.41
2:B:105:ILE:CD1	2:B:130:VAL:HA	2.49	0.41
1:A:75:HIS:HD2	1:A:139:TYR:CD1	2.38	0.41
1:A:166:ALA:O	1:A:167:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:137:LEU:HA	1:A:137:LEU:HD23	1.86	0.41
2:B:158:VAL:HG22	2:B:175:TYR:OH	2.21	0.41
2:B:135:ILE:O	2:B:139:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.41
2:B:247:LYS:O	2:B:249:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.41
2:B:232:GLU:CD	2:B:232:GLU:H	2.24	0.41
1:A:148:ARG:NH2	1:A:172:ARG:HB2	2.35	0.41
1:A:132:MET:HE1	1:A:162:VAL:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:114:LEU:CD1	1:A:221:GLU:HG2	2.50	0.40
2:B:141:LEU:HD23	2:B:148:LEU:HD21	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	287/331 (87%)	266 (93%)	19 (7%)	2 (1%)	26	70
2	B	250/259 (96%)	246 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	537/590 (91%)	512 (95%)	23 (4%)	2 (0%)	39	78

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	190	VAL
1	A	264	LYS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	266/291 (91%)	263 (99%)	3 (1%)	80	93
2	B	231/237 (98%)	230 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
All	All	497/528 (94%)	493 (99%)	4 (1%)	86	96

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	THR
1	A	235	GLN
1	A	306	SER
2	B	35	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	187	ASN
2	B	156	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	TPO	A	186	1	8,10,11	1.17	0	7,14,16	1.19	1 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	A	186	1	-	0/8/11/13	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	186	TPO	O-C-CA	-2.04	120.05	125.44

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	297/331 (89%)	0.62	42 (14%) <b>4</b> <b>3</b>	76, 130, 202, 273	0
2	B	252/259 (97%)	0.28	4 (1%) 74 64	68, 98, 171, 215	0
All	All	549/590 (93%)	0.46	46 (8%) <b>14</b> <b>9</b>	68, 115, 196, 273	0

All (46) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	298	LEU	4.8
1	A	273	ARG	4.5
1	A	126	ILE	4.2
1	A	121	PHE	4.2
1	A	248	ILE	4.1
1	A	271	GLN	4.1
1	A	241	ILE	3.8
1	A	222	MET	3.6
1	A	200	LEU	3.6
1	A	269	LYS	3.6
1	A	245	CYS	3.4
1	A	268	VAL	3.4
1	A	247	SER	3.4
1	A	223	TRP	3.3
1	A	267	LEU	3.3
1	A	130	MET	3.2
1	A	297	VAL	3.1
1	A	213	TRP	3.1
1	A	201	LEU	3.0
1	A	197	PRO	3.0
2	B	221	TRP	2.9
1	A	217	CYS	2.8
1	A	270	GLY	2.7
1	A	199	LEU	2.7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	238	LEU	2.7
1	A	296	LEU	2.7
1	A	259	TYR	2.6
1	A	229	MET	2.6
1	A	133	LEU	2.6
1	A	243	GLN	2.6
1	A	150	MET	2.5
1	A	192	LEU	2.5
1	A	237	GLN	2.4
1	A	283	VAL	2.4
1	A	244	LEU	2.4
1	A	123	LEU	2.2
1	A	253	TRP	2.2
2	B	237	LEU	2.2
2	B	198	CYS	2.2
2	B	212	ILE	2.2
1	A	289	LEU	2.1
1	A	198	GLU	2.1
1	A	257	ASP	2.1
1	A	219	MET	2.1
1	A	256	VAL	2.0
1	A	228	ILE	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	TPO	A	186	11/12	0.88	0.20	-	90,121,152,158	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.