Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 31, 2016 – 10:53 PM GMT

PDB ID	:	1VKH
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF A PUTATIVE SERINE HYDROLASE (YDR428C) FROM SACCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE AT 1.85 A RESOLUTION
Authors	:	Joint Center for Structural Genomics (JCSG)
Deposited on	:	2004-05-20
Resolution	:	1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

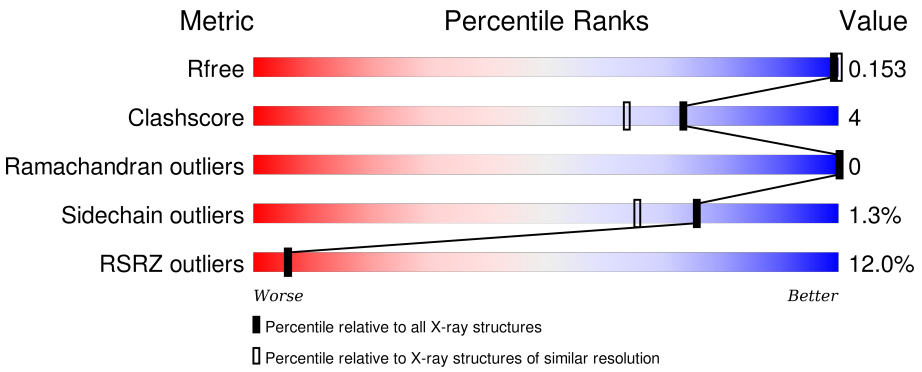
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20026688
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	trunk26865

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1745 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	102246	1898 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1875 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1875 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1747 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	273	15% 86% 8% • •
1	B	273	7% 83% 8% • 8%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	A	456	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4659 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called putative serine hydrolase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S	Se			
1	A	261	2120	1355	345	404	7	9	0	7	0
1	B	252	2067	1324	334	393	7	9	0	10	0

There are 42 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-11	MET	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-10	GLY	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-9	SER	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-8	ASP	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-7	LYS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-6	ILE	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-5	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-4	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-3	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-2	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	-1	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	0	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
A	1	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	60	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	106	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	130	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	137	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	161	ILE	VAL	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q04066
A	180	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	189	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
A	203	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	-11	MET	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-10	GLY	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-9	SER	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-8	ASP	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066

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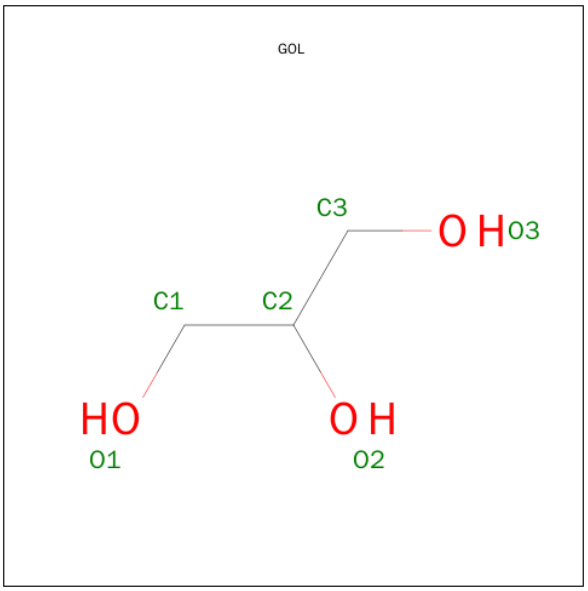
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-7	LYS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-6	ILE	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-5	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-4	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-3	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-2	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	-1	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	0	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	UNP Q04066
B	1	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	60	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	106	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	130	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	137	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	161	ILE	VAL	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q04066
B	180	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	189	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066
B	203	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP Q04066

- Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Cl		
2	B	1	2	2	0	1

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
3	A	1	6	3	3	0	0
			Total	C	O		
3	A	1	6	3	3	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

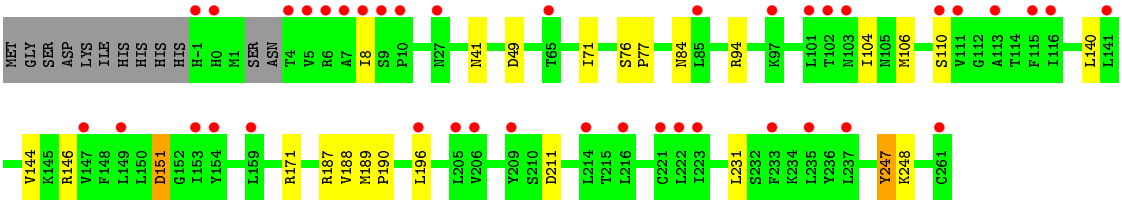
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	A	232	233	233	0	1
			Total	O		
4	B	222	225	225	0	3

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

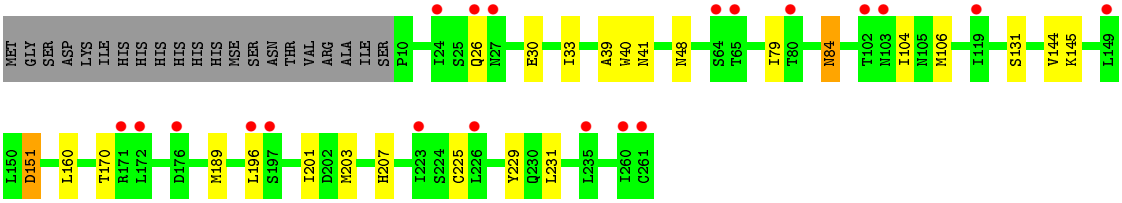
- Molecule 1: putative serine hydrolase

Chain A:



- Molecule 1: putative serine hydrolase

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	41.97Å 85.96Å 70.48Å 90.00° 97.71° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.44 – 1.85 37.44 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (37.44-1.85) 99.7 (37.44-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.03 (at 1.85Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.9999	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.143 , 0.189 0.154 , 0.153	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2134 reflections (5.32%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	17.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.578	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 42.5	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	1 of 42211 reflections (0.002%)	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4659	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.35% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.93	2/2183 (0.1%)	0.93	9/2944 (0.3%)
1	B	0.87	0/2142	0.91	1/2890 (0.0%)
All	All	0.90	2/4325 (0.0%)	0.92	10/5834 (0.2%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	188	VAL	CB-CG2	5.13	1.63	1.52
1	A	247	TYR	CE2-CZ	-5.09	1.31	1.38

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	171	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.38	123.49	120.30
1	B	151	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.32	123.99	118.30
1	A	41[A]	ASN	N-CA-CB	-5.56	100.59	110.60
1	A	41[B]	ASN	N-CA-CB	-5.56	100.59	110.60
1	A	151	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.48	123.23	118.30
1	A	187	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.46	123.03	120.30
1	A	211	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.44	123.19	118.30
1	A	49	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.43	123.18	118.30
1	A	146	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.42	123.01	120.30
1	A	171	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.04	117.78	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2120	0	2094	12	0
1	B	2067	0	2048	22	0
2	B	2	0	0	1	0
3	A	12	0	16	0	0
4	A	233	0	0	1	0
4	B	225	0	0	1	0
All	All	4659	0	4158	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (34) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:106[B]:MSE:HE2	1:A:144:VAL:HG21	1.53	0.90
1:B:106[B]:MSE:HE2	1:B:144[B]:VAL:HG21	1.60	0.83
1:B:33:ILE:HB	1:B:106[A]:MSE:HE1	1.71	0.73
1:B:196:LEU:HD21	1:B:203[B]:MSE:SE	2.43	0.69
1:B:30:GLU:OE2	1:B:145[A]:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.62
1:A:94:ARG:NH1	4:A:666:HOH:O	2.32	0.61
1:B:33:ILE:HB	1:B:106[A]:MSE:CE	2.31	0.60
1:A:8:ILE:CD1	1:A:94:ARG:NH1	2.64	0.60
1:B:196:LEU:HD22	1:B:231:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.56
1:A:106[B]:MSE:HE2	1:A:144:VAL:CG2	2.31	0.55
1:A:140:LEU:O	1:A:144:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.55
1:A:104:ILE:HD12	1:A:106[A]:MSE:SE	2.57	0.54
1:A:247:TYR:CE1	1:A:248[A]:LYS:HE3	2.43	0.53
1:B:33:ILE:HD12	1:B:106[A]:MSE:HE1	1.92	0.51
1:B:229:TYR:HB2	1:B:231:LEU:CD1	2.39	0.51
1:A:196:LEU:HD22	1:A:231:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
1:B:104:ILE:CG1	1:B:106[A]:MSE:HE3	2.43	0.48
1:B:104:ILE:HD12	1:B:106[A]:MSE:CE	2.44	0.48
1:B:79:ILE:HD11	1:B:84:ASN:HA	1.96	0.47
1:B:131:SER:HB2	2:B:455[B]:CL:CL	2.51	0.47
1:B:189:MSE:HE3	1:B:225[B]:CYS:HB3	1.96	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:151:ASP:HA	1:B:207:HIS:ND1	2.30	0.46
1:B:144[A]:VAL:HG13	1:B:201:ILE:HG12	1.99	0.44
1:B:160:LEU:HD21	1:B:170:THR:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:B:229:TYR:HB2	1:B:231:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:B:48:ASN:ND2	4:B:594:HOH:O	2.47	0.43
1:B:106[B]:MSE:HE2	1:B:144[B]:VAL:CG2	2.37	0.43
1:A:71:ILE:HD12	1:A:71:ILE:C	2.39	0.42
1:B:229:TYR:CB	1:B:231:LEU:HD12	2.50	0.41
1:A:76[A]:SER:HB3	1:A:77:PRO:HA	2.01	0.41
1:B:39:ALA:O	1:B:40:TRP:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:189:MSE:N	1:A:190:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
1:A:8:ILE:HD12	1:A:94:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	264/273 (97%)	258 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	260/273 (95%)	256 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	524/546 (96%)	514 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	243/242 (100%)	240 (99%)	3 (1%)	78	69
1	B	239/242 (99%)	236 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	65
All	All	482/484 (100%)	476 (99%)	6 (1%)	76	69

