wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1X4U
Title	:	Solution structure of the FYVE domain from human FYVE domain containing 27 isoform b protein
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

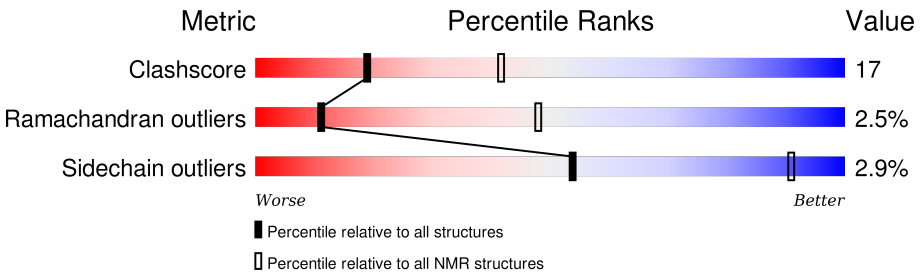
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 91%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	84	36% 14% 50%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:16-A:23, A:30-A:51, A:65-A:76 (42)	0.16	9

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 6, 7, 9, 12, 15
2	1, 4, 8, 11, 19, 20
3	2, 10, 14, 16, 17, 18
4	5, 13

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1162 atoms, of which 564 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Zinc finger, FYVE domain containing 27 isoform b.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	84	1160	353	564	112	121	10	0

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	2	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	3	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	4	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	5	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	6	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	7	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	79	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	80	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	81	PRO	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	82	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	83	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4
A	84	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q5T4F4

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	2	2	2

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Zinc finger, FYVE domain containing 27 isoform b

Chain A: 36% 14% 50%

G1 S2 S3 G4 S5 S6 G7 R8 Y9 P10 T11 N12 N13 F14 G15 N16 C17 T18 F24 S25 V26 L27 K28 K29 R30 C36 G37 N38 S39 F40 K51 S52 S53 M54 G55 A56 T57 A58 P59 E60 A61 Q62 R63 E64 C69 A70 S71 C72 N73 Q74 T75 L76 S77 K78 S79 G80

P81 S82 S83 G84

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 9. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Zinc finger, FYVE domain containing 27 isoform b

Chain A: 35% 15% 50%

G1 S2 S3 G4 S5 S6 G7 R8 Y9 P10 T11 N12 N13 F14 G15 T18 G19 F24 S25 V26 L27 K28 K29 R30 C36 G37 N38 S39 F40 V49 P50 K51 S52 S53 M54 G55 A56 T57 A58 P59 E60 A61 Q62 R63 E64 C69 C72 N73 Q74 T75 L76 S77 K78 S79

G80 P81 S82 S83 G84

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, restrainted molecular dynamics.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function, structures with the lowest energy, structures with the least restraint violations.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.0.17
CYANA	refinement	2.0.17

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 11131
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	854
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	854
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	91%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	303	285	285	10±3
All	All	6100	5700	5700	198

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

5 of 42 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:18:THR:O	1:A:18:THR:HG22	0.65	1.92	6	6
1:A:18:THR:HG22	1:A:18:THR:O	0.64	1.91	1	5
1:A:48:LYS:CG	1:A:67:PHE:CE1	0.64	2.80	7	3
1:A:40:PHE:CZ	1:A:69:CYS:SG	0.61	2.94	7	20
1:A:70:ALA:HB1	1:A:74:GLN:HE22	0.60	1.56	4	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	42/84 (50%)	33±1 (80±3%)	8±1 (18±3%)	1±1 (2±2%)	11 48
All	All	840/1680 (50%)	669 (80%)	150 (18%)	21 (2%)	11 48

5 of 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	19	GLY	8
1	A	30	ARG	6
1	A	17	CYS	3
1	A	23	THR	2
1	A	73	ASN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	38/70 (54%)	37±1 (97±2%)	1±1 (3±2%)	54 91
All	All	760/1400 (54%)	738 (97%)	22 (3%)	54 91

5 of 7 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	16	ASN	12
1	A	51	LYS	4
1	A	43	ARG	2
1	A	46	SER	1
1	A	30	ARG	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 91% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 11131

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_ chem_ shift_ list_ 1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	854
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	854
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	78	2.15 ± 0.35	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	71	2.36 ± 0.17	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	76	2.31 ± 0.17	Should be applied
^{15}N	68	0.12 ± 0.55	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 91%, i.e. 422 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 466. 0 out of 4 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	208/208 (100%)	83/83 (100%)	84/84 (100%)	41/41 (100%)
Sidechain	189/231 (82%)	120/139 (86%)	64/76 (84%)	5/16 (31%)

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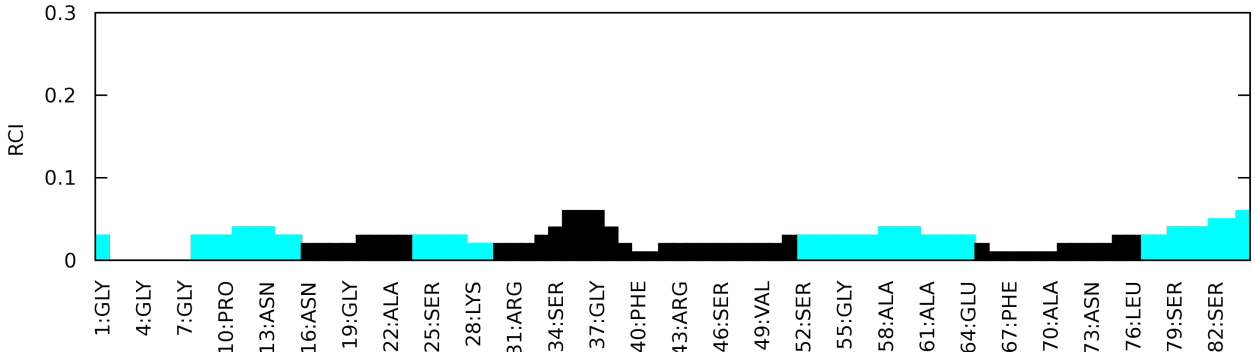
	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	25/27 (93%)	15/15 (100%)	10/12 (83%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	422/466 (91%)	218/237 (92%)	158/172 (92%)	46/57 (81%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: