wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1WUG
Title	:	complex structure of PCAF bromodomain with small chemical ligand NP1
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Deposited on	:	2004-12-07

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

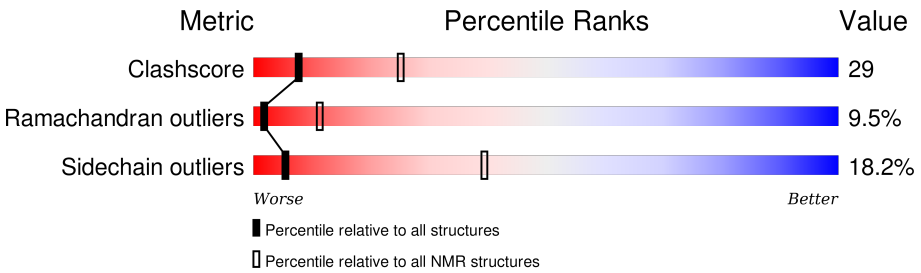
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 74%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	118	46% 44% 8% •

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2004 atoms, of which 1002 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

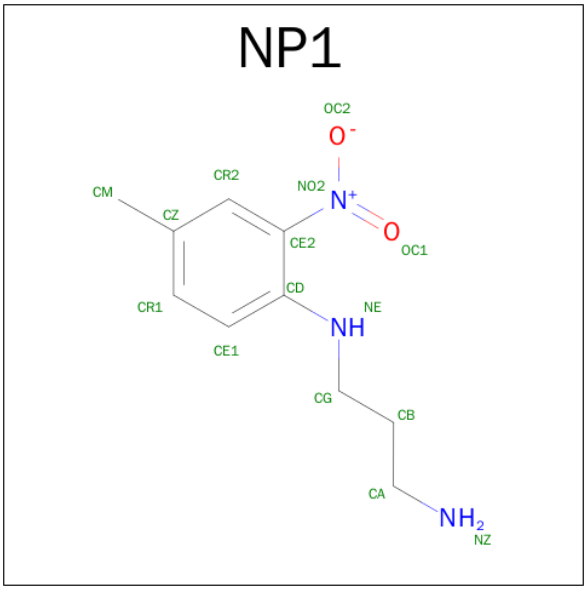
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone acetyltransferase PCAF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	118	1974	636	987	164	180	7	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	715	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92831
A	716	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92831
A	717	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92831
A	718	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92831
A	804	PRO	ALA	CONFLICT	UNP Q92831
A	805	PRO	ALA	CONFLICT	UNP Q92831

- Molecule 2 is N-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-4-METHYL-2-NITROBENZENAMINE (three-letter code: NP1) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_3O_2$).



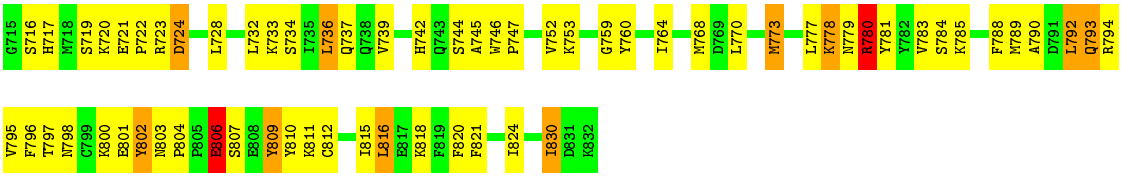
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				
			Total	C	H	N	O
2	A	1	30	10	15	3	2

4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Histone acetyltransferase PCAF

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *DISTANCE GEOMETRY, SIMULATED ANNEALING*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.851

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6508
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1280
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1273
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	7
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	74%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NP1

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	987	987	984	58
2	A	15	15	15	6
All	All	1002	1002	999	59

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

5 of 59 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:739:VAL:HG13	1:A:816:LEU:HD21	0.90	1.43
1:A:744:SER:O	1:A:816:LEU:HD12	0.80	1.77
1:A:739:VAL:HG13	1:A:816:LEU:CD2	0.79	2.06
1:A:764:ILE:HD11	1:A:801:GLU:HB3	0.69	1.63
1:A:736:LEU:HD13	1:A:736:LEU:O	0.67	1.89

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	116/118 (98%)	92 (79%)	13 (11%)	11 (9%)	2 11
All	All	116/118 (98%)	92 (79%)	13 (11%)	11 (9%)	2 11

5 of 11 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	811	LYS
1	A	720	LYS
1	A	780	ARG
1	A	723	ARG
1	A	785	LYS

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	110/110 (100%)	90 (82%)	20 (18%)	5 39
All	All	110/110 (100%)	90 (82%)	20 (18%)	5 39

5 of 20 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	802	TYR
1	A	734	SER
1	A	777	LEU
1	A	736	LEU
1	A	809	TYR

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NP1	A	201	-	13,15,15	3.02	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	NP1	A	201	-	14,19,19	1.17	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means

no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NP1	A	201	-	-	0,8,9,9	0,1,1,1

All bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	201	NP1	OC1-NO2	9.98	1.42	1.22

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 74% for the well-defined parts and 74% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6508

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_ chem_ shift_ list_ 1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1273
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1273
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	7

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	113	-0.47 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	111	0.28 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	102	0.86 ± 0.31	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 74%, i.e. 1157 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1569. 14 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	430/574 (75%)	215/228 (94%)	113/236 (48%)	102/110 (93%)
Sidechain	646/842 (77%)	389/505 (77%)	252/296 (85%)	5/41 (12%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	81/153 (53%)	46/81 (57%)	35/69 (51%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	1157/1569 (74%)	650/814 (80%)	400/601 (67%)	107/154 (69%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

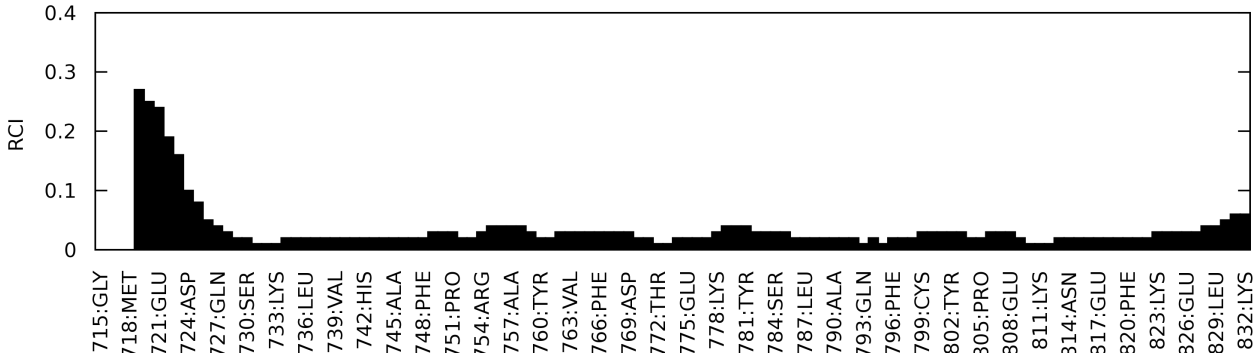
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	744	SER	H	0.08	11.23 – 5.33	-13.9
1	A	747	PRO	HG3	-0.71	3.56 – 0.26	-7.9
1	A	760	TYR	HD1	4.92	8.44 – 5.44	-6.8
1	A	747	PRO	HB3	-0.09	3.81 – 0.21	-5.8
1	A	805	PRO	HA	2.50	6.05 – 2.75	-5.8
1	A	747	PRO	HG2	0.28	3.48 – 0.38	-5.3
1	A	747	PRO	HD3	1.63	5.52 – 1.72	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: BMRB entry 6508

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	7
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	0
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	7
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Chain not found in structure. First 5 (of 7) occurences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
UNMAPPED	1	NP1	HB2	2.083	-1.0	1
UNMAPPED	1	NP1	HA2	3.123	-1.0	1
UNMAPPED	1	NP1	HG2	3.577	-1.0	1
UNMAPPED	1	NP1	HA1	3.123	-1.0	1
UNMAPPED	1	NP1	HG1	3.577	-1.0	1

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 0%, i.e. 0 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1569. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	0/574 (0%)	0/228 (0%)	0/236 (0%)	0/110 (0%)
Sidechain	0/842 (0%)	0/505 (0%)	0/296 (0%)	0/41 (0%)
Aromatic	0/153 (0%)	0/81 (0%)	0/69 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	0/1569 (0%)	0/814 (0%)	0/601 (0%)	0/154 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned_chem_shift_list_2). RCI is only applicable to proteins.