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	84	ASN
1	A	110	SER
1	A	151	ASP
1	B	26	GLN
1	B	41	ASN
1	B	84	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected

value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	GOL	A	456	-	5,5,5	0.55	0	5,5,5	0.46	0
3	GOL	A	457	-	5,5,5	0.54	0	5,5,5	0.55	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	456	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
3	GOL	A	457	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	253/273 (92%)	1.06	40 (15%)	3	3	24, 29, 40, 61	0
1	B	245/273 (89%)	0.92	20 (8%)	14	14	23, 30, 38, 50	0
All	All	498/546 (91%)	0.99	60 (12%)	6	6	23, 29, 40, 61	0

All (60) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	261	CYS	6.9
1	A	4	THR	6.2
1	B	261	CYS	5.2
1	A	6	ARG	5.1
1	B	102	THR	5.0
1	A	0	HIS	4.8
1	A	5	VAL	4.7
1	A	8	ILE	3.9
1	A	102	THR	3.7
1	A	9	SER	3.7
1	B	26	GLN	3.6
1	A	10	PRO	3.6
1	B	103	ASN	3.6
1	A	214	LEU	3.3
1	A	27	ASN	3.3
1	A	237	LEU	3.2
1	B	27	ASN	3.1
1	A	7	ALA	3.0
1	B	260	ILE	3.0
1	A	216	LEU	3.0
1	A	235	LEU	2.9
1	B	235	LEU	2.8
1	A	-1	HIS	2.7
1	B	226	LEU	2.7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	206	VAL	2.7
1	B	197	SER	2.6
1	B	24	ILE	2.6
1	A	97	LYS	2.5
1	A	209	TYR	2.5
1	B	172	LEU	2.5
1	A	205	LEU	2.5
1	A	116	ILE	2.4
1	A	103	ASN	2.4
1	A	221[A]	CYS	2.4
1	A	149	LEU	2.4
1	A	85	LEU	2.4
1	B	64	SER	2.4
1	B	223	ILE	2.3
1	A	159	LEU	2.3
1	B	196	LEU	2.3
1	B	80	THR	2.3
1	B	65	THR	2.3
1	B	119	ILE	2.3
1	A	153	ILE	2.2
1	B	149	LEU	2.2
1	A	223	ILE	2.2
1	A	222	LEU	2.2
1	A	65	THR	2.2
1	A	147	VAL	2.2
1	A	113	ALA	2.1
1	A	115	PHE	2.1
1	A	196	LEU	2.1
1	A	141	LEU	2.1
1	A	233	PHE	2.1
1	A	110	SER	2.0
1	B	176	ASP	2.0
1	A	101	LEU	2.0
1	A	154	TYR	2.0
1	A	111	VAL	2.0
1	B	171	ARG	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	456	6/6	0.68	0.34	2.98	61,62,63,64	0
2	CL	B	455[B]	1/1	0.99	0.15	-0.63	21,21,21,21	1
2	CL	B	455[A]	1/1	0.99	0.15	-0.67	19,19,19,19	1
3	GOL	A	457	6/6	0.82	0.25	-	34,39,41,42	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.